

Chapter 815

1985 REPLACEMENT PART

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GENERAL PROVISIONS

815.005 Consistent parts and equipment authorized. Nothing in the vehicle code shall be construed to prohibit the use of additional parts and accessories on any vehicle not inconsistent with the provisions of the vehicle code. [1983 c.338 §434]

815.010 Compliance with standards for equipment; federal standards to supersede state; exception. (1) Testing requirements for approval of equipment under the vehicle code shall be met by the manufacturer submitting a report from a laboratory approved by the division showing compliance with the current standards of the Society of Automotive Engineers, the United States of America Standards Institute or the United States Bureau of Standards. Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, this subsection supersedes any provision to the contrary in the vehicle code.

(2) A federal vehicle safety standard that conflicts with an equipment provision of the vehicle code applicable to the same aspect of performance shall supersede that specific provision of the vehicle code with respect to vehicles in compliance with the federal vehicle safety standard that was in effect at the time of sale.

(3) Nothing in this section applies to headlights. Standards and requirements for headlights are established by ORS 816.050 and 816.300. [1983 c.338 §435; 1985 c.16 §228]

815.015 Division inspection of vehicles for compliance. The Motor Vehicles Division may at any time inspect any vehicle to determine its compliance with the equipment provisions and other provisions of the vehicle code. [1983 c.338 §436]

815.020 Operation of unsafe vehicle; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of operation of an unsafe vehicle if the person does any of the following:

(a) Drives or moves on any highway any vehicle which is in such unsafe condition as to endanger any person.

(b) Owns a vehicle and causes or knowingly permits the vehicle to be driven or moved on any highway when the vehicle is in such unsafe condition as to endanger any person.

(2) The offense described in this section, operation of an unsafe vehicle, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c 338 §437]

815.025 Causing unreasonable noise with vehicle; penalty. (1) A person commits

the offense of causing unreasonable noise with a vehicle if the person operates upon any highway, any motor vehicle so as to cause any greater noise or sound than is reasonably necessary for the proper operation of the vehicle.

(2) The offense described in this section, causing unreasonable noise with a vehicle, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §438]

AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH STANDARDS

815.030 State vehicle equipment standards. (1) The Motor Vehicles Division may adopt and enforce minimum standards for vehicle performance or vehicle equipment performance consistent with this section.

(2) Rules adopted by the division under this section shall be consistent with any vehicle standards established under federal regulations.

(3) As federal regulations concerning vehicle equipment are subsequently amended or repealed the division may consider subsequent federal vehicle safety standards and adopt standards with respect to any vehicle or item of vehicle equipment applicable to the same aspect of performance of such vehicle or item of equipment if the division determines that the subsequent federal standards are practicable, provide an objective standard and meet the need for vehicle safety.

(4) Standards adopted by the division under this section supersede any equipment provision of the vehicle code applicable to the same aspect of performance that conflicts with a specific provision of a standard adopted by the division under this section with respect to compliance with safety standards in effect at the time of sale.

(5) The division shall continue to carry out the approval of equipment as required under other sections of the vehicle code if there is no standard under this section. This subsection applies to, but is not limited to, approval of equipment on new vehicles first sold in Oregon.

(6) Proof of certification of equipment under this section may be in the form of a symbol or designation prescribed in federal standards or if there is no federal symbol or designation, by a symbol or designation acceptable to the division.

(7) Compliance with any requirements for equipment under this section is subject to ORS 815.010.

(8) Prohibitions and penalties relating to the standards established under this section are provided under ORS 815.075 and 815.100. [1983 c.338 §439, 1985 c.188 §1]

815.035 Rules for standards for roadside warning devices. The Motor Vehicles Division shall adopt rules to establish standards for roadside vehicle warning devices for purposes of ORS 811.530 and 815.285. The rules shall include requirements for the placement and use of such warning devices to provide warning of disabled vehicles. [1985 c.16 §230]

815.040 Standards for window and windshield material. (1) The division shall establish standards for safety glazing material used in vehicle windows and windshields including standards for any glazing material so constructed, treated or combined with other materials as to reduce substantially, in comparison to ordinary sheet or plate glass, the likelihood of injury to persons by broken or cracked glass or by objects from external sources.

(2) The standards adopted under this section shall conform to the standards approved by the American Standards Association in the American Standard Safety Code for Safety Glazing Materials of Motor Vehicles Operating on Land Highways.

(3) A manufacturer of any glazing material upon which approval for use in motor vehicles is desired shall submit to the division a test report from the National Bureau of Standards if available, or if not, any other nationally recognized testing laboratories as authorized by the division.

(4) If the division finds that a glazing material so tested conforms with the standards adopted by the division, the division shall place the material on an approved list.

(5) The division shall publish the list of approved safety glazing materials.

(6) Prohibitions and penalties relating to the standards established under this section are provided under ORS 815.090 and 815.210. [1983 c.338 §440]

815.045 Rules for use of traction tires and devices; signs. (1) The commission shall adopt rules necessary to carry out ORS 815.140. The rules adopted by the commission:

(a) Shall establish the various types of conditions under which vehicle traction tires or traction devices must be used.

(b) Shall define types of vehicle traction tires or traction devices that may be used under the various conditions established under this section requiring vehicle traction tires or traction devices defined by the commission under this section. The commission rules under this paragraph shall comply with the following:

(A) Traction tire shall be defined to include any tire that provides more traction than a conventional tire under adverse weather conditions and that allows a vehicle to traverse areas posted under this section.

(B) Traction device shall be defined to include any device that attaches to the tire, wheel or vehicle and that augments the traction of a vehicle when used under conditions posted under this section.

(C) Tires with studs that are permitted under ORS 815.165 shall be allowed as traction devices under the rules.

(c) Shall establish signs to be posted under conditions that require vehicle traction tires or traction devices and the vehicle traction tires or traction devices that may be used to comply with each type of sign posted. The rules described under this paragraph shall provide for only the following types of conditions to be posted and shall require the described types of vehicle traction tires or traction devices to be used when appropriately posted:

(A) Snow zones where vehicle traction tires or vehicle traction devices are recommended and must be carried but are not required to be used.

(B) Snow zones where either traction tires or traction devices must be used on the vehicle.

(C) Snow zones where traction devices that are attached to the vehicle, wheels or tires of a vehicle must be used on the vehicle. When conditions are posted to require traction devices described under this subparagraph, vehicle traction tires do not comply with the requirements to use vehicle traction devices under this section.

(d) May establish types or classes of vehicles that are exempt from requirements to use vehicle traction tires or traction devices under certain conditions if the commission determines that the operation of the class or type of vehicle would be safe under those conditions.

(2) The State Highway Engineer, for highways described in this section that are under the jurisdiction of the state, and a county governing body or its designee for highways described in this section that are under the jurisdiction of that county, shall:

(a) Determine when conditions on a segment of highway require the use of vehicle traction tires or traction devices defined by the commission;

(b) Determine which segments of a highway shall be posted as described under this section to require vehicle traction tires or traction devices; and

(c) Provide for the placement and removal of signs requiring the use of vehicle traction tires or traction devices. [1983 c.338 §441; 1985 c 16 §231]

815.050 Standards for protective headgear for motorcycle and moped operators.

(1) The division shall adopt and enforce rules establishing minimum standards and specifications for safe protective headgear to be worn by people operating motorcycles or mopeds. The rules shall conform, insofar as practicable, to safety standards and specifications for such headgear issued by the Federal Government and, to the extent there are no such federal standards, to the safety standards promulgated by the United States of America Standards Institute.

(2) The division shall establish a procedure for accepting and processing applications for approval of protective headgear. The procedure shall be similar to the following:

(a) Any person may apply to the division for approval of protective headgear.

(b) The division may require a sample to be submitted for test.

(c) The division may accept reports of tests conducted by independent testing laboratories.

(d) Samples and laboratory reports submitted by applicants become the property of the division.

(e) When an application for approval has been submitted, the division shall approve or disapprove the application within a reasonable time and in accordance with the minimum safety standards and specifications under this section.

(f) If the division approves, it shall issue a letter of approval to the applicant.

(g) An approval letter shall indicate approval of the specific model tested and shall identify such by the trade-mark or the type of identifying serial number which it will bear.

(3) The division may purchase in the market, and test or submit to testing laboratories any protective headgear which it has approved for sale or to be offered for sale. The division shall cancel any approval under this section if it determines that the protective headgear does not satisfy the minimum standards under this section. Cancellation of approval is effective as soon as the division notifies the person who applied for approval or the person's successor that the approval has been canceled.

(4) Prohibitions and penalties relating to the use of equipment subject to this section are provided under ORS 814.260 to 814.280. [1983 c.338 §442; 1985 c.16 §232]

815.055 Standards for safety belts, harnesses and child safety systems. (1) The division shall adopt and enforce rules establishing minimum standards and specifications for the construction and installation of safety belts, safety harnesses or child safety systems and anchors or other devices to which safety belts, safety harnesses or child safety systems may be attached and secured. The rules adopted by the division under this subsection are subject to the following:

(a) The rules that establish minimum standards and specifications for child safety systems required and regulated under this section and ORS 811.210 and 815.080 shall require child safety systems to conform to specific strength and performance standards or dynamic test standards that the division determines will protect a child of 40 pounds or less in a crash. The department shall establish standards for this paragraph to conform, as is practicable or applicable in this state, to the standards for child safety systems established by the Federal Government in effect on January 1, 1984. Child safety systems are required to meet those standards in effect at the date of manufacture.

(b) All rules adopted under this subsection shall conform, as is practicable or applicable in this state, to the regulations and standards promulgated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Transportation relating to safety belt assemblies under the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966 (15 U.S.C., Sec. 1381, et seq.) that are applicable to motor vehicles at the date of manufacture and that are in effect on January 1, 1984.

(2) The division shall establish a procedure for accepting and processing applications for approval of safety belts, safety harnesses, child safety systems and anchors or other devices to which safety belts, safety harnesses or child safety systems may be attached and secured. The procedure shall comply with the following:

(a) Any person may apply to the division for approval under this section.

(b) The division may require a sample to be submitted for test.

(c) The division may accept reports of tests conducted by independent testing laboratories.

(d) Samples and laboratory reports submitted by applicants become the property of the division.

(e) When an application for approval has been submitted, the division shall approve or disapprove within a reasonable time and in

accordance with the minimum safety standards and specifications under this section.

(f) If the division approves, it shall issue a letter of approval to the applicant.

(g) An approval letter shall indicate approval of the specific model tested and shall identify such by the trade-mark or the type of identifying serial number which it will bear.

(3) The division may purchase in the market, and test or submit to testing laboratories any safety belt, safety harness, child safety system or anchor or other device which it has approved for sale or to be offered for sale. The division shall cancel any approval under this section if it determines that the belt, harness, child safety system or anchor or other device does not satisfy the minimum standards under this section. Cancellation of approval is effective as soon as the division notifies the person who applied for approval or the person's successor that the approval has been canceled.

(4) Prohibitions and penalties relating to sale and use of equipment subject to this section are provided under ORS 811.210 and 815.080. [1983 c.338 §443; 1985 c.16 §233]

815.060 Standards for slow-moving vehicle emblems. The division shall adopt rules for slow-moving vehicle emblems for purposes of ORS 815.110 and 815.115. The rules adopted under this section shall:

(1) Require a slow-moving vehicle emblem that is reflectorized or fluorescent and that is of a standard type.

(2) Establish design and mounting requirements that the emblem must meet.

(3) Conform to the nationally accepted standards for slow-moving vehicle emblems. [1983 c.338 §444]

815.065 Standards for hydraulic brake fluid. The division shall adopt and enforce rules for the purpose of regulation of hydraulic brake fluid under ORS 815.085. The rules shall establish standards and specifications and labeling requirements for hydraulic brake fluid and other liquid mediums through which force is transmitted to the brakes in the hydraulic brake system of a vehicle. The rules, in so far as practicable, shall conform to the then current standards and specifications of the Society of Automotive Engineers applicable to such fluid. The division shall publish rules adopted under this section. Penalties and prohibitions relating to the rules are as provided under ORS 815.085. [1983 c.338 §446]

815.070 Road warning signals for tow cars. The Oregon Transportation Commission

shall prescribe warning signs or signals for placement on roadways by tow cars under ORS 822.220. [1983 c 338 §449, 1985 c.16 §236]

PROVIDING UNLAWFUL EQUIPMENT

815.075 Selling vehicles or equipment that violate rules; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of selling vehicles or equipment that violate state equipment administrative rules if the person sells or offers for sale any vehicle or sells or offers for sale for use upon a vehicle or uses on any vehicle any equipment if the vehicle or equipment:

(a) Does not conform to standards established by the division by rule under ORS 815.030; and

(b) Does not bear thereon proof of certification that it complies with the applicable standards.

(2) Proof of certification required under this section may be made in any manner provided under ORS 815.030.

(3) This section is subject to the following exemptions in addition to any exemptions under ORS 801.025:

(a) Vehicle headlights are not subject to this section.

(b) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 are deemed to comply with this section if the vehicles are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and are maintained in safe operating order.

(c) Road machinery, road rollers and farm tractors are not subject to this section.

(d) Antique vehicles are not subject to this section if the vehicles are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(4) The offense described under this section, selling vehicles or equipment that violate state equipment administrative rules, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c 338 §450; 1985 c.16 §237]

815.080 Providing unapproved safety belt, harness or child safety system; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of providing an unapproved safety belt, harness equipment or child safety system if the person does any of the following:

(a) Sells or offers for sale a new motor vehicle that is not equipped with safety belts, safety harnesses or child safety systems that comply with and are installed in compliance with the

rules adopted by the division under ORS 815.055. This paragraph only applies to motor vehicles that are primarily designed for transportation of individuals and that have seating for one or more passengers side-by-side with the operator. This paragraph only requires that the vehicle be equipped with one seat belt or harness for the operator and one for at least one of the passengers seated beside the operator.

(b) Sells or offers for sale any safety belt, safety harness, child safety system, anchor or other device for attaching or securing safety belts, safety harnesses or child safety system if the belt, harness, child safety system, anchor or device does not comply with the rules adopted by the division under ORS 815.055. This paragraph only applies to belts, harnesses, child safety systems, anchors or devices for use or installation on a vehicle that is primarily designed for transportation of individuals.

(c) Sells or offers for sale any safety belt, safety harness, child safety system, anchor or other device for attaching or securing safety belts, safety harnesses or child safety systems if the belt, harness, child safety system, anchor or device is not marked as required under ORS 815.055 and if the mark is not legible when the belt, harness, child safety system, anchor or other device is used or installed on a vehicle. This paragraph only applies to belts, harnesses, child safety systems, anchors or devices for use or installation on a vehicle that is primarily designed for transportation of individuals.

(d) Installs any safety belt, safety harness, child safety system, anchor or other device for attaching or securing safety belts, safety harnesses or child safety systems on a vehicle that is primarily designed for the transportation of individuals except in compliance with rules adopted by the division under ORS 815.055.

(2) This section does not apply to the following vehicles:

(a) Commercial busses.

(b) School busses with a loaded weight of 10,000 pounds or more.

(c) School activity vehicles with a loaded weight of 10,000 pounds or more.

(3) The offense described in this section, providing an unapproved safety belt, harness equipment or child safety system, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §452; 1985 c.16 §238, 1985 c.420 §5]

815.085 Servicing with or selling unapproved brake fluid; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of servicing with or

selling unapproved brake fluid if the person does any of the following:

(a) Distributes, has for sale, offers for sale or sells any hydraulic brake fluid or any other liquid medium through which force is transmitted to the brakes in the hydraulic brake system of a vehicle if the fluid or liquid does not comply with the standards, specifications and labeling established by rule by the division under ORS 815.065.

(b) Services any vehicle with any hydraulic brake fluid or any other liquid medium through which force is transmitted to the brakes in the hydraulic brake system of a vehicle if the fluid or liquid does not comply with the standards, specifications and labeling established by rule by the division under ORS 815.065.

(2) The offense described in this section, servicing with or selling unapproved brake fluid, is a Class A misdemeanor. [1983 c.338 §454]

815.090 Replacement of vehicle windows with unapproved material; penalty.

(1) A person commits the offense of replacement of vehicle windows with unapproved material if the person makes or procures the replacement of windows or windshields in a motor vehicle and the replacement is made with a material that is not approved by the division under ORS 815.040.

(2) This section does not apply to vehicles that are exempt under ORS 815.210 from the prohibitions against operating a vehicle without approved materials in the vehicle windows.

(3) The offense described in this section, replacement of vehicle windows with unapproved material, is a Class A misdemeanor. [1983 c.338 §455]

815.095 Unlawful sales, installations or representations concerning pollution control systems; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of making unlawful sales of, installations of or representations concerning vehicle pollution control systems if the person does any of the following:

(a) Sells, displays, advertises or represents as a certified system any motor vehicle pollution control system that is not certified under ORS 468.375.

(b) Installs or sells for installation upon a motor vehicle any motor vehicle pollution control system for which a certificate of approval has not been issued under ORS 468.375.

(2) The offense described in this section, making unlawful sales, installations or representations concerning vehicle pollution control systems, is a Class A misdemeanor but each day of violation does not constitute a separate offense. [1983 c.338 §456, 1985 c.16 §239]

OPERATING WITH UNLAWFUL EQUIPMENT

815.100 Operation of vehicle that violates equipment rules; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of operation of a vehicle that violates state equipment administrative rules if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway a vehicle if the vehicle or any equipment on the vehicle:

(a) Does not conform to standards established by the division by rule under ORS 815.030; and

(b) Does not bear thereon proof of certification that it complies with the applicable standards.

(2) Proof of certification required under this section may be made in any manner provided under ORS 815.030.

(3) This section is subject to the exemptions from this section established under ORS 815.105.

(4) Vehicle equipment standards established by rule under ORS 815.030 supersede any other equipment standards under the vehicle code when so provided by ORS 815.030.

(5) The offense described under this section, operation of vehicle that violates state equipment administrative rules, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c 338 §466, 1985 c 16 §244; 1985 c 393 §16]

815.105 Exemptions from equipment requirements. This section establishes exemptions from ORS 815.030 and 815.100. Exemptions under this section are in addition to any exemptions under ORS 801.025. Exemptions under this section are partial or complete as described in the following:

(1) Vehicle headlights are exempt from ORS 815.030 and 815.100.

(2) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 are deemed to comply with ORS 815.030 and 815.100 if the vehicles are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and are maintained in safe operating condition.

(3) Road machinery, road rollers and farm tractors are exempt from ORS 815.030 and 815.100.

(4) Antique vehicles are exempt from ORS 815.030 and 815.100 if the vehicles are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property. [1983 c 338 §467; 1985 c.16 §245]

SPECIFIC EQUIPMENT (Slow-moving Vehicles)

815.110 Requirements for and use of slow-moving vehicle emblem. This section establishes requirements for ORS 815.115. The requirements under this section are in addition to any other requirements for lighting equipment provided by law. Except as specifically provided by an exemption under ORS 815.120, a person violates ORS 815.115 if the person does not comply with any of the following requirements:

(1) The following types of vehicles must display slow-moving vehicle emblems described under ORS 815.060:

(a) Vehicles or combinations of vehicles designed for customary use at speeds of less than 25 miles per hour.

(b) Golf carts or similar vehicles when operated by a disabled person.

(2) Slow-moving vehicle emblems must meet the requirements for such emblems established by the division by rule under ORS 815.060.

(3) Slow-moving vehicle emblems shall be displayed on the rear of the power unit. When a combination of vehicles is being operated in a manner that obscures the emblem mounted on the power unit, an additional emblem shall be displayed on the rear of the rearmost vehicle in the combination. [1983 c.338 §469]

815.115 Violation of emblem requirements; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of violation of slow-moving vehicle emblem requirements if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway a vehicle or combination of vehicles if the vehicle or combination of vehicles:

(a) Is required by ORS 815.110 to be equipped with a slow-moving vehicle emblem and the vehicle is not equipped with an emblem in the manner required by ORS 815.060.

(b) Is displaying a slow-moving vehicle emblem when not required under ORS 815.110 or in a manner not in conformity with ORS 815.060.

(2) This section is subject to exemptions from this section established under ORS 815.120.

(3) The offense described in this section, violation of slow-moving vehicle emblem requirements, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §468, 1985 c.393 §17]

815.120 Exemptions from emblem requirements. This section establishes exemptions from ORS 815.110 and 815.115. The exemp-

tions under this section are in addition to any exemptions under ORS 801.025. The exemptions under this section are partial or complete as described in the following:

(1) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 are deemed to comply with the requirements if the vehicles are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and are maintained in safe operating condition.

(2) Antique vehicles are not subject to the standards if the vehicles are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(3) Road machinery, road rollers and farm tractors are not subject to the requirements except as provided in this subsection. Such vehicles or combinations thereof are subject to the requirements if the vehicles are designed for use at speeds less than 25 miles per hour, except when such vehicles are engaged in actual construction or maintenance work and guarded by a flagger or by clear visible warning signs. [1983 c.338 §470; 1985 c 16 §246, 1985 c 69 §8]

(Brakes)

815.125 Requirements and standards.

This section establishes requirements for ORS 815.130. Except as specifically provided by an exemption under ORS 815.135, a vehicle or combination of vehicles is in violation of ORS 815.130, if the vehicle or combination of vehicles is not equipped with brakes as required under the following or if the brakes do not meet the standards described under the following:

(1) Motorcycles and mopeds shall be provided with at least one brake that may be operated by hand or foot.

(2) Motor vehicles other than mopeds or motorcycles shall be equipped with brakes that include two separate means of applying the brakes. Each of the separate means of applying the brakes shall be effective to apply the brakes to at least two wheels and, if the separate means of applying the brakes are connected in any way, shall be so constructed that failure of any one part of the operating mechanism shall not leave the motor vehicle without brakes on at least two wheels.

(3) A combination of vehicles that includes a motor vehicle and any other vehicle shall be equipped with a brake system on one or more of the vehicles.

(4) Brakes on any vehicle must be adequate to control movement of and to stop and to hold the vehicle or combination of vehicles.

(5) Brakes on any vehicle must be maintained in good working order.

(6) Every motor vehicle and combination of motor vehicles except mopeds or motorcycles shall at all times be equipped with a parking brake system. A parking brake system required by this subsection must meet all the following requirements:

(a) The system must be adequate to hold the vehicle or combination of motor vehicles on any grade where operated under any condition of loading on a surface free from ice or snow.

(b) The system shall at all times be capable of being applied by either the driver's muscular effort, by spring action or by other energy. This paragraph is violated if the method for applying the system is not sufficient to make the system hold a vehicle as required by this subsection.

(c) If the system is applied by an energy source, the source must be isolated from other uses and used exclusively for the operation of the system.

(d) The method for keeping the brakes applied must be other than by fluid pressure, air pressure or electric energy.

(e) The system shall be designed so that the brakes cannot be released unless they may be immediately reapplied.

(7) Brakes on vehicles of the following described weight must be able to stop the vehicle moving at the described speed within the described distance without leaving a 12-foot wide lane:

(a) Vehicles with a registration weight of less than 8,000 pounds must be able to brake from a speed of 20 miles per hour to a stop within 25 feet.

(b) Vehicles with a registration weight of 8,000 pounds or more and combinations of vehicles must be able to brake from a speed from 20 miles per hour to a stop within 35 feet. [1983 c 338 §472; 1985 c 16 §247]

815.130 Improper brakes; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of having improper brakes if the person does any of the following:

(a) Drives or moves on any highway a vehicle that is not equipped with brakes that meet requirements under ORS 815.125.

(b) Owns a vehicle and causes or knowingly permits the vehicle to be driven or moved on any highway when the vehicle is not equipped with

brakes that meet the requirements under ORS 815.125.

(2) This section is subject to the exemptions from this section established under ORS 815.135.

(3) The offense described in this section, improper brakes, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §471]

815.135 Exemptions from brake requirements. This section establishes exemptions from ORS 815.130. The exemptions under this section are in addition to any exemptions under ORS 801.025. The exemptions under this section are partial or complete as described in the following:

(1) The following vehicles shall be deemed in compliance with the brake requirements if the vehicles are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and maintained in safe operating condition:

(a) Motor vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020.

(b) Antique motor vehicles that are registered under ORS 805.010.

(2) The following vehicles are exempt from the brake requirements:

(a) Road machinery.

(b) Road rollers.

(c) Farm tractors. [1983 c.338 §473, 1985 c.69 §2]

(Tires)

815.140 Failure to use vehicle traction tires or devices; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of failure to use vehicle traction tires or devices if the person drives or moves or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved any motor vehicle or trailer on any highway if the highway is posted showing conditions that require vehicle traction tires or traction devices and the vehicle is not equipped with vehicle traction tires or traction devices that are required for the posted conditions.

(2) Traction devices or traction tires that are referred to in this section are those established by rule under the authority granted under ORS 815.045.

(3) This section does not apply to vehicles exempted from this section under ORS 815.145.

(4) This section only applies to sections of highway described under ORS 815.150.

(5) The authority to adopt rules to carry out this section is established under ORS 815.045.

(6) A court shall not find a person to be in violation of the offense described under this section if the court determines that the conditions of the highway at the time the person was cited did not require posting under rules adopted under ORS 815.045. The defense under this subsection may be affirmatively asserted by any person cited for violation of the offense described in this section.

(7) The offense described in this section, failure to use vehicle traction tires or traction devices, is a Class D traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §474]

815.145 Exemptions from traction tire or device requirement. This section establishes exemptions from ORS 815.140. The following are completely or partially exempt as described:

(1) Police vehicles under any conditions.

(2) Fire vehicles when responding to a fire.

(3) An ambulance when responding to an emergency.

(4) A passenger vehicle or truck is not required to use any vehicle traction device if the vehicle or truck:

(a) Has an unloaded weight of 6,500 pounds or less;

(b) Is equipped and operated to provide power to both front and rear wheels;

(c) Is carrying vehicle traction devices defined by the commission under this section;

(d) Is equipped with tires, on all wheels, that are vehicle traction tires defined by the commission under this section;

(e) Is not towing another vehicle other than as may be necessary to remove disabled vehicles from the roadway; and

(f) Is not being operated in a manner or under conditions where the vehicle loses traction while stopping, cornering or moving.

(5) Vehicles exempt by rule under ORS 815.045. [1983 c.338 §475]

815.150 Areas that may be posted to require traction tires or devices. This section establishes areas where the requirements under ORS 815.140 may be made applicable by posting appropriate signs under ORS 815.045. The following areas, when appropriately posted, are the only areas where ORS 815.140 applies:

(1) The portion of highway number 173, commonly known as the Timberline Highway, that is between mileposts 0.12 and 5.49 on that

part of the highway between Government Camp and Timberline Lodge.

(2) The portion of highway number 26, route number US 26 and ORE 35, commonly known as the Mount Hood Highway, that is between mileposts 44 and 68 on that part of the highway between Rhododendron and Robinhood Forest Camp.

(3) The portion of highway number 53, route number US 26, commonly known as the Warm Springs Highway, that is between mileposts 57 and 76 on that part of the highway between its junction with Oregon Highway 35 and its Warm Springs Junction.

(4) The portion of highway number 16, route number US 20, commonly known as the Santiam Highway, that is between mileposts 52.5 and 88 on that part of the highway between Upper Soda and Jack Lake Road.

(5) The portion of highway number 162, route number ORE 22, commonly known as the North Santiam Highway, that is between mileposts 73 and 81.74 between Parrish Lake Road and the Santiam Junction.

(6) The portion of highway number 215, route number ORE 126, commonly known as the Clear Lake-Belknap Springs Highway, that is between mileposts 0 to 13.02 on that part of the highway between its junction with United States Highway 20 and its junction with Oregon Highway 242.

(7) The portion of highway number 18, route number ORE 58, commonly known as the Willamette Highway, that is between mileposts 48 and 64 on that part of the highway that starts east of McCredie Springs and runs toward Odell Lake.

(8) The portion of highway number 1, route number I-5, commonly known as the Pacific Highway, that is between mileposts 0 to 12 on that part of the highway between the California State line and the Ashland interchange.

(9) The portion of highway number 372, commonly known as Century Drive, that is between mileposts 9 and 21.62 on that part of the highway from nine miles westerly of Bend to the Mt. Bachelor Ski Area.

(10) The portion of Baker County Road 1146, commonly known as the Anthony Lake Highway, that is between milepost 2.61 at the North Powder River bridge 12.2 miles northwesterly of Haines and the Anthony Lake Ski Area.

(11) The portion of Jackson County Road 1151, commonly known as the Mt. Ashland Road, that is between mileposts 0 and 8.90 on that part

of the road between its intersection with the Siskiyou Summit Frontage Road and the Mt. Ashland Ski Area.

(12) The portion of highway number 270, route number ORE 140, commonly known as the Lake of the Woods Highway, that is between mileposts 21 and 45 on that part of the highway between Medford and Klamath Falls.

(13) The portion of highway number 6, route number I-84, commonly known as The Old Oregon Trail Highway, that is between mileposts 215 and 258 on that part of the highway between Pendleton and La Grande.

(14) The portion of highway number 6, route number I-84, commonly known as The Old Oregon Trail Highway, that is between mileposts 268 and 279 on that part of the highway between La Grande and Baker.

(15) The portion of highway number 21, route number ORE 66, commonly known as the Green Springs Highway, that is between mileposts 9 and 41 on that part of the highway between Ashland and Keno. [1983 c.338 §476, 1985 c.16 §248]

815.155 Unlawful use of device without wheels; exemptions; civil liability; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of devices without wheels if the person does any of the following:

(a) Drives or moves on a highway any sled or other device that does not move exclusively on revolving wheels or rotating tracks in contact with the surface of the highway and that has a loaded weight in excess of 500 pounds.

(b) Owns a sled or other device that does not move exclusively on revolving wheels or rotating tracks in contact with the surface of the highway and that has a loaded weight in excess of 500 pounds and causes or permits the sled or device to be driven or moved on a highway. Operation of any sled or device in violation of this section is prima facie evidence that the owner of the sled or device caused or permitted the sled or device to be so operated and the owner shall be liable for any penalties imposed under subsection (4) of this section.

(2) The application of this section is subject to the following exemptions:

(a) This section does not apply on any way, thoroughfare or place owned by a district formed under ORS chapters 545, 547, 551 or a corporation formed under ORS chapter 554.

(b) This section does not apply on any road or thoroughfare or property in private ownership or

any road or thoroughfare, other than a state highway or county road, used pursuant to any agreement with any agency of the United States or with a licensee of such agency or both.

(c) Operations authorized under the terms of a variance permit issued under ORS 818.200 are subject to the terms of the permit. It is a defense to any charge of violation of this section if the person so charged produces a variance permit issued under ORS 818.200 authorizing the operation issued prior to and valid at the time of the offense.

(d) This section does not apply to any vehicle, combination of vehicles, article, machine or other equipment while being used by the Federal Government, the State of Oregon, or any county or incorporated city in the construction, maintenance or repair of public highways and at the immediate location or site of such construction, maintenance or repair.

(e) This section does not apply to vehicles while being used on the roads of a road authority by mass transit districts for the purposes authorized under ORS 267.010 to 267.390, provided the operation is approved by the road authority for that road.

(3) Violation of the offense described in this section is subject to civil liability under ORS 818.410.

(4) The offense described in this section, unlawful use of devices without wheels, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §477, 1985 c.16 §249, 1985 c.393 §18]

815.160 Unlawful use of metal objects on tires; civil liability; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of metal objects on tires if the person does any of the following:

(a) Drives or moves on a highway any vehicle equipped with any tire having on its periphery any block, stud, cleat, bead, chain or other protuberance of metal or other inflexible material that projects beyond the tread or traction surface of the tire.

(b) Owns a vehicle and causes or permits the vehicle to be driven or moved on a highway when the vehicle is equipped with any tire having on its periphery any block, stud, cleat, bead, chain or other protuberance of metal or other inflexible material that projects beyond the tread or traction surface of the tire. Operation of any vehicle in violation of this section is prima facie evidence that the owner of the vehicle caused or permitted the vehicle to be so operated and the owner shall be liable for any penalties imposed under subsection (4) of this section as a result of the operation.

(2) The application of this section is subject to the exemptions from this section established under ORS 815.165.

(3) Violation of the offense described in this section is subject to civil liability under ORS 818.410.

(4) The offense described in this section, unlawful use of metal objects on tires, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §478, 1985 c.393 §19]

815.165 Exemptions from prohibition on tires with metal objects. This section establishes exemptions from ORS 815.160. The exemptions under this section are in addition to any under ORS 801.025. Exemptions are partial or complete as described in the following:

(1) Any vehicle on any way, thoroughfare or place owned by a district formed under ORS chapters 545, 547, 551 or a corporation formed under ORS chapter 554.

(2) Any vehicle on any road or thoroughfare or property in private ownership or any road or thoroughfare, other than a state highway or county road, used pursuant to any agreement with any agency of the United States or with a licensee of such agency or both.

(3) Operations approved under a variance permit issued under ORS 818.200 are subject to the terms of the permit. It shall be a defense to any charge of violation of ORS 815.160 if the person so charged produces a variance permit issued under ORS 818.200 authorizing the operation issued prior to and valid at the time of the offense.

(4) Vehicles actually engaged at the time in construction or repair of highways in this state.

(5) Traction engines moved upon dirt or unimproved roads.

(6) Vehicles equipped with skid chains of reasonable proportions required for safe operation because of snow, ice or other inclement weather conditions.

(7) Between November 1 of any year and April 30 of the following year, vehicles equipped with any tire having on its periphery studs of metal or other material extending beyond the tread surface of the tire not less than four-hundredths (.04) inch nor more than six-hundredths (.06) inch and made of such material that the studs will wear, through use, at the same rate as the tread surface of the tire. When the preservation of the highway surface or the safety of the traveling public so indicates, the Department of Transportation shall have the authority to shorten or lengthen the period for the permissible

use of such tires in any area of the state specifically designated by the department.

(8) School busses with a loaded weight of 10,000 pounds or more.

(9) Emergency vehicles and ambulances used in an emergency situation.

(10) The owner or lessee of any land adjoining any highway may move across or along the highway any tractor or implement of husbandry for the purpose of planting, cultivating, caring for or harvesting any crop, on condition that the owner or lessee shall be liable to the State of Oregon for the benefit of the State Highway Fund with respect to state highways, or to the proper county for the benefit of the county road fund with respect to county highways, for any damage or injury done to the highway by the movement.

[1983 c 338 §479, 1985 c.420 §7]

815.170 Operation without pneumatic tires; civil liability; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of operation without pneumatic tires if the person does any of the following:

(a) Drives, operates or moves on a highway any vehicle or combination of vehicles that is not equipped with pneumatic tires made of elastic material.

(b) Owns a vehicle or combination of vehicles and causes or permits the vehicle or combination of vehicles to be driven, operated or moved on a highway when not equipped with pneumatic tires made of elastic material. Operation of any vehicle or combination of vehicles in violation of this section is prima facie evidence that the owner of the vehicle or combination caused or permitted the vehicle or combination to be so operated and the owner shall be liable for any penalties imposed under subsection (4) of this section as a result of the operation.

(2) The application of this section is subject to the exemptions from this section established under ORS 815.175.

(3) Violation of the offense described in this section is subject to civil liability under ORS 818.410.

(4) The offense described in this section, operation without pneumatic tires, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c 338 §480; 1985 c.393 §20]

815.175 Exemptions from pneumatic tire requirement. This section establishes exemptions from ORS 815.170. The exemptions under this section are in addition to any exemptions under ORS 801.025. Exemptions are partial or complete as described in the following:

(1) Vehicles are not subject on any way, thoroughfare or place owned by a district formed

under ORS chapters 545, 547, 551 or a corporation formed under ORS chapter 554.

(2) Vehicles are not subject on any road, thoroughfare or property in private ownership or any road or thoroughfare, other than a state highway or county road, used pursuant to any agreement with any agency of the United States or with a licensee of such agency or both.

(3) Operation authorized under the terms of a variance permit issued under ORS 818.200 is subject to the terms of the permit. It shall be a defense to any charge of violation of ORS 815.170 if the person so charged produces a variance permit issued under ORS 818.200 authorizing the operation of the vehicle or combination of vehicles issued prior to and valid at the time of the offense.

(4) ORS 815.170 does not apply to any implement of husbandry that is equipped with any tires made of elastic material other than pneumatic tires or with tires made with any nonelastic material that are not prohibited under ORS 815.160 and that has a loaded weight of not more than 7,000 pounds and a loaded weight as measured at any axle of not more than 3,500 pounds.

(5) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 are deemed in compliance if the vehicles are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and are maintained in safe operating condition.

(6) ORS 815.170 does not apply to road machinery, road rollers or farm tractors.

(7) ORS 815.170 does not apply to antique vehicles if the vehicles are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property. [1983 c.338 §481; 1985 c.16 §250]

(Mudguards, Fenders)

815.180 Requirements and standards.

This section designates requirements for ORS 815.185. Except as specifically provided by an exemption under ORS 815.190, a vehicle is in violation of ORS 815.185 if the vehicle is not equipped with fenders or mudguards as required under this section or if the fenders or mudguards do not meet the standards or are not of the type required by this section. The requirements of this section are as follows:

(1) There are three different types of fenders and mudguards. Any vehicle required to have fenders and mudguards may be equipped with any fender, cover, flap or splash apron to comply

with the requirements for fenders and mudguards as long as the fenders and mudguards meet all of the following standards:

(a) The width of any fender or mudguard required under this section must be of sufficient size so that the fender or mudguard extends at least to each side of the width of the tire or combined width of the multiple tires when measured against the cross section of the tread of the wheel or the combined cross sections of the treads of the multiple wheels.

(b) Any fender or mudguard required under this section must be of sufficient size and must be so constructed as to be capable at all times of arresting and deflecting any dirt, mud, water or other substance that may be picked up and carried by the wheels.

(c) The following types of fenders or mudguards must cover the wheels of the vehicle as described in the following, in addition to complying with the other standards under this subsection:

(A) Type I fenders or mudguards must extend in full width from a point on the wheels that is above and forward of the center of the tires over to a point at the rear of the wheels that is not more than 10 inches above the surface of the highway when the vehicle is empty.

(B) Type II fenders or mudguards must extend downward in full width from a point behind the wheels that is not lower than halfway between the center of the wheels and the top of the tires to a point at the rear of the wheels that is not more than 10 inches above the surface of the highway when the vehicle is empty.

(C) Type III fenders or mudguards must extend in full width from a point on the wheels that is above and forward of the center of the tire over a point at the rear of the wheel that is not more than 20 inches above the surface of the highway.

(2) The following types of vehicles must be equipped with the described type of mudguards:

(a) Type I fenders or mudguards shall be on the following vehicles:

(A) Every motor truck equipped with a body that has a registration weight of 8,000 pounds or more.

(B) Every trailer except a pole trailer.

(C) Every commercial bus.

(b) Type II fenders or mudguards shall be on the following vehicles:

(A) Every motor truck with a registration weight of 8,000 pounds or more that is not equipped with a body.

(B) Pole trailers.

(c) Type III fenders or mudguards shall be on every motor vehicle not otherwise described in this subsection. [1983 c.338 §483; 1985 c 16 §252]

815.185 Operation without proper fenders or mudguards; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of operation without proper fenders or mudguards if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway a vehicle that is required to be equipped with mudguards under ORS 815.180 and the vehicle is not equipped with fenders or mudguards as required that meet the standards established under ORS 815.180.

(2) Exemptions to this section are established under ORS 815.190.

(3) If a person who is cited for violation of the offense under this section submits evidence satisfactory to the court that the fenders or mudguards on the vehicle subject to the citation have been repaired or replaced to comply with the requirements of ORS 815.180, the court shall dismiss the charge for violation of the offense without penalty to the person.

(4) The offense described in this section, operation without proper fenders or mudguards, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §482; 1985 c.16 §251]

815.190 Exemptions from mudguard and fender requirements. This section establishes exemptions from ORS 815.180 and 815.185. The exemptions under this section are in addition to any exemptions under ORS 801.025. The exemptions established under this section are partial or complete as described in the following:

(1) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 are deemed in compliance with the requirements and standards if the vehicles are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and maintained in safe operating condition.

(2) Road machinery, road rollers and farm tractors are exempt from the standards and requirements.

(3) Antique motor vehicles are exempt from the standards and requirements if the vehicles are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(4) A motor truck is exempt from the requirements to be equipped with fenders or mudguards

if the vehicle has just a chassis that is not equipped for hauling a load.

(5) Fenders or mudguards are not required on any modified American-made pre-1935 vehicle, or any identifiable vintage or replica thereof that is titled as a later assembled vehicle or replica and is used for show and pleasure use when such vehicle is used and driven only during fair weather on well-maintained, hard-surfaced roads. [1983 c.338 §484; 1985 c.402 §12]

(Visible Emissions)

815.195 Requirements and standards.

This section establishes requirements for ORS 815.200. Except as specifically provided by an exemption under ORS 815.205, a vehicle is in violation of ORS 815.200 if the vehicle is required to comply with one of the following standards for visible emissions and the vehicle produces visible emissions that exceed those allowable under the described standard, as follows:

(1) A vehicle exceeds Visible Emission Standard I if the vehicle produces any visible emissions that include any gases or particulates, other than uncombined water, which separately or in combination are visible upon release to the outdoor atmosphere.

(2) A vehicle exceeds Visible Emission Standard II if the vehicle is operated at an elevation described under this subsection and the vehicle produces a visible emission in excess of that allowed under this subsection. Visible emissions limited under this subsection include any gases or particulates, other than uncombined water, which separately or in combination are visible upon release to the outdoor atmosphere. The limitations on visible emission under this subsection are limits on the percent of transmitted light that is obscured by the visible emission. A vehicle violates the standards under this subsection if the vehicle does any of the following:

(a) While operated at an elevation of 3,000 feet or less, releases emissions that obscure more than 10 percent of transmitted light. A vehicle is not in violation of this paragraph if the vehicle releases emissions that obscure 40 percent or less of transmitted light for not longer than seven consecutive seconds.

(b) While operated at an elevation of over 3,000 feet, releases emissions that obscure more than 20 percent of transmitted light. A vehicle is not in violation of this paragraph if the vehicle releases emissions that obscure 60 percent or less of transmitted light for not longer than seven consecutive seconds. [1983 c.338 §486, 1985 c.16 §253]

815.200 Violation of visible emission limits; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of violation of visible emission limits if the person operates, drives and causes or permits to be driven on any highway:

(a) A motor vehicle, other than one described in paragraph (b) of this subsection, that has visible emissions exceeding visible emissions allowed under Visible Emission Standard I under ORS 815.195.

(b) A motor vehicle powered by compression ignition, two cycle or diesel cycle engines or a vehicle excluded by order of the Environmental Quality Commission under ORS 468.345 and the vehicle has visible emissions exceeding visible emissions allowed under Visible Emission Standard II under ORS 815.195.

(2) The exemptions from this section are established under ORS 815.205.

(3) The offense described in this section, violation of visible emission limits, is a Class D traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §485; 1985 c.393 §21]

815.205 Exemptions from visible emission limits. This section establishes exemptions from ORS 815.195 and 815.200. The exemptions under this section are in addition to any exemptions under ORS 801.025. Exemptions under this section are partial or complete as described in the following:

(1) Motor vehicles registered as farm vehicles under ORS 805.300 are not subject to the limits on visible emissions.

(2) Vehicles of special interest and antique vehicles are not subject to the limits on visible emissions if the vehicles are maintained as a collectors' item and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(3) The visible emission limits apply only in counties having a population over 50,000 according to the 1970 federal decennial census that are located west of the summit of the Cascade Mountains. The summit of the Cascade Mountains is determined for purposes of this subsection by the line beginning at the intersection of the northern boundary of the State of Oregon and the western boundary of Wasco County, thence southerly along the western boundaries of the counties of Wasco, Jefferson, Deschutes and Klamath to the southern boundary of the State of Oregon. [1983 c.338 §487]

(Windows)

815.210 Operation of vehicle without approved material in windows; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of operation of a vehicle without approved materials in windows if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway a motor vehicle with a windshield or windows that are not equipped with a material approved by the division under ORS 815.040.

(2) This section does not apply to the following vehicles:

(a) Any motor vehicle manufactured on or before January 1, 1954, and registered in this state. The exemption under this paragraph does not apply to windshields or windows that have been replaced after January 1, 1954.

(b) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 and that are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, that are maintained in safe operating condition.

(c) Road machinery, road rollers or farm tractors.

(d) Antique vehicles that are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(3) The vehicle exemptions under this section are also exemptions from the prohibitions under ORS 815.090 against replacing vehicle window or windshield with any unapproved material as provided in that section.

(4) The offense described in this section, operation of a vehicle without approved materials in windows, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §488, 1985 c.16 §254; 1985 c.393 §22]

815.215 Failure to have windshield wipers; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of failure to have windshield wipers if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway a motor vehicle that has a windshield and that is not equipped with windshield wipers that meet the requirements under this section.

(2) Windshield wipers meet the requirements of this section if the windshield wipers are designed for cleaning rain or other moisture from the windshield and so constructed as to be controlled or operated by the driver of the vehicle.

(3) This section does not apply to the following vehicles:

(a) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 and that are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and that are maintained in safe operating condition.

(b) Road machinery, road rollers or farm tractors.

(c) Antique vehicles that are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(4) The offense described in this section, failure to have windshield wipers, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §489]

815.220 Obstruction of vehicle windows; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of obstruction of vehicle windows if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway any vehicle with windows obstructed in a manner prohibited under this section.

(2) The windows of a vehicle are obstructed in a manner prohibited by this section if any material that prohibits or impairs the ability to see into or out of the vehicle is upon any vehicle window described in this subsection. This subsection applies to any sign, poster, one-way glass, adhesive film, glaze application or other material if the material prohibits or impairs the ability to see into or out of the vehicle. This subsection only applies to the following windows of the vehicle:

(a) The front windshield.

(b) The side-wings.

(c) The side windows on either side forward of or adjacent to the operator's seat.

(d) The rear window.

(3) Nothing in this section prohibits safety glazing materials of a type approved under ORS 815.040.

(4) The offense described in this section, obstruction of vehicle windows, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §490; 1985 c.16 §255]

(Horns and Sound Equipment)

815.225 Violation of use limits on sound equipment; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of violation of use limits on sound equipment if the person does any of the following:

(a) Uses upon a vehicle, any bell, siren, compression or exhaust whistle.

(b) Uses a horn otherwise than as a reasonable warning or makes any unnecessary or unreasonably loud or harsh sound by means of a horn or other warning device.

(2) Authorized emergency vehicles and ambulances are not subject to this section but are subject to ORS 820.370 and 820.380.

(3) The offense described in this section, violation of use limits on sound equipment, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §491]

815.230 Violation of sound equipment requirements; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of violation of vehicle sound equipment requirements if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven on any highway any vehicle that violates any of the following equipment provisions:

(a) A motor vehicle must be equipped with a horn in good working order, capable of emitting sounds audible under normal conditions from a distance of not less than 200 feet.

(b) No vehicle shall be equipped with any bell, siren, compression or exhaust whistle.

(2) This section is subject to the exemptions under this subsection in addition to any exemptions under ORS 801.025. The exemptions under this subsection are partial or complete as described in the following:

(a) Authorized emergency vehicles are subject to sound equipment requirements and limitations as provided in ORS 820.370 and 820.380.

(b) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 are not subject to this section if the vehicles are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and are maintained in safe operating condition.

(c) Bicycles are subject to requirements and limitations on sound equipment as provided under ORS 815.280.

(d) Antique vehicles are not subject to the requirements if the vehicles are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(e) The requirements do not apply to road machinery, road rollers and farm tractors.

(3) The offense described in this section, violation of vehicle sound equipment requirements, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §492; 1985 c.16 §256]

(Mirrors)

815.235 Operation without rearview mirror; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of operation without a rearview mirror if the person does any of the following:

(a) Drives or moves on any highway any motor vehicle that is not equipped with a rearview mirror or device that meets the requirements under this section.

(b) Owns a motor vehicle and causes or knowingly permits the vehicle to be driven or moved on any highway when the vehicle is not equipped with a rearview mirror or device that meets the requirements under this section.

(2) A rearview mirror or device only meets the requirements of this section if it enables the driver of the vehicle to have such a clear and unobstructed view of the rear at all times and under all conditions of load as will enable the driver to see any other vehicle approaching from not less than 200 feet in the rear on an unobstructed road.

(3) This section does not apply to the following vehicles:

(a) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 and that were not equipped with rearview mirrors when originally manufactured.

(b) Road machinery, road rollers or farm tractors.

(c) Antique motor vehicles that are registered under ORS 805.010 and that were not equipped with rearview mirrors when originally manufactured.

(4) The offense described in this section, operation without a rearview mirror, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c 338 §493; 1985 c.69 §3]

(Television)

815.240 Unlawful use of vehicle television equipment; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of unlawful use of vehicle television equipment if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway any motor vehicle equipped with any television viewer, screen or other means of visually receiving a television broadcast that is any of the following:

(a) Located in the vehicle at any point forward of the back of the driver's seat.

(b) Visible to the driver while operating the motor vehicle.

(2) The offense described in this section, unlawful use of vehicle television equipment, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §494; 1985 c.69 §4]

(Clearance)

815.245 Violation of minimum clearance requirements for passenger vehicles; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of violation of minimum clearance requirements for passenger vehicles if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway any passenger motor vehicle that does not have the clearance from the surface of the roadway required by this section.

(2) A vehicle does not have the clearance from the surface of the roadway required by this section if any portion of the vehicle, other than the wheels, has less clearance from the surface of a level roadway than the clearance between the roadway and the lowest portion of any rim of any wheel in contact with the roadway.

(3) The offense described in this section, violation of minimum clearance requirements for passenger vehicles, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §495]

(Exhaust System)

815.250 Operation without proper exhaust system; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of operation without proper exhaust system if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an exhaust system that meets the requirements under this section.

(2) An exhaust system only meets the requirements of this section if all of the following apply:

(a) The exhaust system must be in good working order.

(b) The exhaust system must be in constant operation.

(c) The exhaust system must meet noise emission standards determined by the Department of Environmental Quality to be substantially equivalent to the following standards based upon a stationary test conducted at a distance of 25 feet in accordance with procedures established by the Department of Environmental Quality:

Vehicle type	Maximum level, dBA	Model, Year
I. Motor vehicles required to establish a registration weight under ORS 803.430 and commercial busses	94before 1976
	911976 and after
II. Motorcycles and mopeds	94before 1976
	911976
	89after 1976
III. Motor vehicles not described under I or II	92before 1976
	881976 and after

(3) This section does not apply to the following vehicles:

(a) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 and that are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and that are maintained in safe operating condition.

(b) Road machinery, road rollers or farm tractors.

(c) Antique motor vehicles that are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(4) The court in its discretion may dismiss a citation issued for violation of the offense described in this section if evidence is presented that the exhaust system complies with or has been repaired or modified to comply with the requirements under this section.

(5) The offense described in this section, operation without proper exhaust system, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §496; 1985 c.16 §257, 1985 c 393 §23]

(Speedometer)

815.255 Operation of vehicle for hire without speedometer; exemptions; penalty.

(1) A person commits the offense of operation of

a vehicle for hire without a speedometer if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway a motor vehicle used for carrying passengers for hire that is not equipped with a speedometer or other registering device capable of registering accurately the speed at which the vehicle is operated.

(2) This section is subject to the following exemptions in addition to any exemptions under ORS 801.025.

(a) A motor vehicle equipped with a governor or other regulating device to control its speed within the limits specified by law is not required to be equipped as this section specifies.

(b) Vehicles of special interest that are registered under ORS 805.020 are deemed in compliance with the requirements of this section if the vehicles are equipped with original manufacturer's equipment and accessories, or their equivalent, and maintained in safe operating condition.

(c) Antique motor vehicles are exempt from the requirements of this section if the vehicles are maintained as collector's items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(3) The offense described in this section, operation of vehicle for hire without speedometer, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §497; 1985 c.393 §24]

(Disposal System)

815.260 Operation of recreational vehicle with unsealed disposal system; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of operation of a recreational vehicle with unsealed disposal system if:

(a) The person has the use, possession or control of any vehicle or structure constructed for movement on highways;

(b) The vehicle or structure is equipped with a plumbing, sink or toilet fixture; and

(c) The disposal system for the vehicle or structure is unsealed or uncapped while the vehicle or structure is in any way or place of whatever nature open to the use of the public.

(2) For purposes of this section, a way or place open to the use of the public includes, but is not limited to, highways, roads, streets, alleys, lanes, trails, beaches, parks and recreational use areas owned or operated by the state, a county or local municipality for use by the general public.

(3) This section does not apply to disposal systems being discharged into or connected with a sewage disposal system approved by the Health Division.

(4) The offense described in this section, operation of a recreational vehicle with unsealed disposal system, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §498; 1985 c.16 §258, 1985 c.393 §25]

(Loads)

815.265 Improper securing of log loads; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of improperly securing a log load if the person is the owner or operator of a vehicle transporting logs over a highway and the logs are not secured as required by this section.

(2) A load of logs is not secured as required by this section if the load has five or more logs and the load is not secured in a manner that complies with all of the following:

(a) If the logs are 26 feet or more in length, the load must be secured by at least four evenly spaced binders around the load, one of which may be used as a "gut wrapper."

(b) If the logs are less than 26 feet in length, the load must be secured by at least two binders around the load.

(c) Additional binders must be used on any load as necessary so that no log in a load has an unsecured end.

(d) Binders required under this section must have a breaking strength of not less than 15,000 pounds.

(3) This section is intended to establish minimum standards for the transportation of logs on public highways, this section is not intended to reduce the number of binders required by any order or rule made pursuant to its statutory authority by any state agency, nor to prevent a state agency, acting within its regulatory authority, from adopting by rule more stringent standards.

(4) This section does not apply on any way, thoroughfare or place owned by a district formed under ORS chapters 545, 547 and 551 or a corporation formed under ORS chapter 554.

(5) The offense described in this section, improperly securing a log load, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §499]

815.270 Operating vehicle that is loaded or equipped to obstruct driver; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of operating a vehicle that is loaded or equipped to obstruct the driver if the person is operating a

vehicle that is loaded or equipped or where baggage or an encumbrance does any of the following:

(a) Substantially obstructs the driver's views to the rear, through one or more mirrors and otherwise.

(b) Obstructs the driver's view to the front or sides.

(c) Interferes with control of the driving mechanism.

(d) Prevents the free, unhampered operation of the vehicle by the driver.

(2) The offense described in this section, vehicle loaded or equipped to obstruct driver, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c 338 §500; 1985 c 16 §259]

815.275 Failure to mark end of load with light or flag when required; penalty.

(1) A person commits the offense of failure to mark the end of a load with a light or flag when required if the person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway any vehicle with a load that extends to the rear four feet or more beyond the bed or body of the vehicle and the person fails to:

(a) Place end load lights described under ORS 816.290 at the extreme rear end of the load, in addition to any other rear light required upon every vehicle, at times when limited visibility conditions exist; or

(b) At any other time, display at the extreme rear end of the load a red flag or cloth not less than 12 inches square.

(2) The offense described in this section, failure to mark end of load with light or flag when required, is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c 338 §501]

(Bicycles)

815.280 Violation of bicycle equipment requirements; requirements; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of violation of bicycle equipment requirements if the person does any of the following:

(a) Operates on any highway a bicycle in violation of the requirements of this section.

(b) Is the parent or guardian of a minor child or ward and authorizes or knowingly permits the child or ward to operate a bicycle on any highway in violation of the requirements of this section.

(2) A bicycle is operated in violation of the requirements of this section if any of the following requirements are violated:

(a) A bicycle must be equipped with a brake that enables the operator to make the braked wheels skid on dry, level, clean pavement.

(b) A person shall not install or use any siren or whistle upon a bicycle.

(c) At the times described in the following, a bicycle or its rider must be equipped with lighting equipment that meets the described requirements:

(A) The lighting equipment must be used during limited visibility conditions.

(B) The lighting equipment must show a white light visible from a distance of at least 500 feet to the front of the bicycle.

(C) The lighting equipment must have a red reflector or lighting device or material of such size or characteristic and so mounted as to be visible from all distances up to 600 feet to the rear when directly in front of lawful lower beams of headlights on a motor vehicle.

(3) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prohibit the use of additional parts and accessories on any bicycle not inconsistent with this section.

(4) The offense described in this section, violation of bicycle equipment requirements, is a Class D traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §502; 1985 c 16 §260; 1985 c.69 §5]

(Warning Devices)

815.285 Failure to carry roadside vehicle warning devices; exemptions; penalty.

(1) A person commits the offense of failure to carry roadside vehicle warning devices if:

(a) The person drives or moves on any highway or owns and causes or knowingly permits to be driven or moved on any highway any vehicle subject to the requirements to use roadside vehicle warning devices under ORS 811.530; and

(b) The vehicle does not carry such roadside vehicle warning devices as the division may require under ORS 803.430.

(2) This section does not apply to any of the following:

(a) Vehicles that are not subject to the requirements to use roadside vehicle warning devices under ORS 811.530.

(b) At any time between sunrise and sunset.

(c) To any vehicles operated within a business district or residence district.

(3) The offense described in this section, failure to carry roadside vehicle warning devices,

is a Class C traffic infraction. [1983 c 338 §503; 1985 c 16 §261; 1985 c.393 §26]

(Implements of Husbandry)

815.290 Exemptions from equipment requirements. (1) In addition to any other specific exemptions provided for implements of husbandry, implements of husbandry are exempt from any requirements under the following:

(a) ORS 815.075 and 815.100, relating to state requirements for vehicle equipment.

(b) ORS 811.515, 811.520, 816.040 to 816.290, 816.320, 816.330, 816.350 and 816.360, relating to requirements for and use of lighting equipment.

(c) ORS 815.125 and 815.130, relating to brake requirements.

(d) ORS 815.180 and 815.185, relating to fender and mudguard requirements and use.

(e) ORS 815.210, relating to material in windshields.

(f) ORS 815.215, relating to requirements for windshield wipers.

(g) ORS 815.230, relating to vehicle sound equipment.

(h) ORS 815.235, relating to rearview mirrors.

(i) ORS 815.240, relating to televisions in vehicles. Limitations on the use of television equipment in implements of husbandry are provided in ORS 820.400.

(j) ORS 815.250, relating to vehicle exhaust and exhaust equipment.

(2) This section does not exempt implements of husbandry from the requirements for equipment and operation under ORS 820.400. [1983 c.338 §778; 1985 c.16 §375; 1985 c.69 §6]

(Pollution Control Equipment)

815.295 Failure to have required pollution control equipment; exemptions; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of failure to be equipped with required pollution control equipment if the person operates a motor vehicle upon a highway or leaves a motor vehicle standing upon a highway and the vehicle is not equipped with a motor vehicle pollution control system, as defined under ORS 468.360, that is in compliance with motor vehicle pollutant, noise control and emission standards adopted by the Environmental Quality Commission under ORS 468.370.

(2) A person shall not be found in violation of this section if a valid certificate of compliance has been issued for the vehicle pursuant to rules of the Environmental Quality Commission and the issuance occurred in compliance with ORS 815.310. Whenever a certificate of compliance is revoked, suspended or restricted because a certified system, as defined in ORS 468.360, or factory-installed system, as defined in ORS 468.360, has been found to be unsafe in actual use or is otherwise mechanically defective, the defect must be corrected or the system must be brought into compliance with the rules of the commission within 30 days after such finding.

(3) Exemptions to this section are established under ORS 815.300. In addition to such exemptions, the following exemptions to this section are established:

(a) If the Environmental Quality Commission adopts a rule under ORS 468.370 requiring certified or factory-installed systems on motor vehicles registered in designated counties, such vehicles are not required to be in compliance with such rules until after the date of registration, reregistration or renewal of the vehicle immediately subsequent to the effective date of the rule.

(b) Implements of husbandry, road machinery, road rollers and farm tractors are exempt from this section.

(c) Antique vehicles maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses, but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property, are exempt from this section.

(4) The offense described in this section, failure to be equipped with required pollution control equipment, is a Class B traffic infraction. [1983 c.338 §504; 1985 c.16 §262; 1985 c 393 §27]

815.300 Exemptions from requirement to be equipped with pollution control system. This section establishes exemptions from the requirements under ORS 815.295 to be equipped with a certified pollution control system. Exemptions established by this section are in addition to any exemptions established by ORS 801.025. The exemptions established in this section are also applicable to requirements for certification of pollution control equipment before registration under ORS 803.350 and 803.465. All of the following vehicles are exempt from the requirements under ORS 815.295:

(1) Any vehicle that is not a motor vehicle.

(2) Any vehicle unless the vehicle is registered within:

(a) The boundaries designated in ORS 268.125, of the metropolitan service district

formed under ORS chapter 268 for the metropolitan area, as defined in ORS 268.020 (3), which includes the City of Portland, Oregon.

(b) Boundaries designated by the Environmental Quality Commission under ORS 468.397.

(3) Any new motor vehicle or new motor vehicle engine when the registration results from the initial retail sale thereof.

(4) Any motor vehicle with a model year that predates by more than 20 years the year in which registration or renewal of registration is required.

(5) Motor vehicles that are registered as farm vehicles under ORS 805.300 or apportioned farm vehicles under ORS 805.300.

(6) Special interest vehicles that are maintained as collectors' items and used for exhibitions, parades, club activities and similar uses but not used primarily for the transportation of persons or property.

(7) Fixed load vehicles.

(8) Vehicles that are proportionally registered under ORS 805.140 and 805.150 in accordance with agreements established under ORS 802.510.

(9) Electric motor vehicles.

(10) First response rescue units operated by political subdivisions of this state that are not used to transport persons suffering from illness, injury or disability. [1983 c 338 §505; 1985 c 16 §263; 1985 c.222 §5]

815.305 Disconnection or alteration of pollution control equipment; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of unlawful disconnection or alteration of pollution control equipment if the person does any of the following:

(a) Disconnects or permits to be disconnected a factory installed motor vehicle air pollution control device or a factory-installed system, as defined in ORS 468.360, or knowingly and wilfully permits such device or factory-installed system to become or remain inoperative.

(b) Modifies or alters a certified system or factory-installed system, as defined in ORS 468.360, in a manner that decreases its efficiency or effectiveness in the control of air pollution.

(2) The following exemptions to this section are established:

(a) This section does not apply when factory-installed motor vehicle air pollution control equipment, systems or devices are disconnected for the purpose of conversion to gaseous fuels including, but not limited to, liquefied petroleum gases and natural gases in liquefied or gaseous form.

(b) This section is not intended to prohibit the use of replacement, conversion, turbocharger or other alternative components in a certified or factory-installed system if the components do not significantly affect the efficiency or effectiveness of the system in controlling air pollution.

(3) The offense described in this section, unlawful disconnection or alteration of pollution control equipment, is a Class A misdemeanor, but each day of violation does not constitute a separate offense. [1983 c.338 §506]

815.310 Certificate of compliance with requirements; contents; government vehicles; fleet vehicles. When a certificate of compliance with pollution control equipment requirements is required under ORS 803.350, 803.465 and 815.295 the following apply unless exempted under ORS 815.300:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the certificate must comply with all the following:

(a) It must be signed by a person licensed and qualified under ORS 468.390.

(b) It must be dated not more than 90 days prior to the motor vehicle registration or renewal of registration.

(c) It must be on a form supplied by the Department of Environmental Quality and must include such information as the department may require.

(2) Each motor vehicle that is registered as a government-owned vehicle under ORS 805.040 must be certified annually in order that registration shall continue to be sufficient. For local government vehicles, the certificate may be provided through self-testing facilities provided by local governmental agencies. Local governmental agencies providing self-testing facilities shall not be charged a fee in connection with provision of the required certificate. However, a reasonable fee covering department expenses in administering such self-testing programs may be charged.

(3) The owner of a fleet registered under ORS 805.120 may certify compliance by submitting to the division certificates of compliance with pollution control equipment requirements on forms approved by the Department of Environmental Quality that certify compliance of such vehicles within a year prior to the registration or renewal of registration of the vehicles. [1983 c.338 §215, 1985 c.16 §82]

815.315 Use of improper certificate for pollution control system; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of use of improper certificate for pollution control system if the

person makes, issues or knowingly uses any imitation or counterfeit of a certificate of compliance described under ORS 815.310.

(2) The offense described in this section, use of improper certificate for pollution control system, is a Class C traffic infraction, but each day of violation does not constitute a separate offense. [1983 c 338 §216]

815.320 Unlawful certification of compliance with pollution control requirements; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of unlawful certification of compliance with pollution control requirements if the person does any of the following:

(a) Falsely certifies that a motor vehicle is equipped with a functioning certified system, as defined in ORS 468.360, or that the motor vehicle complies with the rules and standards adopted by the Environmental Quality Commission under ORS 468.370.

(b) Falsifies any information on the certificate of compliance described under ORS 815.310.

(c) With a purpose to defraud or with intent, causes registration of a motor vehicle that would not otherwise be eligible for registration because of its failure to comply with rules and standards adopted by the Environmental Quality Commission under ORS 468.370.

(2) The offense described in this section, unlawful certification of compliance with pollution control requirements, is a Class A misdemeanor, but each day of violation does not constitute a separate offense. [1983 c.338 §217]

815.325 Unlawfully requiring repair for certification of compliance with pollution control requirements; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of unlawfully requiring repair for certification with pollution control requirements if the person requires as a condition of the issuance of a certification of compliance described under ORS 815.310 any repairs or services unnecessary for compliance with rules or standards adopted under ORS 468.360, 468.365, 468.375 and 468.395.

(2) The offense described in this section, unlawfully requiring repair for certification of compliance with pollution control requirements, is a Class A misdemeanor, but each day of violation does not constitute a separate offense. [1983 c.338 §218]

(Odometer Requirements and Offenses)

815.400 Odometer reading requirements; exemptions. This section establishes

requirements relating to odometer readings and exemptions from odometer readings for purposes of ORS 803.015, 803.050, 803.095, 803.370, 803.475, 805.120 and 815.415. The following provisions relate to odometer readings under the described sections:

(1) Odometer readings shall be in the form required by the division.

(2) A person required to make the odometer reading shall provide all of the following information:

(a) The name of the person making the odometer reading.

(b) The date of the odometer reading.

(c) A description of the vehicle including the make, model, year, body type and vehicle identification number.

(d) The reading on the odometer of the vehicle and whether the reading is expressed in miles or kilometers.

(e) Whether, to the best of knowledge of the person, the odometer reading reflects the actual mileage of the vehicle.

(f) Whether, to the best of knowledge of the person, the odometer reading reflects an amount of mileage in excess of the designed mechanical limit of 99,999 miles or kilometers on the odometer of the vehicle.

(g) Whether, to the best of knowledge of the person, the odometer reading is not the actual mileage for the vehicle and should not be relied upon.

(h) Whether, to the best of knowledge of the person, the odometer was altered, set back or disconnected while in the possession of the person or while in the possession of another.

(i) If the odometer was altered for repair or replacement while in the possession of the person and whether the mileage registered on the repaired or replaced odometer was identical to that shown before such service.

(j) If the odometer was repaired or replaced and was incapable of registering the same mileage as before such service, whether the odometer was reset, the reading on the reset odometer and the reading on the odometer before such service.

(k) Any other information the division, by rule, requires. The division may use authority granted by this paragraph to:

(A) Establish any requirements the division determines will help protect consumers from fraudulent odometer readings.

(B) Require information on odometer reading forms concerning penalties relating to odometer readings or odometer alteration.

(C) Conform odometer reading requirements to federal law in a manner that will allow this state's odometer reporting requirements to be used for purposes of federal odometer reporting requirements established by the Motor Vehicles Information and Cost Savings Act, 15 U.S.C. 1988, or rules adopted thereunder.

(3) When an odometer reading is required at time of transfer of a vehicle, the person required to make the odometer reading shall also provide all of the following information:

- (a) The date of transfer.
- (b) The transferor's name and address.
- (c) The transferee's name and address.

(4) The following vehicles are not subject to odometer reading requirements:

- (a) Any vehicle that is not a motor vehicle.
- (b) Any vehicle that is not equipped with an odometer at time of manufacture.
- (c) Any vehicle that has been reported stolen if title to the vehicle is being transferred to a security interest holder or an insurance company.
- (d) Any vehicle registered under ORS 805.140 or 805.150.

(e) Any other vehicle the division determines, by rule, should not be subject to odometer reading requirements because the requirements are not necessary to protect consumers.

(5) The following offenses relate to odometer readings described by this section:

(a) The offense of failure to submit an odometer reading as described under ORS 815.425.

(b) The offense of submitting a false odometer reading as described under ORS 815.430. [1985 c 251 §8]

815.405 Division review of readings; reports. (1) The Motor Vehicles Division may establish a program of reviewing division records and odometer reading reports described under ORS 815.400 to determine vehicles that may have incorrect odometer readings or on which the odometer may have been altered. The program may include any procedures the division determines appropriate including, but not limited to, the comparison of odometer readings for individual vehicles with statistical information on statistically average mileage for vehicles within a certain period of time.

(2) If the division determines under this section that it is likely that a vehicle or vehicles have incorrect odometer readings or have odometers that have been illegally altered, the division may do any of the following:

(a) Report the findings of the division to the owners or purchasers of the vehicles.

(b) Report the findings of the division to enforcement officials charged with enforcing laws relating to odometers, including, but not limited to, police officials, district attorneys or the Attorney General's office. [1985 c.251 §9]

815.410 Illegal odometer tampering; prohibition; exceptions; civil remedy; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of illegal odometer tampering if the person does any of the following:

(a) Advertises for sale, sells, uses or installs on any part of a motor vehicle or on any odometer in a motor vehicle any device which causes the odometer to register any mileage other than the true mileage driven. For the purposes of this paragraph the true mileage driven is that mileage driven by the vehicle as registered by the odometer within the manufacturer's designed tolerance.

(b) With the intent to defraud, operates a motor vehicle on any street or highway knowing that the odometer of such vehicle is disconnected or nonfunctional.

(c) Replaces, disconnects, turns back or resets the odometer of any motor vehicle with the intent to reduce the number of miles indicated on the odometer gauge.

(2) This section does not apply to a person who is servicing, repairing or replacing an odometer in compliance with ORS 815.415.

(3) The owner or subsequent purchaser of a vehicle may bring an action in an appropriate court of this state against any person who violates this section and may recover from the person an amount of \$1,500 or treble the actual damage caused by the violation, whichever is greater, plus costs and reasonable attorney fees. Only a single recovery is permitted under this subsection for any single violation of this section.

(4) The offense described in this section, illegal odometer tampering, is a Class C felony. [Formerly 646 860]

815.415 Unlawful repair of odometer; civil action; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of unlawful repair of an odometer if the person services, repairs or replaces the odometer on any vehicle and the person does not comply with all of the following:

(a) Whenever possible, the person shall perform the work on the odometer without changing the mileage reading from that shown on the odometer before the work is performed.

(b) If it is not possible to perform the work without changing the mileage reading, the person must do all of the following:

(A) Adjust the odometer reading to zero.

(B) Place a notice on the left door frame of the vehicle specifying the mileage reading prior to the work and the date the work was performed. A notice required under this subparagraph must be in writing and must be in a form established by the division by rule.

(C) Make an odometer reading of the type described under ORS 815.400 and submit the odometer reading to the division within 10 days of completing the work.

(2) The owner or any subsequent purchaser of a vehicle may bring an action in an appropriate court of this state against any person who violates this section and may recover from the person an amount of \$500 or twice the actual damages caused by the violation, whichever is greater, plus costs and reasonable attorney fees. Only a single recovery is permitted under this subsection for any single violation of this section.

(3) A person is not subject to the requirements for work performed on vehicles that are exempt from odometer reading requirements under ORS 815.400.

(4) The offense described in this section, unlawful repair of an odometer, is a Class C misdemeanor. [1985 c 251 §4]

815.420 Unlawfully removing odometer repair notice; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of unlawfully removing an odometer repair notice if the person removes any notice showing service, repair or replacement of an odometer with the mileage reading and the date of the work that has been placed on a vehicle in compliance with ORS 815.415.

(2) The offense described in this section, unlawfully removing an odometer repair notice, is a Class C misdemeanor. [1985 c.251 §5]

815.425 Failure to submit odometer reading; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of failure to submit an odometer reading if the person is required by ORS 803.050, 803.095, 803.370, 803.475, 805.120 or 815.415 to submit an odometer reading of the type described under ORS 815.400 and the person fails to submit the required odometer reading.

(2) The offense described in this section, failure to submit an odometer reading, is a Class C misdemeanor. [1985 c.251 §6]

815.430 Submitting false odometer reading; penalty. (1) A person commits the offense of submitting a false odometer reading if the person knowingly makes any false statement or provides any false information on an odometer reading described under ORS 815.400.

(2) The offense described in this section, submitting a false odometer reading, is a Class C felony. [1985 c.251 §7]

OREGON VEHICLE CODE
