

Chapter 537

1985 REPLACEMENT PART

Appropriation of Water Generally

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DEFINITIONS

537.010 Definition of "Water Rights Act." As used in this chapter, "Water Rights Act" means and embraces ORS 536 050, 537.120, 537 130, 537 140 to 537 250, 537 335 to 537 345, 538 420, 539 010 to 539 220, 540 010 to 540 120, 540 210 to 540 230, 540 310 to 540 430, 540.510 to 540 530 and 540 710 to 540 750 [Amended by 1985 c 673 §183]

GEOHERMAL WELLS

537.090 Laws applicable to geothermal wells. (1) The provisions of this chapter relating to appropriation and water rights do not apply to the production of fluid from a well with a bottom hole temperature of at least 250 degrees Fahrenheit

(2) Production of fluids from a well with a bottom hole temperature of at least 250 degrees Fahrenheit shall be regulated as a geothermal resource under the applicable sections of ORS chapter 522

(3) If the bottom hole temperature of a well that was initially less than 250 degrees Fahrenheit increases to at least 250 degrees Fahrenheit, the State Geologist and the Water Resources Commission, after consulting with the well owner, shall determine the agency with regulatory responsibility for that specific well This determination shall be documented in writing and shall supersede a determination made under subsection (2) of this section [1981 c 589 §3, 1985 c 673 §21]

537.095 Interference between geothermal well and other water appropriation. If interference between an existing geothermal well permitted under ORS chapter 522 and an existing water appropriation permitted under this chapter is found by either the State Geologist or the Water Resources Commission, the State Geologist and the Water Resources Commission shall work cooperatively to resolve the conflict and develop a cooperative management program for the area In determining what action should be taken, they shall consider the following goals

(1) Achieving the most beneficial use of the water and heat resources,

(2) Allowing all existing users of the resources to continue to use those resources to the greatest extent possible, and

(3) Insuring that the public interest in efficient use of water and heat resources is protected. [1981 c 589 §10, 1985 c 673 §22]

WATER USE REPORTING SYSTEM

Note Sections 1 to 4, chapter 616, Oregon Laws 1985, provide

Sec. 1. As used in sections 1 to 4 of this Act

(1) "Commission" means the Water Resources Commission

(2) "Department" means the Water Resources Department

(3) "Record owner" means the person who currently owns a water right perfected and developed under ORS 537 130 to 537 260, 537 505 to 537 795 or ORS chapter 539 If a water right is held in the name of a district or corporation organized under ORS chapter 545, 547, 552, 553 or 554, the district or corporation shall be considered the record owner for the purposes of sections 1 to 4 of this Act

Sec. 2 The information obtained by the Water Resources Department as to the extent and nature of the use of the water resources of this state shall be used by the department to carry out the functions of the department related to water resources planning and management

Sec. 3 (1) The Water Resources Department shall submit a written report to the Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly which shall include

(a) The information to be included in a statement of use,

(b) The department's proposed use of, and its need for, the information,

(c) An assessment of the availability of existing information about water use and information gathering techniques,

(d) Geographic areas or categories of record owners that the department may exempt from the requirement to submit a statement of use because the information gathered from certain geographic areas or categories is otherwise available, and

(e) Recommendations for a proposed form to be used for a statement of use

(2) In addition to the information provided under subsection (1) of this section, the department shall submit to the Joint Legislative Committee on Water Policy any proposed legislation the department considers necessary to implement a water use reporting system

Sec. 4 The Water Resources Commission shall establish by rule a schedule for submission of the initial statements of use In establishing the schedule, the commission may provide for staggered dates of initial submission, but shall require that at least some of the initial statements of use are submitted by January 1, 1989, and that all initial statements of use be submitted by January 1, 1994 A water use reporting system shall not be initiated without the approval of the Sixty-fourth Legislative Assembly

APPROPRIATION UNDER 1909 ACT

537.110 Public ownership of waters. All water within the state from all sources of water supply belongs to the public.

537.120 Right of appropriation; vested rights protected. Subject to existing rights,

and except as otherwise provided in ORS chapter 538, all waters within the state may be appropriated for beneficial use, as provided in the Water Rights Act and not otherwise, but nothing contained in the Water Rights Act shall be so construed as to take away or impair the vested right of any person to any water or to the use of any water.

537.130 Permit to appropriate water required. (1) Except for the use exempted under ORS 537 142, any person intending to acquire the right to the beneficial use of any of the surface waters of this state shall, before beginning construction, enlargement or extension of any ditch, canal or other distributing or controlling works, or performing any work in connection with the construction, or proposed appropriation, make an application to the Water Resources Commission for a permit to make the appropriation

(2) Except for the use exempted under ORS 537 142, no person shall use, store or divert any waters until after the commission issues a permit to appropriate the waters [Amended by 1985 c 310 §3, 1985 c 673 §25]

537.135 Permit required to appropriate surface water for recharging ground water sources; appropriation of excess ground water. (1) The appropriation of surface water for the purpose of recharging ground water basins or reservoirs is declared to be for a beneficial purpose Permits for such appropriation may be granted by the Water Resources Commission on application made therefor Any such application shall substantially comply with ORS 537 140 and shall be subject to the provisions of ORS 537 150 to 537.230, as are other applications and permits to appropriate water

(2) Approval by the commission of an application for a permit to divert surface water for the recharging of a ground water basin or reservoir shall constitute permission to divert only those waters which have been determined by the commission to be surplus waters and which if not diverted would run to waste The conditions of the diversion shall be stated in the permit to divert the surface waters and may include special provisions or requirements relating to recharge that in the opinion of the commission are necessary for the protection of the ground water supply A permit issued under this section shall not establish priority of right as against future appropriations of surface water for beneficial uses, other than ground water recharge, or for storage for such beneficial uses

(3) Any person or public agency holding a permit to appropriate surface water for the pur-

pose of recharging ground water basins or reservoirs as provided in subsection (1) of this section and who has perfected the right by actual recharge of a ground water basin may apply to the commission for a permit to withdraw from the recharged ground water basin or reservoir any water which the person or public agency can establish, to the satisfaction of the commission, as available for withdrawal as a result of the recharge and in excess of the ground water which would be available if the recharge were not practiced.

(4) Any permit issued under this section shall be subject to cancellation for abandonment as provided in ORS 540 610 to 540 650. [1961 c 402 §1, 1985 c 673 §26]

537.140 Application for permit; contents; maps and drawings. (1)(a) Each application for a permit to appropriate water shall set forth the

(A) Name and post-office address of the applicant,

(B) Source of water supply,

(C) Nature and amount of the proposed use;

(D) Location and description of the proposed ditch, canal or other work,

(E) Time within which it is proposed to begin construction,

(F) Time required for completion of the construction, and

(G) Time for the complete application of the water to the proposed use

(b) If for agricultural purposes, the application shall give the legal subdivisions of the land and the acreage to be irrigated, as near as may be

(c) If for power purposes, the application shall give the nature of the works by means of which the power is to be developed, the head and amount of water to be utilized, and the uses to which the power is to be applied

(d) If for construction of a reservoir, the application shall give the height of dam, the capacity of the reservoir, and the uses to be made of the impounded waters

(e) If for municipal water supply, the application shall give the present population to be served, and, as near as may be, the future requirements of the city

(f) If for mining purposes, the application shall give the nature of the mines to be served, and the methods of supplying and utilizing the water

(2) Each application shall be accompanied by any map or drawing and all other data concerning the proposed project and the applicant's ability and intention to construct the project, as may be prescribed by the Water Resources Commission. The accompanying data shall be considered a part of the application. [Amended by 1985 c 673 §27]

537.142 Water right permit or certificate not required for egg incubation project under salmon and trout enhancement program. (1) No water right certificate or permit is required for the use of the surface waters of this state if.

(a) The water is to be used for an egg incubation project implemented under the salmon and trout enhancement program under ORS 496 430 to 496 460, and

(b) The project will use less than 30 gallons per minute of water

(2) The use of water for an egg incubation project under subsection (1) of this section is a beneficial use and such use shall be allowed on all the waters of this state, whether or not the project is located on waters of this state for which the use is restricted pursuant to any of the following

(a) A scenic waterway designation under ORS 390 805 to 390 925

(b) A statutory withdrawal from appropriation under ORS chapter 538

(c) A program adopted by the Water Resources Commission under ORS 536 300 to 536 400

(d) An administrative withdrawal from appropriation by the Water Resources Director or the Water Resources Commission

(e) Any other statutory or administrative restriction on the use of the waters.

(3) If the use of the waters of this state under subsection (1) of this section conflicts with the use of water under a permit issued under ORS 537 240 or a use allowed under a water right certificate issued under ORS 537 250, the use permitted under subsection (1) of this section shall be subordinate. [1985 c 310 §2]

537.145 Notice of filing of application to appropriate water for hydroelectric purposes. (1) Whenever an application is made for a permit to appropriate water for hydroelectric purposes, the Water Resources Commission shall give written notice of the filing of the application to the owner of any land that is

(a) Adjacent to any portion of the stream in which the quantity of water will be decreased by the project, or

(b) Adjacent to the site of the proposed hydroelectric project

(2) The commission shall also publish notice of the application once each week for at least four successive weeks and for such further time, if any, as the commission shall determine, in a newspaper of general circulation in each county in which the project covered by the application is located. [1985 c 569 §22]

537.150 Filing of application; curing defects; recording. (1) Upon receipt of an application the Water Resources Commission shall indorse on the application the date of its receipt and keep a record of the same. If, upon examination, the application is found to be defective, or to lack satisfactory proof of the applicant's ability to finance and construct the proposed project or of the applicant's intention in good faith to construct it with due diligence, the application shall be returned for correction or completion or for the supplying of such proof. The date of, and reasons for, the return shall be indorsed thereon and made a record in the Water Resources Department

(2) No application shall lose its priority of filing on account of such defects, provided acceptable data, proofs, maps and drawings are filed in the Water Resources Department within 30 days from date of return to the applicant, or such further time, not exceeding one year, as may be given by the commission. All applications which comply with the provisions of law shall be recorded in a suitable book kept for that purpose. [Amended by 1985 c 673 §28]

537.160 Approval for beneficial use; agreement authorizing use of ditch for waste or seepage water; proof of ability to construct project required. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and of ORS 537 170 to 537 190, the Water Resources Commission shall approve all applications made in proper form which contemplate the application of water to a beneficial use, unless the proposed use conflicts with existing rights

(2) The Water Resources Commission may not approve an application for a permit to appropriate waste or seepage water, which is to be carried through an existing ditch or canal not owned wholly by the applicant until the applicant files with the commission an agreement between the applicant and the owner of the ditch or canal, authorizing its use by the applicant to carry the water

(3) The commission shall reject every application for a permit to appropriate water in

excess of a flow of 10 cubic feet per second, if the applicant fails, after 30 days' notice and demand from the commission, to furnish proof satisfactory to the commission of the applicant's ability to construct the proposed project, and of the applicant's intention in good faith to construct it with due diligence

(4) The commission shall reject every application for a permit to appropriate water to develop hydroelectric power if the commission finds that the proposed project does not comply with the standards set forth in ORS 543 017 or rules adopted by the commission under ORS 543 017 [Amended by 1985 c 569 §18, 1985 c 673 §197]

537.170 Reference of application to commission in certain cases; hearing; order; policy; referral to Water Resources Director. (1) If, in the judgment of the Water Resources Commission, the proposed use may prejudicially affect the public interest, or is to develop hydroelectric power in excess of 100 theoretical horsepower, the commission shall hold a public hearing on the application on proper notice to the applicant and to anyone objecting to the proposed use

(2) If applicable, an application to appropriate water for the generation of electricity submitted under ORS 537 140 shall be included in the consolidated review and hearings process under ORS 543 255

(3) If, in the opinion of the commission, sufficient information is not available to enable the commission to determine whether or not the proposed use would impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the commission may enter an interim order continuing the hearing for a period not to exceed three years, unless extended by the commission, to afford all interested persons an opportunity to complete investigations to obtain the required information. The interim order may specify in particular the information required for the commission's determination

(4) If, after the hearing, the commission determines that the proposed use does not comply with the standards set forth in ORS 543.017 or rules adopted by the commission under ORS 543 017 or would otherwise impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the commission shall enter an order rejecting the application or requiring its modification to conform to the public interest, to the end that the highest public benefit may result from the use to which the water is applied. If, after the hearing, the commission determines that the proposed use would not impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the commission shall enter an order approving

the application. An order approving an application or requiring its modification may set forth any of the provisions or restrictions to be included in the permit concerning the use, control and management of the water to be appropriated for the project, including, but not limited to, a specification of reservoir operation and minimum releases to protect the public interest

(5) In determining whether the proposed use would impair or be detrimental to the public interest, the Water Resources Commission shall consider

(a) Conserving the highest use of the water for all purposes, including irrigation, domestic use, municipal water supply, power development, public recreation, protection of commercial and game fishing and wildlife, fire protection, mining, industrial purposes, navigation, scenic attraction or any other beneficial use to which the water may be applied for which it may have a special value to the public

(b) The maximum economic development of the waters involved

(c) The control of the waters of this state for all beneficial purposes, including drainage, sanitation and flood control

(d) The amount of waters available for appropriation for beneficial use

(e) The prevention of wasteful, uneconomic, impracticable or unreasonable use of the waters involved

(f) All vested and inchoate rights to the waters of this state or to the use of the waters of this state, and the means necessary to protect such rights

(g) The state water resources policy formulated under ORS 536 300 to 536 350 and 537 505 to 537 525

(6) After the commission enters an order under subsection (4) of this section, the application for a permit shall be referred to the Water Resources Director for further proceedings consistent with the order. [Amended by 1955 c 707 §36, 1961 c 224 §12, 1963 c 378 §1, 1975 c 581 §26, 1985 c 569 §19, 1985 c 673 §30]

537.180 Hearing on proposed use.

Whenever, in the opinion of the Water Resources Commission, a hearing is necessary to determine whether the proposed use described in an application will conflict with existing rights or be prejudicial to the public interest, the commission shall conduct the hearing according to the provisions for a contested case hearing under ORS 183 310 to 183 550 [Amended by 1971 c 734 §78, 1985 c 673 §31]

537 185 [1971 c 734 §80, repealed by 1985 c 673 §185]

537.190 Terms and conditions of approval; municipal water supplies; release of stored water. (1) The Water Resources Commission may approve an application for less water than applied for, or upon terms, limitations and conditions necessary for the protection of the public interest, including terms, limitations and conditions relating to the release of water from an impoundment or diversion structure necessary to prevent rapid fluctuation in the stream level below the structure which may create a hazard to life or property, if there exists substantial reason therefor. In any event the commission shall not approve an application for more water than can be applied to a beneficial use.

(2) The commission may approve an application for a municipal water supply to the exclusion of all subsequent appropriations, if the exigencies of the case demand.

(3) When conditions beyond the control of the owner or operator of an impoundment or diversion structure, to which terms, limitations and conditions made as provided in subsection (1) of this section relate, threaten the safety of the structure and the release of water from the structure contrary to such terms, limitations and conditions is or may be necessary to remove the threat.

(a) The terms, limitations and conditions shall not apply to such release of water.

(b) The owner, operator or person in immediate charge of the structure shall immediately notify the Water Resources Department by telegraph or telephone of the situation.

(c) The owner, operator or person in immediate charge of the structure shall immediately notify, to the best of the person's ability, those persons whose life or property may be threatened by the release of water. [Amended by 1959 c 624 §3, subsection (3) enacted as 1959 c 624 §5, 1985 c 673 §32]

537 200 [Amended by 1955 c 707 §37, repealed by 1971 c 734 §21]

537 210 [Repealed by 1981 c 61 §1 (537 211 enacted in lieu of 537 210)]

537.211 Issuance of permit if application approved; contents of permit; effect; rejection of application. (1) The approval of an application referred to in ORS 537 140 or 537 345 shall be set forth in a water right permit issued by the Water Resources Commission. The permit shall specify the details of the authorized use and shall set forth any terms, limitations and conditions as the commission

considers appropriate including but not limited to any applicable condition required under ORS 537 289. A copy of the permit shall be filed as a public record in the Water Resources Department. The permit shall be mailed to the applicant, and upon receipt of the permit the permittee may proceed with the construction of the necessary works and may take all action required to apply the water to the designated beneficial use and to perfect the proposed appropriation.

(2) If an application referred to in ORS 537 140 or 537 345 is rejected, the commission shall enter a written order setting forth the reasons for the rejection. The applicant shall take no action towards construction of the works or use of the water. The commission shall mail a copy of the order to the applicant. [1981 c 61 §2 (enacted in lieu of 537 210), 1985 c 392 §10, 1985 c 673 §33]

537.220 Assignment of permit. Any permit or license to appropriate water may be assigned, subject to the conditions of the permit, but no such assignment shall be binding, except upon the parties to the assignment, unless filed for record in the Water Resources Department. [Amended by 1985 c 673 §34]

537.230 Time for beginning and completing work; extension. (1) Except as provided in ORS 537 240 or under an application by a municipal corporation for municipal uses or purposes, actual construction work shall begin within one year from the date of approval of the application. The construction of any proposed irrigation or other work shall be prosecuted with reasonable diligence and be completed within a reasonable time, as fixed in the permit by the Water Resources Commission, not to exceed five years from the date of approval.

(2) Except as provided in ORS 537 240, the commission, for good cause shown, shall order and allow an extension of time, including an extension beyond the five-year limit established in subsection (1) of this section within which irrigation or other works shall be completed or the right perfected. In determining the extension, the commission shall give due weight to the considerations described under ORS 539 010 (5). [Amended by 1985 c 617 §1, 1985 c 673 §201]

537.240 Federal permit; time for obtaining; cancellation; time for beginning and completing work. (1) In any case where a permit from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission is or shall be required in connection with the development of the applicant's proposed project, the applicant shall make application for the necessary federal permit or license within six

months, or, if the applicant is a municipal corporation, within 10 years, from the date of filing application for appropriation of water with the Water Resources Commission

(2) Upon failure of the applicant to file with the commission, within 30 days after the expiration of the period above prescribed, satisfactory proof that application for the federal permit or license has been duly made, the application to appropriate water shall be terminated and become void

(3) Where the application for the necessary permit or license from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission is finally rejected or disallowed, or if after being granted, the permit or license is revoked or forfeited because of failure to begin or carry on the construction work when and as required by the permit or license, then the commission shall, upon the filing in the Water Resources Department of satisfactory proof of such fact, revoke and cancel any permit issued by the commission for appropriation of water for use in the project for which the federal permit or license was required

(4) In case of any permit issued for the appropriation of water for the utilization of which a permit or license from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission is necessary, the time to be allowed for the beginning and completion of construction under the permit from the commission shall be made to conform to the time fixed for such beginning and completion in the permit or license, and in any extension thereof, issued for the project by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission [Amended by 1985 c 673 §36]

537.250 Water right certificate; issuance; recordation; duration of rights; date of accrual. (1) Upon it appearing to the satisfaction of the Water Resources Commission that an appropriation has been perfected in accordance with the provisions of the Water Rights Act, the commission shall issue to the applicant a certificate issued under subsection (1) of this section of the same character as that described in ORS 539 140. The certificate shall be recorded and transmitted to the applicant as provided in that section

(2) Rights to the use of water acquired under the provisions of the Water Rights Act, as set forth in a certificate, shall continue in the owner thereof so long as the water shall be applied to a beneficial use under and in accordance with the terms of the certificate, subject only to loss by nonuse as specified and provided in ORS 540 610 or as provided in ORS 537 297

(3) The right acquired by an appropriation shall date from the filing of the application with the commission [Amended by 1985 c 392 §11, 1985 c 673 §191]

537.260 Cancellation of permit for failure of proof of completion of work; issuance of limited certificate; contest of issuance of certificate. (1) Whenever the time within which any appropriation under a permit should have been perfected has expired and the owner of the permit fails or refuses within three months thereafter to submit to the Water Resources Commission proof of completion of the appropriation as required by ORS 537 230 and 537 250, the commission may, after 60 days' notice by registered mail, order the cancellation of the permit. The cancellation shall have the same force and effect as cancellation of a permit in the proceedings provided for in ORS 537 410 to 537 450

(2) The commission may determine the extent to which an appropriation has been perfected under any permit at the time of submission of final proof provided for in ORS 537 250, and shall limit the certificate provided for in that section to a description of such appropriation as has been actually perfected to the extent that the water applied for has been actually applied to the beneficial use contemplated in the permit

(3) Any person owning an application, permit or water right certificate subsequent in priority may jointly or severally contest before the commission the issuance of the water right certificate at any time before it has issued, and after the time has expired for the completion of the appropriation under the permit, or within three months after issuance of the certificate. The contest shall be brought upon application made, and hearing shall be had in the same manner and after notice as provided in ORS 537 420 for proceedings for cancellation of permits. The commission, in a final order, may cancel the permit or determine the extent to which the appropriation claimed thereunder has been perfected, and issue a water right certificate accordingly, or if a certificate has been issued, in the case of a contest within three months after its issuance, the commission may cancel the water right certificate, or affirm its issuance, and if the water right certificate in such case is canceled, the permit upon which it is based shall also be canceled [Amended by 1983 c 740 §211, 1985 c 673 §38]

537.270 Conclusiveness of certificate.

A water right certificate issued in accordance with the provisions of ORS 537 250 which, after the expiration of three months from the date it is issued, has not been contested and canceled in the manner provided in ORS 537 260, and a water right certificate, when issued under ORS 539 140, shall be conclusive evidence of the priority and extent of the appropriation therein described in any proceeding in any court or tribunal of the state, except in those cases where the rights of appropriation thereby described have been abandoned subsequent to issuance of the certificate

537 280 [Renumbered 537 335]

537.282 Definition of "municipal applicant." As used in ORS 537 282 to 537 299, "municipal applicant" means any municipal corporation or district as defined in ORS 543 655 that has applied for a permit to appropriate water for the purpose of generating hydroelectric power under the provisions of this chapter, or that has been accorded any right or preference under ORS 543.260, 543 270 or 543 610 [1985 c 392 §2]

537.285 Municipal applicant may develop hydroelectric project jointly with private person; restrictions. A municipal applicant may contract with a private person for the purpose of generating hydroelectric power. The municipal applicant shall retain sufficient benefit and interest in, and control of a joint project as necessary for the project to be considered a municipal project. A municipal applicant and a private person developing a joint project under this chapter must comply with the rules adopted by the Water Resources Commission under ORS 537 287 [1985 c 392 §3]

537.287 Rules for joint project of municipal applicant and private person.

The Water Resources Commission shall establish rules necessary to carry out the provisions of ORS 537 285. The rules shall include the amount of control over and interest in a joint project a municipal applicant must retain in order to receive the benefit of the municipal preference and proceed under the municipal application process set forth in this chapter [1985 c 392 §4]

537.289 Conditions to be imposed on permit of municipal corporation or district.

(1) Whenever the Water Resources Commission issues a permit under ORS 537 211 allowing a municipal corporation or district, as defined in ORS 543 655, to appropriate water for the purpose of generating hydroelectric power, the commission shall impose the following conditions on the permit, in addition to any other term, limitation or condition imposed under ORS 537 211

(a) That the permit may not be assigned to any nonmunicipal entity so as to result in a loss of ownership of the permit by a municipal corporation or district

(b) That the holder of the permit must remain qualified as a municipal applicant under ORS 537 285 and 537 287. If the municipal corporation or district proposes to generate hydroelectric power jointly with a nonmunicipal entity, that any proposed changes in the agreement between the municipal corporation and the nonmunicipal entity must be reviewed by the Water Resources Commission to determine whether or not the permittee remains qualified as a municipal applicant

(2) If the commission determines that a permittee no longer qualifies as a municipal applicant, the commission shall notify the permittee and any nonmunicipal entity developing a project with the permittee that the parties have 90 days to amend their joint relationship to continue qualifying as a municipal corporation or district [1985 c 392 §5, 1985 c 673 §186]

537.290 [Renumbered 537 340]

537.292 Conditions to be imposed on certificate of municipal corporation or district. (1) Whenever the Water Resources Commission issues a certificate under ORS 537 250 granting a municipal corporation or district as defined in ORS 543 655 the right to appropriate water for the purpose of generating hydroelectric power, the commission shall impose the following conditions on the certificate, in addition to any other term, limitation or condition imposed under ORS 537 250

(a) That the water right may not be assigned to any nonmunicipal entity so as to result in a loss of ownership of the certificate by the municipal corporation or district.

(b) That the holder of the water right certificate must remain qualified as a municipal applicant under ORS 537 285 and 537 287. If the municipal corporation or district is generating the hydroelectric power jointly with a nonmunicipal entity, that any proposed changes in the agreement between the municipal corporation and the nonmunicipal entity must be reviewed by the Water Resources Commission to determine whether or not the owner of the certificate remains qualified as a municipal applicant

(2) If the commission determines that an owner of a certificate no longer qualifies as a municipal applicant, the commission shall notify the owner of the certificate and any nonmunicipal entity developing or operating the

project jointly with the owner that the parties have 90 days to amend their joint agreement in a manner that allows the parties to continue to qualify as a municipal corporation or district [1985 c 392 §6, 1985 c 673 §187]

537.295 Cancellation of permit when holder fails to continue to qualify as municipal applicant. (1) If the holder of a permit to appropriate water for hydroelectric purposes under this chapter fails, after receiving notice under ORS 537 289 (2), to amend the joint agreement so the holder continues to qualify as a municipal applicant, or if the holder of the permit has assigned ownership of the permit to an entity other than a municipal corporation or district, the Water Resources Commission shall initiate proceedings to cancel the permit

(2) A proceeding to cancel a permit under subsection (1) of this section shall be conducted according to the provisions under ORS 183 310 to 183 550 for a contested case hearing [1985 c 392 §7, 1985 c 673 §188]

537.297 Cancellation of water right certificate when holder fails to continue to qualify as municipal applicant. (1) If the owner of a certificate to appropriate water for hydroelectric purposes under this chapter fails, after receiving notice under ORS 537 289 (2), to amend the joint agreement so the owner continues to qualify as a municipal applicant, or if the holder of the certificate has assigned ownership of the certificate to an entity other than a municipal corporation or district, the Water Resources Commission shall initiate proceedings to cancel the certificate

(2) A proceeding to cancel a certificate under subsection (1) of this section shall be conducted according to the provisions under ORS 183 310 to 183 550 for a contested case hearing [1985 c 392 §8, 1985 c 673 §189]

537.299 Consequences of cancellation of permit or certificate if holder no longer municipal applicant; conditions to protect public health and welfare. (1) If the Water Resources Commission cancels a permit or certificate under ORS 537 295 or 537 297, the municipal applicant may apply for a permit to appropriate water for hydroelectric purposes under this chapter, or the private developer may apply for a hydroelectric license under ORS chapter 543. However, the parties may not jointly apply for a permit to appropriate water for hydroelectric purposes pursuant to ORS 537 285

(2) When a permit or certificate is canceled under ORS 537 295 or 537.297, the cancellation order may include such conditions and require-

ments as the commission deems necessary for the public safety and welfare, including but not limited to

(a) Delay of the effective date of cancellation until such time as another entity is authorized to operate the facility under this chapter or ORS chapter 543, or

(b) Provision for operation of the facility during the period between cancellation and issuance of a new permit, certificate or license [1985 c 392 §9, 1985 c 673 §190]

537 300 [Subsection (2) enacted as 1961 c 187 §2, 1985 c 673 §39, renumbered 537 345]

537.310 Acquisition of water rights for railway purposes; certificates. (1) Any corporation organized for the construction, maintenance or operation of any railway may acquire, hold and appropriate to its use for railway purposes any waters within the state. The appropriation may be accomplished by the procedure provided by ORS 537 130 and 537 140 to 537 250. A railway corporation may acquire by purchase, gift or devise, or by condemnation as provided in subsection (2) of this section, any water rights owned by any person and the rights of other persons affected by change of place or character of use of the water rights. Upon acquisition of the water rights by the corporation the right shall be severed from the land of the grantor and simultaneously transferred and become appurtenant to the operating property of the railway corporation, without losing the priority of the water right as originally established

(2) Any such corporation may condemn and appropriate for railway operating purposes the rights of any private appropriator of waters within the state. The right of condemnation shall be exercised in the same manner as other property is condemned and appropriated for railway purposes, provided, that no water right so condemned shall exceed two cubic feet per second.

(3) Upon satisfactory proof of the acquisition of water rights by any such corporation through purchase, gift, devise or condemnation, the Water Resources Commission shall issue to the corporation a certificate of the same character as that described in ORS 539 140, which shall be recorded and transmitted to the corporation, as provided in that section. All certificates of water rights issued before May 29, 1925, by the Board of Control or the Water Resources Director to any such corporation shall be sufficient in law to convey to the corporation the water rights described in the certificates, and such certificates shall be received in evidence in all courts in this state [Amended by 1985 c 673 §40]

537.320 Entry on land for survey purposes, preliminary to appropriation and diversion of waters. Any person may enter upon any land for the purpose of locating a point of diversion of the water intended to be appropriated, and upon any land lying between such point and the lower terminus of the proposed ditch, canal or flume of the person, for the purpose of examining the same and of locating and surveying the line of such ditch, canal or flume, together with the lines of necessary distributing ditches and feeders, and to locate and determine the site for reservoirs for storing water.

537.330 Disclosure required in real estate transaction involving water right for irrigation purposes; exception; delivery of available certificate; effect of failure to comply. (1) In any transaction for the conveyance of real estate that includes a surface water right for irrigation purposes, the seller of the real estate shall, upon accepting an offer to purchase that real estate, also inform the purchaser in writing whether or not a certificate or certificates of water rights are available and that the seller will deliver the certificate or certificates to the purchaser at closing, if the certificate or certificates are available

(2) Upon closing and delivery of the instrument of conveyance in a real estate transaction involving the transfer of a surface water right for irrigation purposes, the seller shall also deliver to the purchaser the certificate of water rights if the certificate is available

(3) The failure of a seller to comply with the provisions of this section does not invalidate an instrument of conveyance executed in the transaction

(4) This section does not apply to any transaction for the conveyance of real estate that includes a surface water right when the certificate of water rights is held in the name of a district or corporation formed pursuant to ORS chapter 545, 547, 552, 553 or 554.

(5) As used in this section, "certificate of water rights" means a certificate issued pursuant to ORS 537 250 (1) or 539 140 [1979 c 535 §4, 1981 c 448 §1]

537.335 Valuation of water rights. In any valuation for rate-making purposes, or in any proceeding for the acquisition of rights to the use of water and the property used in connection therewith, under any license or statute of the United States or under the laws of Oregon, no value shall be recognized or allowed for such rights in excess of the actual cost to the owner of perfecting them in accordance with the provisions of the Water Rights Act. [Formerly 537 280]

537.340 Public recapture of water power rights and properties; no recapture of other rights. (1) Any certificate issued for power purposes to a person other than the United States, or the State of Oregon or any municipality thereof, shall provide that after the expiration of 50 years from the granting of the certificate or at the expiration of any federal power license, and after not less than two years' notice in writing to the holder of the certificate, the State of Oregon, or any municipality thereof, may take over the dams, plants and other structures, and all appurtenances thereto, which have been constructed for the purpose of devoting to beneficial use the water rights specified in the certificate. The taking over shall be upon condition that before taking possession the state or municipality shall pay not to exceed the fair value of the property taken, plus such reasonable damages, if any, to valuable, serviceable and dependent property of the holder of the certificate, not taken over, as may be caused by the severance therefrom of the property taken

(2) The fair value of the property taken and the severance damages, if any, shall be determined by agreement between the holder of the certificate and the state or municipality, or, in case they cannot agree, by proceedings in equity instituted by the state or municipality in the circuit court of the county in which the largest portion of the property is located

(3) The right of the state or any municipality to take over, maintain and operate any property which has devoted to beneficial use water rights specified in the certificate, by condemnation proceedings upon payment of just compensation, is expressly reserved

(4) The provision for the recapture of any rights other than for power purposes, as provided in this section, contained in any certificate issued before June 14, 1939, shall be of no force and effect and may be canceled from the records wherever recorded and a new certificate issued with the recapture clause eliminated

(5) The owner of any certificate issued before June 14, 1939, for such rights may, upon surrendering the certificate, receive a new certificate therefor issued under and subject to the provisions of this section [Formerly 537 290]

537.345 Reservoir permits. (1) All applications for reservoir permits shall be subject to the provisions of ORS 537 130 and 537 140 to 537 240, except that an enumeration of any lands proposed to be irrigated under the Water Rights Act shall not be required in the primary permit. But the party proposing to apply to a beneficial use the water stored in any such reservoir shall file an application for permit, to be known as the secondary permit, in compliance with the provisions of ORS 537 130 and 537 140 to 537 240. The application shall refer to the reservoir for a supply of water and shall show by documentary evidence that an agreement has been entered into with the owners of the reservoir for a permanent and sufficient interest in the reservoir to impound enough water for the purposes set forth in the application. When beneficial use has been completed and perfected under the secondary permit, the Water Resources Commission shall take the proof of the water user under the permit. The final certificate of appropriation shall refer to both the ditch described in the secondary permit and the reservoir described in the primary permit.

(2) Whenever application is made for permit to store water in a reservoir or pond for any beneficial use which does not contemplate future diversion of the stored water except by livestock drinking from stock water ponds, the extent of utilization thereof may be included in the reservoir permit and no secondary permit shall be required. However, in cases where water from a stream is required to maintain a reservoir or pond by replacing evaporation and seepage losses, or is required to maintain suitable fresh water conditions for the proposed use and to prevent stagnation, the applicant for permit to store water in such reservoir or pond shall also file an application for permit to appropriate the waters of the stream. [Formerly 537 300]

CANCELLATION OF PERMIT FOR APPROPRIATION

537.410 Failure to commence or complete work, or to properly apply water, as grounds for cancellation of permit; irrigation districts and municipalities excepted. (1) Whenever the owner of a permit to appropriate the public waters of Oregon fails to commence actual construction work within the time required by law, or having commenced construction work as required by law, fails or neglects to prosecute the construction work with reasonable diligence, or fails to complete the construction work within the time required by law, or as fixed in the permit, or within such further time as

may be allowed under ORS 537 230, or having completed construction work, fails or neglects to apply the water to beneficial use within the time fixed in the permit, the Water Resources Commission may cancel the permit on the records in the Water Resources Department as provided in ORS 537 410 to 537 450.

(2) However, permits issued by the commission to irrigation districts for reclamation purposes under the irrigation district laws of this state, or to municipal corporations for municipal uses or purposes, are not subject to cancellation under the provisions of ORS 537 410 to 537 450. [Amended by 1985 c 673 §41]

537.420 Notice of hearing; affidavits; service. (1) Whenever it appears to the Water Resources Commission that there are permits in the Water Resources Department, the owners or holders of which have failed or neglected to comply with the laws of the state and the requirements of the permits as to commencing or prosecuting work with due diligence, or completion of the work of construction, or the application of the water for a beneficial use, and the commission has reason to believe that any such permit is subject to cancellation as provided in ORS 537 410 to 537 450, the commission may, not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the hearing provided for in ORS 537 445, notify by registered mail each person having any claim or interest in the permit sought to be canceled, who appears from the records in the Water Resources Department to have such claim or interest. The notice shall require the holder of the permit to appear before the commission at the time and place designated in the notice, to show cause why the permit described in the notice should not be canceled for the reasons therein specified, and shall contain a brief statement of the grounds for cancellation.

(2) Service of the notice shall be complete upon depositing it within the time required in a post office within the state as registered mail, plainly addressed to each permit holder named in the notice at the last-known post-office address of the permit holder, so far as the same can be ascertained, or as such post-office address is set forth in the permit sought to be canceled, or in any assignment of the same on record in the Water Resources Department.

(3) The commission shall also within the same period of time notify, by registered mail, each holder or owner of a permit having subsequent priority to the permit sought to be canceled, which notice shall designate the time and place of the hearing upon the permit sought to be

canceled Any such holder or owner of a permit having subsequent priority may, at least 10 days before the time designated in the notice for the hearing, file with the commission affidavits in favor of cancellation with proof of service of a copy of each of the affidavits upon the holder of the permit sought to be canceled, or the attorney of the permit holder Prior to the time fixed for the hearing, the holder of any permit sought to be canceled may file with the commission affidavits against cancellation of the permit, which affidavits shall be served upon any holder or owner of a permit having subsequent priority who has served and filed affidavits upon the holder or owner in favor of cancellation of the permit The affidavits may be served either personally or by registered mail Service shall be deemed complete when the affidavit has been deposited in a post office within the state as registered mail [Amended by 1983 c 740 §212, 1985 c 673 §42]

537.430 [Repealed by 1971 c 734 §21]

537.440 Cancellation of permit; priorities of other permits. If the decision of the Water Resources Commission requires the cancellation of a permit, then the commission shall at once cancel, or have canceled, the permit Thereafter the permit shall be of no further force or effect, and shall not be recognized or admitted as evidence of any right or interest in or to the waters covered by it in any proceeding in the courts or before other tribunals of the state Permits having subsequent priority shall upon such cancellation have priority in the order of the filing of the applications upon which subsequent permits are based, as if the canceled permit, or the application upon which it was based, had never existed [Amended by 1985 c 673 §43]

537.445 Hearing upon proposal to cancel permit or appropriation; cancellation suspended pending review. (1) If the Water Resources Commission proposes to cancel a permit or appropriation under ORS 537.410 to 537.450, opportunity for hearing shall be accorded as provided in ORS 183.310 to 183.550

(2) If a petition for review of an order canceling a permit or appropriation is filed under ORS 536.075, the commission shall not cancel the permit or appropriation under ORS 537.440 until the petitioner's right of review is exhausted and the order is finally approved [1971 c 734 §82, 1985 c 673 §44]

537.450 Rules for proof as to work and use of water under permits; noncompliance as evidence in cancellation proceedings. The Water Resources Commission may by rule

provide that the owners of permits shall submit or furnish proofs of commencement of work, prosecution of work with due diligence, completion of work, and of the application of water to a beneficial use under the permits Failure to comply with the commission's rules in respect to the proofs shall be considered prima facie evidence of failure to commence work, prosecute work with due diligence, complete work, or apply water to the beneficial use contemplated by the permit in proceedings under ORS 537.410 to 537.440 for the cancellation of permits [Amended by 1985 c 673 §45]

APPROPRIATION OF UNDERGROUND WATERS (GROUND WATER ACT OF 1955)

537.505 Short title. ORS 537.505 to 537.795 shall be known as the "Ground Water Act of 1955" [1955 c 708 §1, 1963 c 293 §1]

537.510 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537.515 Definitions for ORS 537.505 to 537.795. As used in ORS 537.505 to 537.795, unless the context requires otherwise

(1) "Altering" a well means the deepening, recasing, perforating, re-perforating, the installation of packers or seals and other material changes in the design of the well

(2) "Constructing" a well includes boring, digging, drilling or excavating and installing casing or well screens

(3) "Ground water" means any water, except capillary moisture, beneath the land surface or beneath the bed of any stream, lake, reservoir or other body of surface water within the boundaries of this state, whatever may be the geological formation or structure in which such water stands, flows, percolates or otherwise moves

(4) "Ground water reservoir" means a designated body of standing or moving ground water having exterior boundaries which may be ascertained or reasonably inferred

(5) "Pollution" of ground water means any impairment of the natural quality of such ground water, however caused, including impairment by salines, minerals, industrial wastes, domestic wastes or sewage, whether indrafted directly or through infiltration into the ground water supply

(6) "Public agency" means the United States or any agency thereof, the State of Oregon or any agency thereof or any county, city, district organized for public purposes or other public corporation or political subdivision of this state

(7) "Well" means any artificial opening or artificially altered natural opening, however

made, by which ground water is sought or through which ground water flows under natural pressure or is artificially withdrawn, provided, that this definition shall not include a natural spring, or wells drilled for the purpose of

(a) Prospecting, exploration or production of oil or gas,

(b) Prospecting or exploration for geothermal resources, as defined in ORS 522 005, or

(c) Production of geothermal resources, as defined in ORS 522 005, derived from a depth of greater than 2,000 feet

(8) "Well drilling machine" means any power driven percussion, rotary, boring, digging or augering machine used in the construction of water wells [1959 c 708 §3, 1961 c 334 §6, 1975 c 552 §35]

537 520 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537.525 Policy. The Legislative Assembly recognizes, declares and finds that the right to reasonable control of all water within this state from all sources of water supply belongs to the public, and that in order to insure the preservation of the public welfare, safety and health it is necessary that

(1) Provision be made for the final determination of relative rights to appropriate ground water everywhere within this state and of other matters with regard thereto through a system of registration, permits and adjudication

(2) Rights to appropriate ground water and priority thereof be acknowledged and protected, except when, under certain conditions, the public welfare, safety and health require otherwise

(3) Beneficial use without waste, within the capacity of available sources, be the basis, measure and extent of the right to appropriate ground water

(4) All claims to rights to appropriate ground water be made a matter of public record

(5) Adequate and safe supplies of ground water for human consumption be assured, while conserving maximum supplies of ground water for agricultural, commercial, industrial, recreational and other beneficial uses.

(6) The location, extent, capacity, quality and other characteristics of particular sources of ground water be determined

(7) Reasonably stable ground water levels be determined and maintained

(8) Depletion of ground water supplies below economic levels, impairment of natural quality of ground water by pollution and wasteful practices in connection with ground water be prevented or controlled within practicable limits

(9) Whenever wasteful use of ground water, impairment of or interference with existing rights to appropriate surface water, declining ground water levels, interference among wells, overdraw-ing of ground water supplies or pollution of ground water exists or impends, controlled use of the ground water concerned be authorized and imposed under voluntary joint action by the Water Resources Commission and the ground water users concerned whenever possible, but by the commission under the police power of the state when such voluntary joint action is not taken or is ineffective.

(10) Location, construction, depth, capacity, yield and other characteristics of and matters in connection with wells be controlled in accordance with the purposes set forth in this section [1955 c 708 §2, 1985 c 673 §46]

537 530 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537.535 Unlawful use or appropriation of ground water, including well construction and operation. (1) No person or public agency shall use or attempt to use any ground water, construct or attempt to construct any well or other means of developing and securing ground water or operate or permit the operation of any well owned or controlled by such person or public agency except upon compliance with ORS 537 505 to 537 795 and any applicable order or rule adopted by the Water Resources Commission under ORS 537 505 to 537 795

(2) Except for those uses exempted under ORS 537 545, the use of ground water for any purpose, without a permit issued under ORS 537 625 or registration under ORS 537 605, is an unlawful appropriation of ground water [1955 c 708 §4, 1957 c 341 §5, subsection (2) enacted as 1961 c 668 §2, 1985 c 673 §47]

537 540 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537.545 Exempt uses. (1) No registration, certificate of registration, application for a permit, permit, certificate of completion or ground water right certificate under ORS 537 505 to 537 795 is required for the use of ground water for

(a) Stockwatering purposes,

(b) Watering any lawn or noncommercial garden not exceeding one-half acre in area,

(c) Watering the grounds, three acres in size or less, of schools that have less than 100 students and that are located in cities with a population of less than 10,000,

(d) Single or group domestic purposes in an amount not exceeding 15,000 gallons a day,

(e) Down-hole heat exchange purposes, or

(f) Any single industrial or commercial purpose in an amount not exceeding 5,000 gallons a day

(2) The use of ground water for any such purpose, to the extent that it is beneficial, constitutes a right to appropriate ground water equal to that established by a ground water right certificate issued under ORS 537 700. The Water Resources Commission may require any person or public agency using ground water for any such purpose to furnish information with regard to such ground water and the use thereof [1955 c 708 §5, 1983 c 372 §1, 1983 c 698 §1, 1985 c 673 §48]

537 550 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537 560 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537 570 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537.575 Permits granted, approved or pending under former law. Any permit granted or application for a permit approved under ORS 537 510, 537 520, 537 530, 537 540, 537 550, 537 560, 537 570, 537 580, 537 590 and 537 600 prior to and still valid and in effect on August 3, 1955, is considered to be a permit issued under ORS 537 625. Any application for a permit under ORS 537 510, 537 520, 537 530, 537 540, 537 550, 537 560, 537 570, 537 580, 537 590 and 537 600 prior to, pending and not yet approved on August 3, 1955, shall be governed as an application for a permit under ORS 537 615 to 537 625 [1955 c 708 §6(1)]

537 580 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537.585 Beneficial use of ground water prior to August 3, 1955, recognized as right to appropriate water when registered. Except as otherwise provided in ORS 537 545 or 537 575 or 537 595 and subject to determination under ORS 537 670 to 537 695, actual and lawful application of ground water to beneficial use prior to August 3, 1955, by or under the authority of any person or public agency or by or under the authority of a predecessor in interest of such person or public agency, when registered under ORS 537 605 and 537 610, is recognized as a right to appropriate ground water to the extent of the maximum beneficial use thereof at any time within two years prior to August 3, 1955 [1955 c 708 §6(2)]

537 590 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537.595 Construction or alteration of well commenced prior to August 3, 1955, recognized as right to appropriate water when registered. Except as otherwise provided in ORS 537 545 or 537 575 or 537 585 and subject to determination under ORS 537.670 to

537 695, when any person or public agency on August 3, 1955, is lawfully engaged in good faith in such construction, alteration or extension of a well for the application of ground water to beneficial use, the right to appropriate such ground water, upon completion of such construction, alteration or extension and application of the ground water to beneficial use within a reasonable time fixed by the Water Resources Commission, when registered under ORS 537 605 and 537 610, is recognized to the extent of the beneficial use of the ground water [1955 c 708 §6(3), 1985 c 673 §49]

537 600 [Repealed by 1955 c 708 §38]

537.605 Registration of right to appropriate ground water claimed under ORS 537.585 or 537.595; registration statement. (1) Any person or public agency claiming any right to appropriate ground water under ORS 537 585 or 537 595, except for any purpose exempt under ORS 537 545, is entitled to receive from the Water Resources Commission within three years after August 3, 1955, a certificate of registration as evidence of a right to appropriate ground water as provided in ORS 537 585 or 537 595. Failure of such person or public agency to file a registration statement within such period creates a presumption that any such claim has been abandoned.

(2) Upon receipt of a request for registration by any person or public agency referred to in subsection (1) of this section within the period specified, the commission shall provide such person or public agency with a separate registration statement for each well, which shall be completed and returned to the commission.

(3) Each registration statement shall be in a form prescribed by the commission, shall be under oath and shall contain

(a) The name and post-office address of the registrant

(b) The nature of the use by the registrant of the ground water upon which the claim of the registrant is based

(c) The dates when the ground water was or will be first applied to beneficial use and the dates when construction of the well was begun and completed

(d) The amount of ground water claimed

(e) If the ground water is used or is to be used for irrigation purposes, a description of the lands irrigated or to be irrigated, giving the number of acres irrigated or to be irrigated in each 40-acre legal subdivision, the dates of reclamation of each such legal subdivision and the date when the ground water was or will be completely applied

- (f) The depth to the water table
 - (g) The location of the well with reference to government survey corners or monuments or corners of recorded plats
 - (h) The depth, diameter and type of the well, and the kind and amount of the casing
 - (i) The capacity of the well and well pump in gallons per minute, and the horsepower of the well pump motor
 - (j) If the ground water is artesian or other ground water not requiring pumping, the rate of flow in gallons in such manner as the commission may prescribe
 - (k) The amount of ground water pumped or otherwise taken from the well each year
 - (L) A copy of the log of the completed well, if such log is available
 - (m) If the ground water supply is supplemental to an existing water supply, identification of any application for a permit, permit, certification or adjudicated right to appropriate water made or held by the registrant
 - (n) Such other information as the commission considers necessary
- (4) Each registration statement shall be accompanied by maps, drawings and other data as the commission considers necessary
- (5) The commission may require that any registration statement be supplemented after any well is fully completed by a statement containing such additional information as the commission considers necessary
- (6) Any person or public agency who failed to file a registration statement within the period set forth in subsection (1) of this section may file within one year after May 29, 1961, a petition with the commission requesting that the person be given an opportunity to rebut the presumption that the person has abandoned the claim. Upon the filing of such a petition the commission may schedule a hearing to take testimony and evidence on the date of well construction and the use of ground water or the commission may accept sworn statements in writing in support of such petition. No petition shall be denied without a public hearing. If it appears after hearing or from such sworn statements, that the person or public agency has a use of ground water that would be subject to determination under ORS 537 670 to 537 695 as defined in ORS 537 585 and 537 595, the commission shall issue an order authorizing the petitioner to file a registration statement as described under subsection (3) of this section. Upon receipt of the completed registration state-

ment the commission shall issue to the registrant a certificate of registration, as provided in ORS 537 610 [1955 c 708 §7, 1957 c 341 §6, 1961 c 668 §3, 1985 c 673 §50]

537.610 Recording registration statement; issuing certificate of registration; effect of certificate. (1) The Water Resources Commission shall accept all registration statements referred to in ORS 537 605 completed and returned to the commission in proper form, indorse on the registration statement the date of the return and record each statement in a book kept for that purpose. Upon such recording the commission shall issue to the registrant a certificate as evidence that the registration is completed.

(2) Upon issuance of the certificate of registration the registrant is prima facie entitled to a right to appropriate the ground water and apply it to beneficial use to the extent and in the manner disclosed in the recorded registration statement and the certificate of registration.

(3) No certificate of registration issued under this section shall be construed as a final determination of any matter stated therein. The right of the registrant to appropriate ground water under a certificate of registration is subject to determination under ORS 537 670 to 537 695, and is not final or conclusive until so determined and a ground water right certificate issued. A right to appropriate ground water under a certificate of registration has a tentative priority from the date when the construction of the well was begun [1955 c 708 §8, 1985 c 673 §51]

537.615 Application for permit to acquire new right or enlarge an existing right to appropriate ground water. (1) Any person or public agency intending to acquire a wholly new right to appropriate ground water or to enlarge upon any existing right to appropriate ground water, except for any purpose exempt under ORS 537 545, shall apply to the Water Resources Commission for and be issued a permit before withdrawing or using the ground water.

(2) The application for a permit shall be in a form prescribed by the commission and shall contain

(a) The name and post-office address of the applicant

(b) The nature of the use by the applicant of the ground water for which the application is made

(c) The dates of the beginning and completion of the construction of any well or other means of developing and securing the ground water

(d) The date when the ground water will be completely applied to the proposed beneficial use

(e) The amount of ground water claimed

(f) If the ground water is to be used for irrigation purposes, a description of the lands to be irrigated, giving the number of acres to be irrigated in each 40-acre legal subdivision

(g) The depth to the water table, if known

(h) The location of each well with reference to government survey corners or monuments or corners of recorded plats

(i) The proposed depth, diameter and type of each well, and the kind and amount of the casing

(j) The estimated capacity of each well and each well pump in gallons per minute, and the horsepower of each well pump motor

(k) If the ground water is artesian or other ground water not requiring pumping, the rate of flow in gallons in such manner as the commission may prescribe

(L) If the ground water supply is supplemental to an existing water supply, identification of any application for a permit, permit, certificate or adjudicated right to appropriate water made or held by the applicant

(m) Any other information as the commission considers necessary

(3) Each application for a permit shall be accompanied by any maps and drawings the commission considers necessary [1955 c 708 §9, 1959 c 437 §3, 1985 c 673 §54]

537.620 Acceptance, recordation and approval of applications. (1) The Water Resources Commission shall accept all applications for permits submitted under ORS 537 615 in proper form, indorse thereon the date of receipt and record each application in a book kept for that purpose

(2) If the application is found to be defective, the commission shall return the application to the applicant to remedy the defect. The date of and the reasons for the return shall be indorsed on the application and the indorsement shall be made a record in the Water Resources Department. No application shall lose its priority of filing on account of any such defect, if an acceptable application is submitted to the commission within 30 days from the date of the return of the application to the applicant, or such further time, not exceeding one year, as may be allowed by the commission

(3) When an application discloses the probability of wasteful use or undue interference with existing wells or that any proposed use or well will

impair or substantially interfere with existing rights to appropriate surface water by others, the commission may impose conditions or limitations in the permit to prevent the same or reject the same after hearing, or, in the commission's discretion, initiate a proceeding for the determination of a critical ground water area under ORS 537 730 to 537 740

(4)(a) When an application discloses the probability that a proposed use or well will impair or interfere with the ability to extract heat from a well with a bottom hole temperature of at least 250 degrees Fahrenheit, the commission may

(A) Approve the permit,

(B) Impose conditions or limitations in the permit to prevent the probable interference or impairment,

(C) After a hearing, reject the application, or

(D) Initiate a proceeding for the determination of a critical ground water area under ORS 537 730 to 537 740

(b) In deciding whether to issue, deny or condition a permit under this subsection, the commission shall consider any orders or permits applicable to the reservoir issued by the governing board or State Geologist of the State Department of Geology and Mineral Industries under ORS chapter 522

(5) The Water Resources Commission may approve an application for less ground water than applied for or upon terms, conditions and limitations necessary for the protection of the public welfare, safety and health. In any event the commission shall not approve the application for more ground water than is applied for or than can be applied to a beneficial use. No application shall be approved when the same will deprive those having prior rights of appropriation for a beneficial use of the amount of water to which they are lawfully entitled [1955 c 708 §10, 1981 c 589 §4, 1985 c 673 §55]

537.622 Protest against issuance of permit; hearing. (1) Any owner of or claimant to a right to appropriate surface or ground water may file, jointly or severally, with the Water Resources Commission at any time before the issuance of a permit to appropriate ground water under ORS 537.625, a protest against the issuance of the permit

(2) Whenever, in the opinion of the commission, a hearing is necessary to determine whether the proposed use or well described in an application under ORS 537 615 will result in wasteful use of ground water or conflict with existing rights to appropriate surface or ground water the commis-

sion shall conduct the hearing as a contested case [1957 c 341 §2, 1983 c 740 §213, 1985 c 673 §56]

537.625 Issuance of permit if application approved; contents of permit; effect; rejection of application. (1) The approval of an application submitted under ORS 537 615 shall be set forth in a ground water right permit issued by the Water Resources Commission. The permit shall specify the details of the authorized use and shall set forth all terms, limitations and conditions as the commission considers appropriate. A copy of the permit shall be filed as a public record in the Water Resources Department. The commission shall mail the permit to the applicant, and upon receipt of the permit the permittee may proceed to take all action required to apply the water to the designated beneficial use and to perfect the proposed appropriation.

(2) If an application referred to in ORS 537 615 is rejected, the commission shall enter a written order setting forth the reasons for the rejection and the applicant shall take no action towards construction of the works or use of the water. A copy of the order shall be mailed to the applicant.

(3) A right to appropriate ground water under a permit has a priority from the date when the application was filed with the commission [1955 c 708 §11, 1959 c 437 §4, 1981 c 61 §3, 1985 c 673 §57]

537.630 Construction work under permit; certificate of completion; ground water right certificate. (1) Actual construction of a well or other means of developing and securing the ground water shall begin not later than one year after the date of approval of the application for a permit under ORS 537 625. The construction shall be prosecuted with reasonable diligence and be completed within a reasonable time fixed in the permit by the Water Resources Commission, not to exceed five years after the date of approval of the application. The commission, for good cause shown, shall order and allow an extension of time, including an extension beyond the five-year period, for the completion of the well or other means of developing and securing the ground water or for complete application of water to beneficial use.

(2) If the construction of any well or other means of developing and securing the ground water is completed after the date of approval of the application for a permit under ORS 537 625, within 30 days after the completion, or if the construction is completed before the date of approval, within 30 days after the date of approval, the permit holder shall file a certificate of completion with the commission, disclosing

- (a) The depth to the water table;
- (b) The depth, diameter and type of each well, and the kind and amount of the casing,
- (c) The capacity of the well pump in gallons per minute and the drawdown thereof, and
- (d) Any other information the commission considers necessary.

(3) Upon receipt of proof satisfactory to the commission that an appropriation has been perfected in accordance with the provisions of ORS 537 505 to 537 795, the commission shall issue a ground water right certificate of the same character as that described in ORS 537 700. The certificate shall be recorded and transmitted to the applicant as provided in ORS 537.700.

(4) The procedure for cancellation of a permit shall be as provided in ORS 537 260 [1955 c 708 §12, 1959 c 437 §5, 1985 c 617 §2, 1985 c 673 §202]

537 632 [1959 c 437 §2, 1961 c 334 §10, renumbered 537 762]

537.635 Assignment of certificate of registration or permit. Any certificate of registration issued under ORS 537 610 or permit issued under ORS 537 625 may be assigned, subject to the conditions of the certificate of registration or permit, but no such assignment shall be binding, except upon the parties to the assignment, unless filed for record in the Water Resources Department [1955 c 708 §13, 1985 c 673 §59]

537.665 Investigation of ground water reservoirs; defining characteristics and assigning names and numbers. The Water Resources Commission shall proceed as rapidly as possible to identify and define tentatively the location, extent, depth and other characteristics of each ground water reservoir in this state, and shall assign to each a distinctive name or number or both as a means of identification. The commission may make any investigation and gather all data and information essential to a proper understanding of the characteristics of each ground water reservoir and the relative rights to appropriate ground water from each ground water reservoir. Before the commission makes a final determination of boundaries and depth of any ground water reservoir, the director shall proceed to make a final determination of the rights to appropriate the ground water of the ground water reservoir under ORS 537.670 to 537 695 [1955 c 708 §14, 1985 c 673 §60]

537.670 Determination of rights to appropriate ground water of a ground water reservoir. (1) The Water Resources Director upon the motion of the director or, in the discretion of the director, upon receipt of a

petition therefor by any one or more appropriators of ground water from such ground water reservoir, may proceed to make a final determination of the rights to appropriate the ground water of any ground water reservoir in this state

(2) The director shall prepare a notice of intent to begin a determination referred to in subsection (1) of this section. The notice shall set forth a place and time when the director or the authorized assistant of the director shall begin the taking of testimony as to the rights of the various claimants to appropriate the ground water of the ground water reservoir and as to the boundaries and depth thereof. A copy of the notice shall be delivered to each person or public agency known to the director from an examination of the records in the office of the director to be a claimant to a right to appropriate ground water of the ground water reservoir or any surface water within the area in which the ground water reservoir is located. The notice shall also be published in at least one issue each week for at least two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in each county in which the ground water reservoir or any part thereof is located. If the ground water reservoir is located in whole or in part within the limits of any city, the notice shall be published in at least one issue each week for at least two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the city, if any, and copies of the notice shall be delivered to the mayor or chairman of the governing body of the city. Copies of the notice shall be delivered and the last publication date of published notices shall be at least 30 days prior to the taking of any testimony.

(3) The director shall inclose with each copy of the notice referred to in subsection (2) of this section delivered to each person or public agency known to be a claimant to a right to appropriate ground water of the ground water reservoir a blank form on which such claimant shall present in writing all the particulars necessary for determination of the right of the claimant as may be prescribed by the director. The director may require each claimant to certify to the statements of the claimant under oath, and the director or the authorized assistant of the director may administer such oaths. [1955 c 708 §15]

537.675 Determination of rights in several reservoirs or of a critical ground water area in same proceeding. (1) Whenever the Water Resources Director has reason to believe that two or more ground water reservoirs overlap one another wholly or in part, the director may proceed to a final determination of the rights to appropriate the ground water of each of such

ground water reservoirs in the same proceeding under ORS 537 670 to 537 695

(2) The director may include in a determination proceeding under ORS 537 670 to 537 695 a determination of a critical ground water area under ORS 537 730 to 537 740 [1955 c 708 §16]

537.680 Taking testimony; inspecting evidence; contesting claim. Testimony shall be taken, evidence shall be open to inspection and claims shall be subject to contest in a proceeding to determine rights to appropriate the ground water of any ground water reservoir initiated under ORS 537 670 as nearly as possible in the same manner as provided in ORS 539 070, 539 090, 539 100 and 539 110 for the determination of the relative rights of the various claimants to the waters of any surface stream [1955 c 708 §17]

537.685 Findings of fact and order of determination. As soon as practicable after compilation of the evidence obtained in proceedings under ORS 537 665 to 537 680, the Water Resources Director shall make and cause to be entered of record in the office of the director findings of fact and an order of determination, determining and establishing the several rights to appropriate the ground water of the ground water reservoir. The findings of fact and order of determination shall also include

(1) The boundaries and depth of each ground water reservoir

(2) The lowest permissible water level in each ground water reservoir

(3) The location, extent, quality and other pertinent characteristics of the ground water supply

(4) The serviceable methods of withdrawal of the ground water from each ground water reservoir

(5) Rules for controlling the use of the ground water from each ground water reservoir

(6) Such general or special rules or restrictions with respect to the construction, operation and protection of wells and the withdrawal of ground water thereby as in the judgment of the director the public welfare, health and safety may require

(7) The name and post-office address of each claimant

(8) The nature of the use of the ground water allowed for each well, together with the maximum permissible use of the ground water, the place of use of the ground water and the date of priority of each use

(9) If the ground water is used or is to be used for irrigation purposes, a description of the lands irrigated or to be irrigated, giving the number of acres irrigated or to be irrigated in each 40-acre legal subdivision

(10) The location of each well with reference to government survey corners or monuments or corners of recorded plats

(11) The depth, diameter and type of each well, the kind and amount of the casing, the capacity of each well in gallons per minute and such other information concerning each well as in the opinion of the director may be pertinent. [1955 c 708 §18]

537.690 Filing evidence, findings and determinations; court proceedings. The evidence relied upon by the Water Resources Director in the entry of the findings of fact and order of determination under ORS 537 685, together with a copy of such findings and order, shall be certified to by the director and filed with the clerk of the circuit court wherein the determination is to be heard, which shall be the circuit court of any county in which the ground water reservoir or any part thereof is located. A certified copy of the findings of fact and the order of determination shall also be filed with the county clerk of every other county in which the ground water reservoir or any part thereof is located. Thereafter, proceedings shall be had as nearly as possible in the same manner as provided in ORS 539 130 (2), (3) and (4), 539 150, 539 160, 539 170, 539 180, 539 190 and 539 210 for the final adjudication of the relative rights of the various claimants to the waters of any surface stream [1955 c 708 §19]

537.695 Conclusive adjudication. The determination of the Water Resources Director under ORS 537 685, as confirmed or modified by the circuit court or Supreme Court, shall be a conclusive adjudication as to all claimants of rights to appropriate the ground water of each ground water reservoir included within the order of determination [1955 c 708 §20]

537.700 Issuing ground water right certificate. Upon the final determination under ORS 537 670 to 537.695 of the rights to appropriate the ground water of any ground water reservoir, the Water Resources Director shall issue to each person or public agency represented in the determination proceedings and who is determined to have such a right a ground water right certificate, setting forth the name and post-office address of the owner of the right, the priority of the date, extent and purpose of the right, and, if the ground water is for irrigation

purposes, a description of the legal subdivisions of land to which the ground water is appurtenant [1955 c 708 §21, 1957 c 341 §7, 1969 c 629 §2, 1971 c 621 §36, 1975 c 607 §39, 1979 c 67 §1]

537.705 Ground water appurtenant; change in use, place of use or point of appropriation. All ground water used in this state for any purpose shall remain appurtenant to the premises upon which it is used and no change in use or place of use of any ground water for any purpose may be made without compliance with a procedure as nearly as possible like that set forth in ORS 540 520 and 540 530. However, the owner of any ground water right may, upon compliance with a procedure as nearly as possible like that set forth in ORS 540 520 and 540 530, change the use and place of use, the point of appropriation or the use theretofore made of the ground water in all cases without losing priority of the right theretofore established [1955 c 708 §22]

537.710 [Renumbered 537 800]

537 715 [1955 c 708 §23, repealed by 1957 c 341 §12]

537.720 Violation of terms of law or permit or certificate; action by Water Resources Commission. Whenever, after notice to and opportunity to be heard by such holder, the Water Resources Commission finds that the holder of any permit or certificate of registration issued under ORS 537 505 to 537 795 is wilfully violating any provision of the permit or certificate of registration or any provision of ORS 537 505 to 537 795, the commission may cancel or suspend the permit or certificate of registration or impose conditions on the future use thereof to prevent such violation [1955 c 708 §24, 1985 c 673 §61]

537.730 Initiation of proceeding for determination of critical ground water area; hearing. (1) In addition to initiation under ORS 537 620 (3) and (4) of a proceeding for the determination of a critical ground water area, the Water Resources Commission upon the commission's own motion or, in the commission's discretion, upon receipt of a petition therefor from the State Geologist of the State Department of Geology and Mineral Industries or any ground water claimant or appropriator within the area in question, may also initiate such a proceeding if the commission has reason to believe that

(a) Ground water levels in the area in question are declining or have declined excessively,

(b) The wells of two or more ground water claimants or appropriators within the area in question interfere substantially with one another,

(c) The wells of ground water claimants or appropriators within the area in question inter-

ferre or are likely to interfere with the production of geothermal resources from an area regulated under ORS chapter 522 or the production of geothermal resources from an area regulated under ORS chapter 522 interferes or is likely to interfere with an existing ground water appropriation,

(d) The available ground water supply in the area in question is being or is about to be overdrawn, or

(e) The purity of the ground water in the area in question has been or reasonably may be expected to become polluted to an extent contrary to the public welfare, health and safety

(2) The commission shall hold a public hearing on the question of the determination of a critical ground water area. Written notice of the hearing shall be given to each water well contractor and each well drilling machine operator licensed under ORS 537.747 whose address, as shown on the license, is within any county in which any part of the area in question is located, and to each person or public agency known to the commission from an examination of the records in the Water Resources Department to be a claimant or appropriator of ground water in the area in question. Notice of the hearing shall also be published in at least one issue each week for at least two consecutive weeks in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the area in question. If the area in question is located in whole or in part within the limits of any city, notice of the hearing shall be published in at least one issue each week for at least two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation published in the city, if any, and written notice of the hearing shall be given to the mayor or chairperson of the governing body of the city. Written notices shall be given and the last publication date of published notices shall be at least 30 days prior to the hearing.

(3) Oral and documentary evidence may be taken at the public hearing. A full record shall be kept of all evidence taken at the hearing, and the procedure shall be such as to secure a full, fair and orderly proceeding and to permit all relevant evidence to be received [1955 c 708 §26, 1957 c 341 §8, 1981 c 589 §5, 1985 c 673 §62]

537.735 Order declaring critical ground water area; contents of order. (1) If, at the conclusion of the public hearing held under ORS 537.730, the Water Resources Commission finds that any of the circumstances set forth in ORS 537.620 (3) and (4) if the proceeding is initiated thereunder, or in ORS 537.730 (1) if the proceeding is initiated thereunder, are true, and

further finds that the public welfare, health and safety require that any one or more corrective controls be adopted, the commission shall by order declare the area in question to be a critical ground water area

(2) The order of the commission shall define the boundaries of the critical ground water area and shall indicate which of the ground water reservoirs located within the area in question are included within the critical ground water area. Any number of ground water reservoirs which either wholly or partially overlap one another may be included within the same critical ground water area

(3) If the order is based completely or in part on actual or likely interference between ground water users and geothermal resources regulated under ORS chapter 522, the order shall demonstrate consideration of any orders or permits applicable to the reservoir issued by the governing board or State Geologist of the State Department of Geology and Mineral Industries under ORS chapter 522

(4) The order of the commission may include any one or more of the following corrective control provisions

(a) A provision closing the critical ground water area to any further appropriation of ground water, in which event the commission shall thereafter refuse to accept any application for a permit to appropriate ground water located within such critical area

(b) A provision determining the permissible total withdrawal of ground water in the critical area each day, month or year, and, insofar as may be reasonably done, the commission shall apportion such permissible total withdrawal among the appropriators holding valid rights to the ground water in the critical area in accordance with the relative dates of priority of such rights

(c) A provision according preference, without reference to relative priorities, to withdrawals of ground water in the critical area for residential and livestock watering purposes first. Thereafter the commission may authorize withdrawals of ground water in the critical area for other beneficial purposes, including agricultural, industrial, municipal other than residential, and recreational purposes, in such order as the commission considers advisable under the circumstances, so long as such withdrawal will not materially affect a properly designed and operating well with prior rights that penetrates the aquifer

(d) A provision reducing the permissible withdrawal of ground water by any one or more appropriators or wells in the critical area

(e) Where two or more wells in the critical area are used by the same appropriator, a provision adjusting the total permissible withdrawal of ground water by such appropriator, or a provision forbidding the use of one or more of such wells completely

(f) A provision requiring the abatement, in whole or in part, or the sealing of any well in the critical area responsible for the admission of polluting materials into the ground water supply or responsible for the progressive impairment of the quality of the ground water supply by dispersing polluting materials that have entered the ground water supply previously

(g) A provision requiring and specifying a system of rotation of use of ground water in the critical area

(h) Any one or more provisions making such additional requirements as are necessary to protect the public welfare, health and safety in accordance with the intent, purposes and requirements of ORS 537 505 to 537 795

(5) As used in this section, "residential purposes" means

(a) Single family residence use, including watering lawns or noncommercial gardens one-half acre or less in size, in an amount not to exceed 5,000 gallons per day, or

(b) Use by a dwelling owner or tenant who is billed by a municipality for water received at the dwelling [1955 c 708 §27, 1981 c 589 §6, 1981 c 919 §1, 1985 c 673 §63]

537.740 Filing findings of fact and order; copy to parties; changing order. (1) The Water Resources Commission shall file in the Water Resources Department the commission's findings of fact based upon the evidence and the commission's order based upon such findings made as provided in ORS 537 735. The commission shall deliver copies of such findings and order to all parties in the proceeding for the determination of a critical ground water area. The commission shall file a copy of the order with the county clerk of each county within which any part of the critical ground water area lies, and the county clerk shall record the order in the deed records of the county

(2) The commission may suspend, modify or cancel any order made as provided in ORS 537 735 upon such notice and in the manner as the commission considers proper. A certified copy of each suspension, modification or cancellation shall be filed and recorded as provided for orders in subsection (1) of this section [1955 c 708 §28, 1985 c 673 §64]

537.745 Voluntary agreements among ground water users from same reservoir.

(1) In the administration of ORS 537 505 to 537 795, the Water Resources Commission may encourage, promote and recognize voluntary agreements among ground water users from the same ground water reservoir. When the commission finds that any such agreement, executed in writing and filed with the commission, is consistent with the intent, purposes and requirements of ORS 537 505 to 537 795, and in particular ORS 537 525, 537 730 to 537 740 and 537 780, the commission shall approve the agreement. Thereafter the agreement, until terminated as provided in this subsection, shall control in lieu of a formal order or rule of the commission under ORS 537 505 to 537 795. Any agreement approved by the commission may be terminated by the lapse of time as provided in the agreement, by consent of the parties to the agreement or by order of the commission if the commission finds, after investigation and a public hearing upon adequate notice, that the agreement is not being substantially complied with by the parties thereto or that changed conditions have made the continuance of the agreement a detriment to the public welfare, safety and health or contrary in any particular to the intent, purposes and requirements of ORS 537 505 to 537 795

(2) When any irrigation district, drainage district, other district organized for public purposes or other public corporation or political subdivision of this state is authorized by law to enter into agreements of the kind referred to in subsection (1) of this section, the commission may approve such agreements as provided in subsection (1) of this section. Any such agreement approved by the commission shall have the same effect and shall be subject to termination in the same manner and for the same reasons set forth in subsection (1) of this section [1955 c 708 §31, 1985 c 673 §65]

537.747 Water well constructor's license. (1) No person shall advertise services for construction or alteration of water wells, offer to, or enter into a contract with another person or public agency to construct or alter a well for such other person or cause any well construction or alteration to be performed under such a contract or operate well drilling machinery without possessing a water well constructor's license therefor in good standing issued by the Water Resources Commission

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a person may operate a well drilling machine without a water well constructor's

license if supervised by one who possesses such a license

(3) A person shall be qualified to receive a water well constructor's license if the person

(a) Is at least 18 years of age

(b) Has passed a written examination conducted by the commission to determine fitness to operate as a water well constructor

(c) Has paid a license fee of \$50 and an examination fee of \$20

(d) Has one year or more experience in the operation of well drilling machinery

(4) Upon fulfillment of all the requirements set out in subsection (3) of this section, the commission shall issue the applicant a water well constructor's license in a form prescribed by the commission. Licenses shall expire on June 30 of each year. They may be renewed at any time during the following year upon application and payment of a \$50 renewal fee. Persons who fail to renew their license during this period will be required to requalify for a water well constructor's license in accordance with subsection (3) of this section in order to obtain a new water well constructor's license. The commission shall pay all license and examination fees into the General Fund of the State Treasury.

(5) The commission may revoke, suspend or refuse to renew any water well constructor's license when it appears to the satisfaction of the commission, after notice and opportunity to be heard by the licensee, that the licensee has failed to comply with the provisions of ORS 537 505 to 537 795 applicable to such licensee or any order or rule adopted thereunder applicable to such licensee, or has made a material misstatement of fact on an application for a license or well log or established a pattern of conduct that wilfully or negligently violates any provision of ORS 537 505 to 537 795, or any rule adopted pursuant thereto, applicable to such licensee.

(6) The provisions of subsection (3) of this section requiring one year or more experience in the operation of well drilling machinery do not apply to any person who, on July 1, 1981, holds the license required by this section and who continues thereafter to maintain the license in good standing [1961 c 334 §2, 1971 c 591 §1, 1973 c 827 §58, 1981 c 416 §2, 1985 c 615 §2, 1985 c 673 §66]

537.750 Examination for constructor's license. (1) The written examination required under ORS 537.747 (3)(b) shall be prepared to test the applicant's knowledge and understanding of the following subjects

(a) Laws of the state pertaining to the appropriation and use of ground water, the licensing requirements of ORS 537 747 to 537 765, the construction of wells and the preparation and filing of well logs

(b) Rules of the Water Resources Commission pertaining to the appropriation and use of ground water, the construction of wells and the preparation and filing of well logs

(c) Basic information on ground water geology, the occurrence and movement of ground water, and the design, construction and development of wells

(d) Types, uses and maintenance of drilling tools and equipment, drilling problems and corrective procedures, repair of faulty wells, sealing of wells and safety rules and practices

(2) Examinations shall be given during the months of January, April, July and October. The date, time and place of the examination are to be established by the commission. The examination shall be given only to those applicants who have met the requirement set out in ORS 537 747 (3)(a) and have paid the \$20 examination fee. An applicant who fails to pass the examination by not attaining a grade of 70 or better may retake the examination after three months and the payment of another \$20 examination fee [1961 c 334 §3, 1981 c 416 §3, 1985 c 673 §67]

537.753 Water well constructor's bond; landowner's permit and bond. (1) Any person who contracts or offers services to contract for the construction or alteration of water wells shall have in effect a surety bond running to the State of Oregon in the sum of \$4,000. The bond shall be filed with the Water Resources Commission in accordance with the following conditions. In the construction or alteration of wells, the principal shall comply with all the provisions of ORS 537 505 to 537 795 that are applicable to such construction or alteration and to the rules and standards of well construction, alteration and well abandonment that have been prescribed by the Water Resources Commission.

(2) The Water Resources Commission or any person injured by failure of a water well constructor to comply with the provisions of the bond has a right of action on the bond in the name of the injured person. However, the aggregate liability of the surety to all such persons shall in no event exceed the sum of the bond.

(3) In no event shall a proceeding against the bond under subsection (2) of this section be commenced unless the commission notifies the water well constructor of the alleged violation.

within three years after the date the water well report is filed with the commission

(4) If a well is to be constructed or altered by a person on property owned by that person, by means of a well drilling machine, the person shall obtain a permit from the commission before beginning construction. Application for the permit shall be in the form prescribed by the commission and must be accompanied by a fee of \$25. At the time the permit is obtained the applicant also shall file with the commission, a bond running to the State of Oregon in the sum of \$2,000, insuring that in the construction or alteration of the well the landowner shall comply with all the provisions of ORS 537 505 to 537 795 that are applicable to the construction or alteration of wells and to the rules and standards of well construction, alteration, and well abandonment that have been prescribed by the commission. Before the person who constructs or alters a well referred to in this subsection seals the well, the person must give 10 days' written notice of the construction or alteration to the commission. After expiration of the notice period, the well may be sealed even if the commission has not caused the well to be inspected [1961 c 334 §4, 1971 c 591 §2, 1981 c 416 §4, 1985 c 615 §1, 1985 c 673 §198]

Note Section 3, chapter 615, Oregon Laws 1985, provides

Sec 3 The amendments to ORS 537 753 by section 1 of this Act first become operative July 1, 1986

537 756 [1961 c 334 §7, 1971 c 591 §3, repealed by 1981 c 416 §10]

537 759 [1961 c 334 §8, repealed by 1981 c 416 §10]

537.762 Report of water well constructor before commencing construction. (1) Each person required to possess a license under ORS 537 747 who has entered into a contract to construct, alter or abandon a well or cause a well to be constructed, altered or abandoned shall, before commencing the construction of the well, make a report to the Water Resources Commission containing

(a) The name and post-office address of the owner of the proposed well.

(b) The approximate location of the proposed well

(c) The proposed depth and diameter of the proposed well

(d) The proposed purpose or use of the ground water from the proposed well

(2) The commission shall furnish a convenient means for reports referred to in subsection (1) of this section to each person who possesses a

license under ORS 537 747 [Formerly 537 632, 1981 c 416 §5, 1985 c 615 §7, 1985 c 673 §69]

537.765 Log of new or altered wells; furnishing samples to Water Resources Commission. (1) The business or activity of constructing new wells or altering existing wells is declared to be a business or activity affecting the public welfare, health and safety. In order to enable the state to protect the welfare, health and safety of its citizens, any person licensed under ORS 537 747, person or public agency constructing or altering a well, shall keep a log of each well constructed or altered and shall furnish a certified copy of the log to the Water Resources Commission within 30 days after the completion of the construction or alteration

(2) Each log required under subsection (1) of this section shall be in a form prescribed by the commission and shall show

(a) The name and post-office address of the owner of the well and the person or public agency performing or causing the performance of the work of constructing or altering the well

(b) The location of the well by section, township and range or with reference to government survey corners or monuments or corners of recorded plats

(c) The dates of commencement and completion of the work of constructing or altering the well

(d) The depth, diameter and type of the well

(e) The kind and amount of the casing and where placed in the well, including the number and location of perforations or screens

(f) The flow in cubic feet per second or gallons per minute of a flowing well, and the shut-in pressure in pounds per square inch

(g) The static water level with reference to the land surface, and the drawdown with respect to the amount of water pumped per minute, when a pump test is made

(h) The kind and nature of the material in each stratum penetrated, with at least one entry for each change of formation, and the thickness of aquifers

(i) The temperature of the ground water encountered and other characteristics of the ground water in detail as required by the commission

(3) If required by the commission, the person, public agency or licensee referred to in subsection (1) of this section shall furnish to the commission samples of the ground water and of each change of formation in containers furnished and transpor-

tation expense paid by the commission [1955 c 708 §29, 1961 c 334 §11, 1981 c 416 §6, 1985 c 673 §70]

537.770 [1955 c 708 §30, 1957 c 341 §9, repealed by 1961 c 334 §12]

537.775 Wasteful or defective wells.

(1) Whenever the Water Resources Commission finds that any well, including any well exempt under ORS 537 545, is by the nature of its construction, operation or otherwise causing wasteful use of ground water, is unduly interfering with other wells or is polluting ground water or surface water supplies contrary to ORS 537 505 to 537 795, the commission may order discontinuance of or impose conditions upon the use of such well to such extent as may be necessary to remedy the defect

(2) In the absence of a determination of a critical ground water area, any order issued under this section imposing conditions upon interfering wells shall provide to each party all water to which the party is entitled, in accordance with the date of priority of the water right. [1955 c 708 §25, 1981 c 919 §2, 1985 c 673 §71]

537.777 Regulation of controlling works of wells and distribution of ground water.

(1) The Water Resources Commission shall regulate or cause to be regulated the controlling works of wells and distribute ground water to secure compliance or equal and fair distribution if the commission finds that

(a) Any person or public agency is using or attempting to use any ground water or is operating or permitting the operation of any well owned or controlled by such person or public agency except upon compliance with ORS 537 505 to 537 795 and any applicable order or rule of the commission under ORS 537 505 to 537 795, or

(b) It is necessary in order to secure the equal and fair distribution of ground water in accordance with the rights of the various ground water users

(2) The regulation of controlling works and distribution of ground water under subsection (1) of this section shall be as nearly as possible in the same manner as provided in ORS 540 010 to 540 130 [1957 c 341 §4, 1985 c 673 §72]

537.780 Powers of Water Resources Commission. In the administration of ORS 537 505 to 537 795, the Water Resources Commission may

(1) Require that all flowing wells be capped or equipped with valves so that the flow of ground water may be completely stopped when the ground water is not actually being applied to a beneficial use

(2) Enforce general standards for the construction and maintenance of wells and their casings, fittings, valves and pumps, and special standards for the construction and maintenance of particular wells and their casings, fittings, valves and pumps

(3) Enforce uniform standards for the scientific measurement of water levels and of ground water flowing or withdrawn from wells

(4) Enter upon any lands for the purpose of inspecting wells, including wells exempt under ORS 537 545, casings, fittings, valves, pipes, pumps and measuring devices

(5) Prosecute actions and suits to enjoin violations of ORS 537 505 to 537 795, and appear and become a party to any action, suit or proceeding in any court or before any administrative body when it appears to the satisfaction of the commission that the determination of the action, suit or proceeding might be in conflict with the public policy expressed in ORS 537 525

(6) Call upon and receive advice and assistance from the Environmental Quality Commission or any other public agency or any person, and enter into cooperative agreements with a public agency or person

(7) Adopt and enforce rules necessary to carry out the provisions of ORS 537 505 to 537 795 including but not limited to rules governing

(a) The form and content of registration statements, certificates of registration, applications for permits, permits, certificates of completion, ground water right certificates, notices, proofs, maps, drawings, logs and licenses,

(b) Procedure in hearings held by the commission, and

(c) The circumstances under which the helpers of persons operating well drilling machinery may be exempt from the requirement of direct supervision by a licensed water well constructor

(8) In accordance with applicable law regarding search and seizure, apply to any court of competent jurisdiction for a warrant to seize any well drilling machine used in violation of ORS 537 747 or 537 753 [1955 c 708 §32, 1981 c 416 §7, 1985 c 673 §73]

537.783 Reinjection of geothermal fluids; rules and standards; water pollution control facility permit. (1) The Water Resources Commission shall adopt rules which govern the disposal by reinjection or other means of geothermal fluids derived from

(a) Geothermal or hot water wells less than 2,000 feet deep producing fluids of less than 250 degrees Fahrenheit bottom hole temperature, or

(b) Geothermal or hot water wells less than 2,000 feet deep producing fluids that have been appropriated pursuant to ORS 537 505 to 537 795

(2) The rules adopted under subsection (1) of this section shall include standards whereby contamination may be determined, construction standards for reinjection wells, testing procedures for identifying aquifers, standards and procedures for determining whether adjacent aquifers are being degraded by the reinjection process, guidelines for conservation of the resource, criteria for evaluating reservoirs or zones for geothermal fluid disposal and requirements for prior approval of all geothermal fluid reinjection proposals

(3) A water pollution control facilities permit shall be obtained from the Department of Environmental Quality under ORS 468 740 before reinjection is commenced. The Department of Environmental Quality may, by agreement with the Water Resources Commission, waive this requirement for reinjection into the reservoir from which the fluid came where adequate standards and tests have been adopted to insure the fluid and its residues are uncontaminated [1979 c 547 §3, 1985 c 673 §74]

537.785 Fees. (1) In the administration of ORS 537 505 to 537 795, the Water Resources Commission shall collect in advance, the fees set forth in ORS 536 050 and 539 080 for any service similar to any of those referred to in ORS 536 050 or 539 080

(2) All fees collected by the commission under subsection (1) of this section shall be paid into the General Fund of the State Treasury [1955 c 708 §33, 1969 c 629 §1, 1979 c 67 §2, 1985 c 673 §75]

537 786 [1957 c 341 §3, repealed by 1969 c 629 §3]

537.787 Investigation of violation of ground water laws; remedies for violation.

(1) The Water Resources Commission, upon the commission's own initiative, or upon complaint alleging violation of any provision of ORS 537 505 to 537 795, or any rule adopted pursuant thereto, may investigate to determine whether a violation has occurred. If the investigation indicates that a violation has occurred, the commission shall notify the persons responsible for the violation, including

(a) Any well constructor involved, and

(b) The landowner, if the violation involves construction, alteration, operation or abandonment of a well

(2) If, after notice and opportunity for hearing under ORS 183 310 to 183 550 the commis-

sion determines that one or more violations have occurred, the commission may

(a) Provide additional time for remedy of the violation if the commission has reason to believe adequate repair or other remedy will be carried out within the specified period

(b) If one or more persons responsible for the violation hold a water well constructor's license, suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license

(c) Assess a civil penalty under ORS 537 792, on the well constructor or other responsible party, including the landowner if the landowner was involved in the well construction

(d) If an involved constructor or landowner has a surety bond required by ORS 537 753 (1) or (4) in effect, make demand on the bond in an amount not to exceed the cost of remedying the violation.

(e) Impose any reasonable condition on the water well constructor's license to insure compliance with applicable laws and provide protection to the ground water of the State of Oregon. Such action shall be conducted as a contested case proceeding according to the applicable provisions of ORS 183 310 to 183 550

(f) Any other action authorized by law

(3) The commission may terminate proceedings against a person if

(a) The landowner does not permit the person involved in proceedings to be present at any inspection made by the commission, or

(b) The commission determines that the person involved in proceedings is capable of complying with recommendations made by the commission, but the landowner does not permit the person to comply with the recommendations [1985 c 615 §5, 1985 c 673 §199]

537 790 [1955 c 708 §34, 1973 c 612 §15, repealed by 1985 c 673 §185]

537.792 Imposition of civil penalty; schedule of penalties; lien. (1) In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the Water Resources Commission may impose a civil penalty against any person who, in the construction of a well, violates any provision of ORS 537.747 to 537 795, or any rule promulgated pursuant thereto. A civil penalty may be imposed after notice and opportunity for hearing according to ORS 183 310 to 183 550, and shall be in an amount determined by the commission in accordance with the rules adopted under subsection (2) of this section. However, the commission shall not impose a civil penalty under this section if the commission, by exercising other authority

granted under ORS 537 505 to 537 795, causes the person to comply with the provisions of ORS 537 747 to 537 795 or rules adopted thereunder

(2) The commission shall adopt by rule a schedule of penalties for violation of ORS 537 747 to 537 795, not to exceed \$1,000 for each occurrence defined in the rules as a major violation, and not to exceed \$250 for each occurrence defined in the rules as a minor violation. Under no circumstances may a penalty for a violation of ORS 537 762 or 537.765 exceed \$250

(3) Unless the amount of the penalty is paid within 10 days after the order becomes final, the order shall constitute a judgement and may be recorded in the County Clerk Lien Record in any county of this state. The penalty provided in an order so recorded becomes a lien upon the title to any interest in real property in the county, owned by the person against whom the order is entered. Execution may be issued upon the order in the same manner as execution upon a judgment of a court of record

(4) All amounts recovered under this section shall be deposited in the General Fund [1985 c 615 §6, 1985 c 673 §200]

537.795 ORS 537.505 to 537.795 supplementary. ORS 537 505 to 537.795 are intended to be supplementary and in addition to and are not intended to repeal any law relating to the surface waters of this state [1955 c 708 §35]

WASTE, SPRING AND SEEPAGE WATERS

537.800 Waste, spring and seepage waters; laws governing. All ditches now or hereafter constructed, for the purpose of utilizing waste, spring, or seepage waters, shall be governed by the same laws relating to priority of right as those ditches constructed for the purpose of utilizing the waters of running streams, provided, that the person upon whose lands the seepage or spring waters first arise, shall have the right to the use of such waters [Formerly 537 710]

DIVERSION AND USE OF WATERS OUT OF STATE

537.810 Out-of-state use, diversion or appropriation of waters without legislative consent prohibited; terms of consent. No waters located within this state shall be diverted, impounded or in any manner appropriated for diversion or use beyond the boundaries of the state except upon the express consent of the Legislative Assembly. In the event the Legislative Assembly shall give its consent to any such

request it may attach thereto such terms, conditions, exceptions, reservations, restrictions and provisions as it may care to make in the protection of the interests of the state and of its inhabitants

537.820 Application of provisions to waters forming common boundary between states. ORS 537 810 to 537 860 shall also apply to the waters located within the boundaries of this state of any river, stream, lake or other body of water serving as part of the common boundary of this state and any other state and over which this state has concurrent jurisdiction, except that said sections shall not apply to the diversion, impoundment or appropriation of waters for the development of hydroelectric energy, flood control, irrigation or other uses in waters forming a boundary of the state in cases where such waters are not to be diverted from the drainage basin wherein such waters are located

537.830 Filing upon or condemnation of waters without legislative permission prohibited. No person, or agency of any state or of the United States, shall attempt to file upon or to condemn any waters within the boundaries of this state for any purpose mentioned in ORS 537 810 to 537 860 without first obtaining legislative permission as provided by those sections

537.835 City of Walla Walla, Washington, may appropriate, impound and divert certain waters from Mill Creek.

(1) Pursuant to the provisions of ORS 537 810, consent is hereby given to the City of Walla Walla, a municipal corporation of the State of Washington, to appropriate, impound and divert certain waters from Mill Creek, a tributary of the Walla Walla River, located in Township 6 North, Range 38, E W M, Umatilla County, Oregon, for the beneficial use of both the State of Oregon and within the City of Walla Walla, State of Washington, subject to the following terms and conditions

(a) The City of Walla Walla shall pay the entire cost of constructing and maintaining this project, and

(b) The City of Walla Walla shall employ only residents and inhabitants of the State of Oregon in the construction and maintenance of the project

(2) The Water Resources Commission may from time to time direct that a designated portion of the impounded waters shall be held in the State of Oregon for fire protection, for use by Oregon residents, for wildlife habitat needs, and to maintain proper stream flow during the summer months

(3) Prior to commencing construction, the City of Walla Walla shall make application for such appropriation, impoundment and diversion to the Water Resources Commission and such appropriation, impoundment and diversion shall be allowed upon such additional terms, conditions, reservations, restrictions and provisions, including minimum stream flow, as the Water Resources Commission shall impose for the protection and benefit of the State of Oregon [1975 c 732 §2, 1985 c 673 §76]

537.840 Legislative consent; filing of certified copy; appropriation rights and procedure. Upon receiving legislative permission to appropriate waters under ORS 537 810 to 537 860, the permittee, upon filing in the Water Resources Department a certified copy of the Act, certified to by the Secretary of State, may proceed to obtain an appropriation of waters in the manner provided by the laws of this state for the appropriation of waters for beneficial use, subject to all existing rights and valid prior appropriations and subject to the terms, conditions, exceptions, reservations, restrictions and provisions of such legislative consent [Amended by 1985 c 673 §77]

537.850 Suits to protect state interests; right of redress to private persons. In the event of any violation or attempt to violate any of the provisions of ORS 537 810 to 537 860, the Governor shall cause to be instituted such suits and actions as may be necessary to protect and defend the sovereign rights and interests of the state in the premises. Persons are given right of redress against such violator at private suit or action under any appropriate remedy at law or in equity

537.855 Domestic water supply district permitted to divert water out of state; conditions. (1) Pursuant to the provisions of ORS 537 810, consent is hereby given to any domestic water supply district formed under ORS chapter 264 to permit the diversion of water for use on property a portion of which is within a state adjoining Oregon, subject to the following conditions

(a) The majority of the property is within Oregon

(b) The property is developed with economic benefit to Oregon as well as to the adjoining state, in the judgment of the domestic water supply district

(c) The costs of the diversion are borne by the developer or owner of the property

(d) The developer employs only residents of Oregon in the construction necessary for the diversion of water

(2) The diversion of water under this section shall be subject to additional terms, conditions, reservations, restrictions and provisions as the Water Resources Director shall impose for the protection and benefit of the State of Oregon [1985 c 572 §2]

537.860 Vested rights protected. ORS 537 810 to 537 850 shall not affect any valid prior appropriation or water right existing on May 12, 1951

537.870 Out-of-state municipalities; acquisition of land and water rights in Oregon. Subject to the limitations imposed by ORS 537 810 to 537 860, any municipal corporation of any state adjoining Oregon may acquire title to any land or water right within Oregon, by purchase or condemnation, which lies within any watershed from which the municipal corporation obtains or desires to obtain its water supply

PENALTIES

537.990 Penalties. (1) Violation of ORS 537 130 (2) is punishable, upon conviction, by a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$250, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six months, or both

(2) Any person who wilfully diverts or uses water to the detriment of others without compliance with law shall be punished as provided in subsection (1) of this section. The possession or use of water, except when a right of use is acquired in accordance with law, shall be prima facie evidence of the guilt of the person using it

(3) Violation of ORS 537 535 (1) is punishable, upon conviction, by a fine of not less than \$10 nor more than \$250, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six months, or both. Violation of ORS 537 747 is a Class B misdemeanor

(4) Justice courts and district courts shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the circuit courts in the trial of all violations under this section [Subsection (3) enacted as 1955 c 708 §36, 1963 c 293 §3, 1981 c 416 §8]