Chapter 604

1977 REPLACEMENT PART

Brands and Marks

DEFINITIONS; GENERAL PROVISIONS

604.012 "Brand" defined
604.022 General definitions
604.032 Certificate defined
604.060 Marking domestic animals on the ear
604.070 Killing unbranded or improperly branded cattle
604.080 Prohibited livestock transactions
604.090 Tampering with brands on hides of animals; unlawfully selling or destroying hides
604.095 When certificate of release required for certain cattle hide transactions; conditions for issuance of certificate; procedure when proof of ownership or right of possession not furnished
604.100 Cattle hide inspection by department; fee; place of performing inspection; costs of inspector
604.105 Custom slaughterers required to identify cattle hides

RECORDING OF BRANDS

604.110 Recording brands with department; furnishing copies of brands
604.120 Adjustment of conflicting brands
604.130 Restrictions on use of brands and place of recording; requirements for painted brands
604.135 Prohibited use of design or mark similar to registered design or mark
604.140 Recording and re-recording of brands
604.145 "Three letters or figures" construed
604.150 Certified copy of record
604.160 Recorded brand as property; transfer of brands
604.170 Publication of brand and mark book; disposition of fees
604.180 Brand as prima facie evidence; proof of right to use brand
604.190 Recordation as requisite to admissibility of brand
604.210 Public record of brands and marks on livestock received in stockyards
604.220 Use of unrecorded brand
604.230 Use of earmarks, wool and tattoo marks

BRAND INSPECTION CERTIFICATE; TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK

604.310 Certificates required for transportation of livestock
604.312 Special brand inspection certificate furnished in certain cases
604.315 Out-of-state certificates or documents in lieu of Oregon papers; inspection fees
604.320 Submitting proof of ownership or right to possession of livestock subject to brand inspection; seizure and sale of livestock upon failure to do so
604.323 Payment of proceeds from sale of impounded livestock to owner; settling adverse claims to proceeds; disposition of proceeds if no satisfactory claim
604.324 Method of proof of ownership of livestock or right to proceeds of sale
604.330 Taking up transportation certificates; disposition
604.340 Carrier to receive proper certificate before transporting livestock; delivery of certificate to consignee
604.355 Impounding and disposing of livestock believed not owned by possessor
604.360 Brand inspection before sale or slaughter of livestock; exemptions
604.370 Permitting inspection
604.380 Making or uttering false representation
604.390 Brand inspection fee; payment of travel expenses for inspections not made at official station
604.395 Exemption from brand inspection fee
604.400 Collection and disposition of brand inspection fee
604.410 Refunding of inspection fees
604.420 Collecting fees in stockyards under federal jurisdiction
604.425 Reciprocal agreements with other states; authority with respect to livestock entering Oregon
604.430 Issuance and disposition of certificate forms
604.440 Establishment of brand inspection system for intrastate cattle movements; scope of system
604.460 Transactions in violation of brand inspection system prohibited

PERSONS ADMINISTERING BRANDING LAWS; JURISDICTION OF COURTS

604.531 Appointment, qualifications and compensation of brand inspectors
604.535 Appointment of employes of other governmental agencies as brand inspectors
604.540 General powers and duties of brand inspectors and police officers
604.542 Livestock police officers, powers and duties
604.545 Department's powers regarding use and recording of brands; review of decision
604.550 Jurisdiction of courts

FEEDLOTS

604.610 "Licensed feedlot" defined
604.620 License; privileges; application; fee; expiration
604.630 Inventory; record; audit
604.640 Inspection of cattle; addition to inventory; fee
604.650 Inventory upon removal; fee; prohibited acts
604.660 Separation of cattle at slaughterhouse
604.670 Rules by department

PENALTIES

604.992 Penalties

CROSS REFERENCES

Oregon Beef Council:
Collection procedures, 577.520
Contributions to be made at time of brand inspection, 577.511
Parakeets sold or held for sale to be banded to identify breeder, 596.480
Regulation of meat dealers and slaughterers, Ch. 603
Sale of freshly branded range livestock prohibited, 607.345 to 607 360

604.160

Department's powers regarding use and recording of brands, 604.545

604.395

Accepting out-of-state inspection certificates, 604.315

604.545

Enjoining violations of law, 561.280

604.550

Jurisdiction over prosecutions, 561.290

DEFINITIONS; GENERAL PROVISIONS

604.010 [Amended by 1957 c.287 §1; repealed by 1967 c.129 §1 (604.012 enacted in lieu of 604.010)]

604.012 "Brand" defined. (1) "Brand" as used in this chapter and other laws relating to animals, means a distinctive design, mark or identification, made or applied to the hide, skins or wool in places on animals by the use of a hot iron or by any other method or process approved by the department.

(2) After one or more public hearings and under the provisions of ORS chapter 183, the department may promulgate rules relating to:

(a) The brands, and the animals to which such brands may be applied, which in addition to a hot iron brand shall be legal in Oregon and which shall be subject to and covered by this chapter and other laws prescribed in this section.

(b) The designation of places and the limitation of the places on animals to which a brand shall only be used or applied thereon.

(c) The process, method or the means of making, applying and using a brand which shall include but not be limited to the use of a hot iron brand on an animal in Oregon.
[1967 c.129 §2 (enacted in lieu of 604.010)]

604.020 [Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; 1959 c.396 §1; 1961 c.267 §1; repealed by 1967 c.129 §19]

604.022 General definitions. As used in this chapter, unless otherwise required by context:

(1) "Brand inspection" of livestock means the examination of such livestock by a brand inspector for brands, tags, flesh marks or earmarks, dewlaps, wattles, color, sex, age or any other form of identification to establish ownership or to prevent theft of livestock. "Brand inspection" also means the inspection necessary to insure the identity of livestock which may be affected with communicable or contagious disease.

(2) "Brand inspector" means a person appointed pursuant to ORS 604.531 to inspect livestock as to brands.

(3) "Committee" means the Livestock Advisory Committee.

(4) "Common carrier" means any person who transports for hire or who holds himself out to the public as willing to transport for hire, compensation or consideration by rail, motor vehicle, boat or aircraft from place to place, persons or property, or both, for those who may choose to employ him.

(5) "Contract carrier" means any person engaged in transportation by rail, motor vehicle, boat or aircraft of persons or property, or both, for compensation, under special and individual agreements, leases or other arrangements and not included in the term "common carrier."

(6) "Custom slaughtering establishment" means any establishment licensed pursuant to paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of ORS 603.025.

(7) "Department" means the State Department of Agriculture.

(8) "Director" means the Director of Agriculture.

(9) "Livestock" means all cattle, horses, mules and asses, or other animals designated by the department. For purposes of ORS 604.355, "livestock" shall include sheep.

(10) "Livestock auction market," "stockyard," "market agency," or other facility designated by the department, means any place, establishment or facility conducted or operated for compensation or profit usually consisting of buildings, pens, enclosures, chutes or other personal or real property, in which or through which livestock or other animals designated by the department are received, held or maintained for the purpose of sale by auction or public bidding, consignment, or to be disposed of on a commission basis or similar arrangement where change of ownership may take place.

(11) "Packer" means any person engaged in the business of buying livestock for purposes of slaughter or manufacture or preparing meats or meat products for sale or shipment.

(12) "Private carrier" means any person not included in the term "common carrier" or "contract carrier," who transports by rail, motor vehicle, boat or aircraft property of which he is the owner, lessee or bailee, when such transportation is for the purpose of sale, lease, rent or bailment or in the furtherance of any commercial enterprise.

(13) "Slaughterhouse" means any establishment licensed pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of ORS 603.025.

(14) "Transported," "transporting" and "transportation" refer to and mean any movement of livestock whether by common carrier, contract carrier, private carrier or on the hoof.
[1967 c 129 §3, 1973 c.430 §1; 1975 c.574 §2; 1977 c 175 §1]

604.030 [Repealed by 1967 c 129 §19]

604.032 Certificate defined. As used in this chapter, unless otherwise required by the context:

(1) "Brand inspection certificate," which shall not be valid for a period of more than eight days from the date of issuance, means a written document in a form approved by the department which shall contain:

(a) The date of issuance.

(b) A description by sex, predominating breed, brands, marks or other identifying characteristics of the livestock inspected.

(c) The name of the person in possession and, if such person is not the owner, the name of the owner.

(d) The point where the shipment originated.

(e) A signed statement by the brand inspector that he has inspected the livestock and that to the best of his knowledge the person in possession is the lawful owner or such owner's agent.

(f) The destination of the shipment if the inspection is performed other than at the destination.

(g) Such other information as the department may prescribe.

(2) "Memorandum brand inspection certificate" is a written document in a form prescribed by the department. It may be issued free of charge to any person purchasing livestock at a stockyard, livestock auction market or other place wherein brand inspection is required and where such brand inspection has been performed by an Oregon brand inspector. The purpose of such certificate shall be to authorize the transportation of the livestock described therein directly to the point or destination contained therein. It shall contain such information as the department may deem necessary to show the livestock described therein have been brand inspected but including, among other things, the destination of the livestock and the date of issuance. It shall not be valid for the authorization for transportation or slaughter for a period of more than eight days from date of issuance.

(3) "Record of transfer" means a legible, dated writing which recites the transfer of ownership of certain livestock described by brands, marks and other identifying characteristics from one named person to another, and which is signed by the transferor. It need not set forth the consideration for the sale if such be the case. If the transfer of ownership is subject to acceptance and payment of a check, bill of exchange, other credit instrument or is subject to any other condition, the transferor may so indicate.

(4) "Special brand inspection certificate," which shall be valid during the calendar year in which it is issued, means a written document in a form approved by the department which shall contain:

(a) The date of issuance.

(b) A description by sex, predominating breed, brands, marks or identifying characteristics of the livestock inspected.

(c) The name and address of the owner.

(d) A signed statement by the brand inspector that he has inspected the livestock and that to the best of his knowledge the livestock are owned by the person named thereon.

(5) "Transportation certificate" means a certificate signed by the owner or person in lawful possession of the livestock to be transported, on a form to be approved by the department, containing the following:

(a) The name of the owner.

(b) The point of origin and the point of destination of such transportation.

(c) Description by marks, brands or other identifying characteristics of the livestock to be transported.

(d) A form for record of transfer.

(e) Such other information as the department may prescribe.

[1967 c.129 §4]

604.040 [Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; 1961 c.267 §2; repealed by 1967 c.129 §19]

604.050 [Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; 1961 c.267 §3; repealed by 1967 c.129 §19]

604.060 Marking domestic animals on the ear. (1) No person, in marking domestic animals on the ear, shall cut, mark or remove any part of the ear exceeding one-half.

(2) All justices of the peace have jurisdiction over violations of this section.

604.070 Killing unbranded or improperly branded cattle. No person shall kill, or cause to be killed for sale, or use, any unbranded neat cattle which during any period of the year run at large upon the public range, or any such cattle on which the brand has not peeled off and fully healed, unless such cattle have an older and recorded brand. No person shall purchase and kill, or cause to be killed, for sale or use, any such neat cattle having a

brand not legally owned by such person, without having taken a duly executed and acknowledged bill of sale for them, from the owner thereof.

604.080 Prohibited livestock transactions. No person shall purchase, sell, move, transport or handle livestock in violation of the provisions of this chapter.
[1967 c.129 §5]

604.090 Tampering with brands on hides of animals; unlawfully selling or destroying hides. (1) Any person who cuts or burns or otherwise mutilates, disfigures, removes or obliterates the brand, earmark, ear, dewlap or other mark or identification upon any hide of any cattle, sheep or horse, or burns or in any manner destroys the hide of any cattle, sheep or horse or who buys or sells, or has in his possession with intent to sell or otherwise dispose of, the hide of any cattle, sheep or horse with brand, dewlap, earmark, ear or other mark of identification, cut or burned or otherwise disfigured, mutilated, obliterated or removed, commits a Class B misdemeanor.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section do not apply to the normal shearing process of sheep.
[1971 c.743 §299; 1977 c.175 §2]

Note: 604.090 was enacted into law by the Legislative Assembly but was not added to or made a part of ORS chapter 604 by legislative action. See the Preface to Oregon Revised Statutes for further explanation.

604.095 When certificate of release required for certain cattle hide transactions; conditions for issuance of certificate; procedure when proof of ownership or right of possession not furnished. (1) Unless brand inspection was performed at time of slaughter, no custom slaughtering establishment or other person other than a licensee who slaughters any cattle shall offer to sell, trade or remove from Oregon, or otherwise dispose of, any cattle hide without first obtaining a certificate of release from a brand inspector.

(2) Before issuing a certificate of release, the department brand inspector shall satisfy himself that the person in possession of the cattle hide is the lawful owner of such hide or has a right to its possession as agent of such lawful owner. When a person in possession of such cattle hide fails to furnish proof of ownership or right to possession, the brand inspector may, in addition to refusing to issue a certificate of release, either:

(a) Seize, hold, unload for inspection or otherwise impound or prevent the movement of such cattle hide; or

(b) Permit the sale of the cattle hide and impound the proceeds of such sale.

(3) "Certificate of release" means a written document in a form prescribed by the department which shall contain but not be limited to:

(a) The date of issuance;

(b) The name of the person in possession of the cattle hide, and if such person is not the owner, the name of the owner; and

(c) A signed statement by a brand inspector that he has inspected the cattle hide and that to the best of his knowledge the person in possession of the cattle hide is the lawful owner or such lawful owner's agent.

(4) All funds impounded by the department, as provided for in paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of this section, shall be administered and handled in the same manner as the funds are handled under the provisions of subsection (3) of ORS 604.320 and ORS 604.323.
[1973 c.430 §4; 1975 c.574 §3]

604.100 Cattle hide inspection by department; fee; place of performing inspection; costs of inspector. (1) A fee to be fixed by the department, of not more than 40 cents per cattle hide, shall be charged for cattle hide inspection in this state. Such fee shall be paid by the person at whose instance the cattle hide inspection is made. All fees collected under this section shall be appropriated and handled as provided in subsection (2) of ORS 604.400.

(2) Upon request of the owner or person in charge, the department may perform cattle hide inspection at such place as may be designated by the person requesting same. In all such cases, the department may, as a condition of performing such inspection, require the payment of the reasonable cost of the time and travel of the brand inspector to and from the brand inspector's official station.
[1973 c.430 §5]

604.105 Custom slaughterers required to identify cattle hides. No custom slaughtering establishment shall fail to identify each cattle hide and the person from whom such hide was obtained.
[1973 c 430 §6, 1975 c.574 §4]

RECORDING OF BRANDS

604.110 Recording brands with department; furnishing copies of brands. (1) The department shall record livestock brands.

(2) The department, upon request, shall furnish to the county sheriffs of the respective counties a copy of all brands used by stock growers and stock owners within such county.
[Amended by 1957 c.287 §2]

604.120 Adjustment of conflicting brands. The department shall adjust conflicting stock brands and make such changes thereof as may be necessary. Such changes are conclusive and such brands as the department indicates may be recalled or adjusted at any time by means of written notice from the department given to the owner of the brand.

604.130 Restrictions on use of brands and place of recording; requirements for painted brands. (1) Similar brands shall not be used by more than one person.

(2) No brand shall be recorded in this state elsewhere than in the office of the department.

(3) Painted brands must be composed of numbers, letters or symbols or a combination of numbers, letters and symbols.
[Amended by 1967 c.129 §11; 1973 c.94 §1; 1975 c.574 §5]

604.135 Prohibited use of design or mark similar to registered design or mark. After the department as authorized in ORS 604.110 to 604.230 has recorded a distinctive design or identification mark for an owner thereof and has designated and approved a position or place on an animal in which such design or identification mark can be used, no other person is authorized to use or apply a similar or identical design or identification mark in such position or place on an animal.
[1967 c 129 §8]

604.140 Recording and re-recording of brands. (1) Any person desiring to adopt any brand on any species of livestock, sheep or poultry, shall make and sign an application setting forth:

(a) A facsimile and description of the brand.

(b) Its definite location on the animal.

(c) A statement of the desire to adopt it.

(2) He shall file the application with the department, which shall record the brand, if available, and issue a certificate to the person adopting it. After the issuance of such certificate the holder thereof has exclusive right to use such brand within the state subject to the conditions prescribed by this section.

(3) Such person, upon requesting a brand be recorded, or upon requesting a brand be re-recorded, shall pay to the department for such recording or re-recording a fee to be fixed by the department not to exceed $50 to record each brand and $10 to re-record each brand, on each species of livestock, sheep or poultry on which such brand is to be used.

(4) Between September 1, 1977, and January 1, 1978, and during the same period of every second year thereafter, every owner of a recorded brand shall re-record it by paying the appropriate fee and filing with the department an application for re-recording on a form approved by the department. Upon re-recording, the holder of the brand shall have the right to continue the exclusive use of such brand. No person shall claim or own any livestock brand which is not recorded or re-recorded with the department in accordance with this section.

(5) Within 60 days after the expiration of a brand recording period, the department shall give notice of expiration to the existing brand holder. The notice shall be given by certified mail addressed to the brand holder at his address as shown in the department records. If an existing brand holder fails to re-record the brand within 30 days after delivery of the notice of expiration, the recorded brand shall be considered abandoned, and any other person shall be at liberty to adopt, record and use any brand so abandoned. However, no person shall be at liberty to claim or use any such abandoned brand until after it has been recorded in his own name in the manner prescribed in this section.

(6) No person has the right to record any brand of any kind on the jaw of cattle or any brand consisting of three letters or figures on the shoulders of cattle. Such letters and figures on the shoulders of cattle are reserved to the owners of livestock for the purpose of indicating age, breeding or such other information as he may desire. However, nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the use by the department of any brand authorized by law. The provisions of this section relating to the use of brands consisting of three letters or figures on the shoulder of cattle shall not be construed to affect the privilege of persons presently having such brands recorded from continuing their use. No person using such brand for identification shall use figures or letters in combination in such a way as to conflict with a three letter or

figure brand recorded with the department for the purpose of indicating ownership.
[Amended by 1957 c.287 §3; 1959 c 16 §1; 1973 c 94 §2; 1975 c 574 §6; 1977 c.175 §3]

604.145 "Three letters or figures" construed. In subsection (6) of ORS 604.140, the wording "three letters or figures" shall be construed to mean "three or more letters or three or more figures" or any combination thereof.
[1967 c 129 §7]

604.150 Certified copy of record. At any time after the recording of any brand as provided in ORS 604.140, any person may procure from the department a certified copy of the record of such brand by paying therefor the sum of $1.

604.160 Recorded brand as property; transfer of brands. (1) Any brand recorded in compliance with ORS 604.140 is the property of the person causing such record to be made. It shall be subject to sale, assignment, transfer, devise and descent as personal property.

(2) If the record holder of a brand is deceased and has not bequeathed it by will, the persons entitled to such deceased person's personal property may relinquish all their interest in such brand to any other distributee or a third person by executing an affidavit to that effect. The affidavit shall state:

(a) That the decedent was the owner and record holder of the brand.

(b) The time and place of his death.

(c) A description of the brand.

(d) The names and addresses of his surviving spouse and issue, if any.

(e) The fact of intestacy.

(f) That all the distributees who might have a claim to the brand are parties to the affidavit and that they mutually agree that the ownership of it is to be vested in a designated person.

(3) If such decedent bequeaths the privilege of using a brand to more than one person, such persons may release their interest in such brand in the same manner as in the case of intestacy.

(4) The affidavit shall be executed and filed with the department not later than 60 days from the date of issuance of the order of distribution by the probate court, relating to such classes of personal property. However, if the estate of any deceased person who is a record holder of a brand is not probated, the affidavit must be executed and filed with the department not later than six months from the death of the record holder of the brand. If the affidavits provided for by this section are not filed within the time limited in this section, the privilege of use of such brand shall terminate. No person shall claim or use a terminated brand until after it has been recorded in his own name and the recording fee has been paid as authorized by ORS 604.140.

(5) Instruments of writing evidencing the sale, assignment or transfer of such brand shall be acknowledged or witnessed by two witnesses and shall be recorded, when accompanied by an application properly filled out and signed by the new owner of such brand as provided by ORS 604.140, by the department in a book or file to be kept for that purpose, upon the payment to the department a fee of $15. The recording of such instrument and the application shall have the same force and effect as to third parties as the recording of instruments affecting real estate, and a certified copy of the record of any such instrument and the application may be introduced in evidence, the same as is provided for certified copies of instruments affecting real estate.
[Amended by 1959 c.396 §4; 1975 c 574 §7]

604.170 Publication of brand and mark book; disposition of fees. (1) The department may publish a state livestock, animal and poultry brand and mark book and supplements thereto, which may be sold at cost throughout the state.

(2) All fees paid the department as provided by ORS 604.140 and 604.150 to 604.170, shall be deposited by the department with the State Treasurer, who shall deposit them in the General Fund to the credit of the Department of Agriculture Account. All such fees are appropriated to the department to be used for carrying out the provisions of ORS 604.110, 604.130, 604.140, 604.150 to 604.190, 604.230 and the applicable provisions of this section, ORS 599.205 and ORS chapter 603.
[Amended by 1973 c.175 §14]

604.180 Brand as prima facie evidence; proof of right to use brand. (1) In all suits at law or in equity, or in any criminal proceedings, when the title or right of possession is involved, the brand of any animal shall be prima facie evidence that the animal belongs to the owner of the brand, and that such owner is entitled to possession of the animal at the time of the action, if such brand

has been recorded as provided by ORS 604.140.

(2) Proof of the right of any person to use such brand shall be made by a copy of the record, certified to by the department in accordance with ORS 604.150, or the original certificate issued to him by the department or by the former state veterinarian. Parol evidence is inadmissible to prove the ownership of a brand.

604.190 Recordation as requisite to admissibility of brand. No evidence of ownership of stock by brands shall be permitted in any court of this state unless the brand has been recorded as provided by ORS 604.140. However, in the case of goats and hogs, evidence of ownership may be considered in any suit at law or in equity, or in any criminal proceeding, as provided by ORS 604.230. On the trial of any person charged with the violation of any of the stock laws, the prosecution may prove, as tending to show conversion by the accused, that the animal was branded into a brand, or marked into a mark, claimed by the accused to be his brand or mark, although neither such brand or mark is recorded.
[Amended by 1973 c.94 §3]

604.200 [Repealed by 1977 c.175 §9]

604.210 Public record of brands and marks on livestock received in stockyards. Every person who owns, operates, manages or has charge or control of any stockyard, or any yard or place through or by which horses, cattle or sheep are shipped, or are received for the purpose of placing or loading for transportation or shipment, shall make and keep a public record of all brands and marks on all horses, cattle or sheep so received at or in, or shipped by or through, such stockyard, or other yard or place. Such record shall also include the names of the persons from whom any such horses, cattle or sheep were received. The record shall, during business hours, be open to inspection or examination by any person desiring to inspect or examine it. However, this section does not apply to any stock unloaded out of cars for the purpose of feeding.
[Amended by 1973 c 94 §4]

604.220 Use of unrecorded brand. No person shall use or cause to be used, any brand upon a horse, gelding, mare, mule, ass, jenny, foal, bull, steer, cow, heifer, calf or sheep without first having the brand recorded in the office of the department, and permission granted for its use.
[Amended by 1973 c.94 §5]

604.230 Use of earmarks, wool and tattoo marks. The owners of animals other than goats or hogs in this state may use earmarks and they shall be taken in evidence in connection with the owner's recorded brand in all suits at law or in equity, or in any criminal proceedings, when the title to such property is involved, or proper to be proved. Owners of goats or hogs may also use earmarks. However, in no case shall the person using such earmarks cut off more than one-half the ear so marked, nor cut the ear on both sides to a point. In the case of goats or hogs, the earmarks, as well as the paint, wool or tattoo brand thereon, shall be considered in evidence in all suits at law or in equity, or in any criminal proceeding, when the title to such property is involved, or proper to be proved, whether or not the brand has been recorded under ORS 604.140.
[Amended by 1973 c 94 §6]

BRAND INSPECTION CERTIFICATE; TRANSPORTATION OF LIVESTOCK

604.310 Certificates required for transportation of livestock. (1) (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this subsection, livestock transported from any point in the state to or through any point outside of the state, regardless of final destination, must be inspected before leaving the state and must be accompanied by a brand inspection certificate or a memorandum brand inspection certificate.

(b) Livestock transported from an auction yard licensed pursuant to ORS 599.235 to any point outside of the state may, in lieu of the certificates mentioned in paragraph (a) of this subsection, be accompanied by an invoice issued by the auction yard operator which contains the livestock identification information obtained from brand inspection of the livestock at the auction yard.

(2) Livestock transported from a place within this state to a range outside this state and returned to a place within the state after movement therefrom shall be inspected as to brands before removal from the state.

(3) (a) Livestock transported, the destination of which is any stockyard, livestock auction market or market agency within the

state, shall be accompanied by either a brand inspection certificate, a memorandum brand inspection certificate or a transportation certificate. If accompanied by a transportation certificate or a memorandum brand inspection certificate only, a brand inspection must be made and the brand inspection fee collected at the point of destination.

(b) Livestock transported from any of the places or agencies designated in this section, following brand inspection therein, destined to a point within the state or to a point outside of this state, may be so moved when accompanied by a memorandum brand inspection certificate. Other livestock may be transported from places or agencies mentioned in this section accompanied by a transportation certificate executed by the owner thereof or his authorized agent.

(4) Subject to the provisions of subsection (5) of this section, all livestock transported in any manner must be accompanied by a transportation certificate, a brand inspection certificate, a special brand inspection certificate or a memorandum brand inspection certificate, and, when the movement is accompanied by a transportation certificate and a change of ownership or right to possession occurs as an incident to or in connection with the movement, such certificate shall be accompanied by a record of transfer. Upon arrival of the livestock at a point where brand inspection is required a copy of the transportation certificate and record of transfer or the brand inspection certificate or memorandum brand inspection certificate, as the case may be, must be submitted to the brand inspector.

(5) A transportation certificate is not required for the following movements of livestock within Oregon:

(a) Movement by the owner or person in lawful possession of livestock when drifted, herded or trailed to or from pasture or range, in the regular course of ranch operation; or

(b) Movement by the owner or person in lawful possession of horses.

[Amended by 1953 c 358 §15; 1957 c.287 §4; 1961 c.267 §4; 1977 c.175 §4]

604.312 Special brand inspection certificate furnished in certain cases. (1) Any owner or person in lawful possession of livestock for showing, displaying or exhibiting them or for livestock used for handling, herding, trailing, racing, or used for rodeo work, may apply to the department for a special brand inspection certificate.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter, the department may issue such person a special brand inspection certificate or certificates covering the livestock. A fee to be fixed by the department, of not more than $5 per head, shall be charged for issuing the certificate or certificates.

(3) Upon presentation of a valid special brand inspection certificate during the period for which it is issued, no further Oregon brand inspection is necessary for livestock named therein which are being moved out of state or into this state if there has been no change of ownership since the date of issuance of the certificate. It is not the intent of this section to eliminate the requirement that such livestock must be brand inspected at places where brand inspection is otherwise required by law, such as at livestock auction markets or stockyards.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the department may issue a nontransferable brand inspection certificate to an owner of a horse. The certificate shall be valid as long as there is no change of ownership of the horse. Information on the certificate shall include the date of issuance, the name of the horse owner and the identifying characteristics of the horse such as brands, breed, sex and color. The department shall charge and collect a fee of $20 for the issuance of each certificate. If the owner of a horse possesses a valid certificate issued pursuant to this subsection, no other proof of ownership of the horse shall be required at any time or place when brand inspection of the horse is required by law.

[1961 c.267 §9; 1975 c.574 §8; 1977 c 175 §5]

604.315 Out-of-state certificates or documents in lieu of Oregon papers; inspection fees. (1) The department may accept brand inspection certificates or similar documents from other states in lieu of Oregon brand inspection certificates, memorandum brand inspection certificates or further brand inspection of livestock moved or transported into Oregon through an auction market or stockyard in Oregon which has been posted by the Federal Government, providing:

(a) The state from which the livestock originates has a brand inspector stationed at such posted auction market or stockyard; and

(b) The brand inspection services and procedures of such other state meet the minimum procedures and standards of the laws of Oregon and have been approved by the department; and

(c) The Federal Government has approved and authorized such other state to provide brand inspection services in the posted auction market or stockyard located in Oregon.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to mean that brand inspection fees shall be collected by the department on livestock being moved or transported into Oregon, unless such authority is otherwise provided by this chapter.

(3) Notwithstanding ORS 604.310 the department may accept and recognize brand inspection and brand inspection certificates of other states, in lieu of Oregon brand inspection and brand inspection certificates, on livestock transported from a place within this state to an auction market situated outside of this state, providing:

(a) The out-of-state auction market has official brand inspection services available;

(b) The out-of-state auction market is situated within 100 miles of the borders of the State of Oregon;

(c) The official brand inspection services available are at least equivalent to the brand inspection services of the department;

(d) There exists a cooperative or reciprocal agreement between the department and the out-of-state brand inspection agency concerning such services and fees therefor; and

(e) The owner or person in possession who transports the livestock gives assurance, in the manner prescribed by the department, that the livestock will be transported to the out-of-state auction market directly and without interruption.

[1959 c.396 §3; 1977 c.175 §6]

604.320 Submitting proof of ownership or right to possession of livestock subject to brand inspection; seizure and sale of livestock upon failure to do so. (1) Any person in possession of livestock shall, whenever such livestock become subject to brand inspection as required by ORS 604.310 to 604.550, submit proof of his ownership or right to possession of them.

(2) Before issuing a brand inspection certificate the brand inspector shall satisfy himself that the person in possession is the owner of the livestock or has a right to its possession. When the person in possession of livestock fails to furnish proof of ownership or right to possession, the brand inspector may, in addition to refusing to issue a brand inspection certificate, either:

(a) Seize, hold, unload for inspection or otherwise impound or prevent the movement of such livestock; or

(b) Permit the sale of the livestock and impound the proceeds of such sale.

(3) Whenever the proceeds from the sale of livestock are impounded, all of such proceeds remaining after payment of the costs of sale and related charges shall be transmitted to the department and shall be held in a suspense account in the Department of Agriculture Account in the State Treasury for three years; provided that any person holding proceeds of sale impounded by the department may retain them in his possession for a period not to exceed 30 days from the date of impounding after which time the proceeds shall immediately be transmitted to the department. These proceeds shall not be subject to tithing or in any other manner treated as moneys of the department during such period.

[Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; 1973 c.11 §1]

604.322 [1953 c.358 §15; 1961 c 425 §12; repealed by 1967 c.129 §12 (604.323 enacted in lieu of 604.322)]

604.323 Payment of proceeds from sale of impounded livestock to owner; settling adverse claims to proceeds; disposition of proceeds if no satisfactory claim. (1) All proceeds of sale impounded as provided in ORS 604.320 shall be subject to claim and proof of ownership thereof during a period not to exceed 60 days from the date of impounding. If a person claiming ownership of the proceeds of sale in the custody of the department provides satisfactory evidence of ownership of the proceeds and as of such time no other persons have presented adverse claims to the department, the proceeds shall be paid to him. If more than one person, each claiming adversely to the other, makes claim to proceeds of sale impounded by the department during the 60 days and the proceeds have not been paid out as authorized by this subsection, the right, if any, of such persons as to the proceeds shall be determined as provided in this section.

(2) Upon notice that several persons claim the right to receive the proceeds, the department shall give notice to the adverse claimants and to other persons the department believes may be interested or concerned therein. The notice to each claimant shall be forwarded in duplicate with one copy being forwarded by certified mail and one copy by regular mail. In its notice the department shall establish a final date which shall not be less than 30 days after the mailing date thereof, on or before which all persons de-

scribed in this subsection may file or personally present evidence or testimony to the department as to their reasons or claim to the proceeds. The department through its livestock police officers, personnel or other persons shall investigate the claims of all such persons and other matters relating thereto.

(3) Within 15 days from the final date provided in subsection (2) of this section, the department shall give written notice to persons who have filed claims, one copy forwarded by certified mail and one copy by regular mail, as to the department's opinion and determination as to which, if any, of the claimants or other persons who should be paid all or a part of the impounded proceeds. If the department in its review of all evidence and testimony believes that justice would be best served and the intent and purpose of the brand law more reasonably and fairly carried out in a particular situation, it may determine that a part of such impounded proceeds shall be paid to more than one claimant.

(4) The determination by the department shall become final unless any of the persons who have filed claims shall, within 30 days after the date the determination and opinion is mailed by the department, file a suit in equity against the department. The department shall not pay out any of the impounded proceeds until after the 30-day period has expired and if suit is filed the department shall continue to hold the proceeds pending final order of the court.

(5) At the expiration of the three-year holding period, if the department has not been able to dispose of the impounded proceeds as authorized by this section, the proceeds shall be transferred to and may be expended by the department in carrying out and enforcing this chapter.
[1967 c.129 §13 (enacted in lieu of 604.322); 1973 c.11 §2]

604.324 Method of proof of ownership of livestock or right to proceeds of sale. (1) Proof of ownership of livestock or of entitlement to the proceeds of sale of livestock may be, except as otherwise required or modified in this section, by any means which tend to logically and credibly establish ownership, or in situations involving the right to possession such means as logically and credibly tend to establish such right.

(2) In all cases where livestock subject to brand inspection bear a brand currently recorded in the office of the department as provided in ORS 604.110 to 604.130, 604.140 and 604.150 to 604.220, full weight shall be accorded such brand consistently with the provisions of ORS 604.180. In cases, however, where livestock bear a brand not recorded with the department as required by ORS 604.110 to 604.130, 604.140 and 604.150 to 604.220, the disputable presumption of ownership arising from either possession, common reputation or the exercise of acts of ownership shall prevail as against a person claiming solely by or under an unrecorded brand. When livestock bear a brand recorded to a person other than the person in possession, such livestock or the proceeds of sale may be held at least until the person in possession furnishes the department a release executed by the owner of the recorded brand or a record of transfer tracing title to the owner of the recorded brand.

(3) Whenever the brand inspector in the course of his duties has doubts as to the ownership of livestock and it becomes necessary for the person in possession to furnish additional proof of ownership, such proof may be made by appropriate record of transfer, bills of sale, affidavit or other means suitable to the circumstances of the situation.
[1953 c 358 §15]

604.330 Taking up transportation certificates; disposition. Brand inspectors, at the time of inspecting livestock as to brands, shall take up transportation certificates accompanying such livestock. Such certificates shall be filed with the department where the originals or copies thereof shall be available for use by the department and peace officers for a period of at least three years.
[Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; 1961 c.267 §5]

604.340 Carrier to receive proper certificate before transporting livestock; delivery of certificate to consignee. (1) No common carrier, contract carrier or private carrier shall transport any livestock without receiving from the person in possession of such livestock a brand inspection certificate, memorandum brand inspection certificate or transportation certificate, as the case may be. Such certificates shall be retained by the carrier and accompany the livestock to their destination and be delivered to the consignee. Each carrier shall be entitled to receive and retain one copy of each transportation certificate, brand inspection certificate or memorandum brand inspection certificate or record of transfer, as the case may be.

(2) A carrier who violates the provisions of this section shall, in addition to any criminal liability which may accrue against him or it, be liable for any damage to another person

thereby injured, in the amount of such damage, costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
[Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; 1967 c.129 §14]

604.350 [Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; repealed by 1967 c.129 §15; (604.355 enacted in lieu of 604 350)]

604.355 Impounding and disposing of livestock believed not owned by possessor. (1) Any livestock, part or hide thereof may be inspected at any time or place by police or peace officers, livestock police officers, brand inspectors or other authorized personnel of the department. If such person finds from such inspection:

(a) That any brand inspection certificate, memorandum brand inspection certificate or transportation certificate accompanying such livestock and purporting to describe and authorize the movement of such livestock is false or erroneous in any material respect; or

(b) That such livestock or any of them, or any part or hide thereof, is not owned by the person in possession, whether accompanied by a brand inspection certificate, memorandum brand inspection certificate or transportation certificate or not, such officer may seize, embargo or otherwise impound such livestock, part or hide until satisfactory proof of ownership or the right to possession is established. In addition to such action the livestock police officers, brand inspectors or authorized department personnel may take such other action as may be authorized by law.

(2) Whenever a livestock police officer, brand inspector or other authorized personnel of the department seizes, embargoes or impounds an animal or any part thereof, the department may:

(a) Hold, handle, dispose of or sell the animal or part thereof as authorized or provided in ORS 607.308 and 607.321 to 607.339, or

(b) Hold, handle, dispose of or sell the animal or part thereof under a plan or system which may be established by the department after public hearing under ORS chapter 183. This may include authority for the department from funds collected under this chapter to pay for the holding of an animal under seizure at any place deemed necessary pending final investigation thereof. And for repayment to the department by the person in possession or the lawful owner thereof, or for sale at public auction if costs are not paid. Purchasers at such sale shall have valid title thereto, or

(c) Allow the animal to be moved and held by a person, under seizure and not to be moved therefrom without prior approval of the department. The animal shall only be released or disposed of as approved or ordered by the department.

(3) Every livestock police officer, brand inspector or other authorized representative upon seizing or impounding pursuant to this section any livestock, part or hide in the possession of any common carrier, contract carrier, private carrier or person, shall issue to such carrier or person a certificate of seizure in a form to be prescribed by the department. Such certificate shall operate to relieve the carrier or person from liability to the owner or shipper of such livestock, part or hide or to the consignee thereof for loss or damage resulting from such seizure or impounding.
[1967 c.129 §16 (enacted in lieu of 604 350)]

604.360 Brand inspection before sale or slaughter of livestock; exemptions. (1) Subject to subsection (4) of this section, no packer or person operating a slaughterhouse shall slaughter or permit the slaughter of any livestock at such an establishment until such livestock has been inspected by a brand inspector of this state and a brand inspection certificate issued.

(2) No person operating any stockyard, livestock auction market or market agency shall sell or offer for sale any livestock in or through such establishment until such livestock has been inspected by a brand inspector of this state and a brand inspection certificate issued therefor. Whenever any livestock is offered for sale at such place and not sold, the identical animals may be offered for sale at the same stockyard, livestock auction market or market agency within eight days of the original date such livestock was offered for sale without being required to pay a second brand inspection fee upon presentation of the prior brand inspection certificate. In any such instance the unsold livestock must be presented for brand inspection without animals having been taken from or other animals having been added to such lot or group of livestock and must be retained on the premises where first offered for sale until again offered for sale within the time limited.

(3) Each of the persons indicated in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall keep or cause to be kept a copy of all brand inspection certificates, including memorandum brand inspection certificates, of livestock for a period of one year next succeeding the date of issuance thereof and shall make such certificate

available for inspection by representatives of the department.

(4) No brand inspection shall be required at a custom slaughtering establishment if the owner of cattle to be slaughtered by such custom slaughtering establishment executes and delivers to the operator of such establishment a certificate, on a form prescribed by the department, certifying that such person is the owner of the cattle and describing the cattle by breed characteristics and brands or marks.
[Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; 1973 c.430 §2; 1975 c.574 §9]

604.370 Permitting inspection. No person shall refuse to permit inspection of any livestock, part or hide, while in transit or thereafter, by a brand inspector or police officer. No person shall refuse to permit his livestock to be sheared or to have any other action taken to make the brands visible.
[Amended by 1959 c.396 §6]

604.380 Making or uttering false representation. No person shall knowingly make or utter any false certificate, affidavit or record of transfer or make or induce any false inspection, or certify to any material fact required by ORS 604.310 to 604.430 to be set forth in any of such writings or documents knowing it to be untrue.
[Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; 1973 c.11 §3]

604.390 Brand inspection fee; payment of travel expenses for inspections not made at official station. (1) A fee to be fixed by the department, of not more than 40 cents per head, except for horses which shall be not more than $2 per head, shall be charged for brand inspection in this state. Such fee shall be paid by the person at whose instance the brand inspection is made.

(2) Upon request of the owner or person in charge, the department may perform brand inspection of livestock at such place as may be designated by the person requesting same. In all such cases the department may as a condition of performing such inspection require the payment of the reasonable cost of the time and travel to and from the brand inspector's official station.
[Amended by 1953 c.358 §15; 1971 c.773 §6; 1975 c.574 §10; 1977 c.175 §7]

604.395 Exemption from brand inspection fee. (1) Notwithstanding ORS 604.310 to 604.550, no brand inspection fee shall be collected by the department at a livestock auction market or stockyard on any animal where the sale price, or the value of the animal if sale is not involved, is not more than $10. The determination by the department as to the sale price, or the value or other factors which result in noncollection of the brand inspection fee, shall be conclusive and final.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section do not apply to animals going to or being sold for slaughter or being exported or shipped out of the state.
[1957 c.287 §5; 1963 c.357 §1; 1971 c.773 §7; 1973 c.151 §2]

604.400 Collection and disposition of brand inspection fee. (1) The operators of all stockyards, slaughterhouses, packing plants and livestock auction markets are responsible for the collection of brand inspection fees at such places, respectively, except when brand inspection certificates accompany the livestock to such places. They shall promptly pay over and deliver to the brand inspector making inspection at such places all brand inspection fees collected by them.

(2) All fees paid the department as provided in ORS 604.390, shall be deposited by the department with the State Treasurer, who shall deposit them in the General Fund to the credit of the Department of Agriculture Account. Such fees are continuously appropriated to the department for the purpose of administering and enforcing ORS 604.012 to 604.550.
[Amended by 1973 c.295 §1]

604.410 Refunding of inspection fees. (1) Should the identical livestock transported to or through a point outside of the state as provided in subsection (1) of ORS 604.310 be returned to the state without unloading en route, and in continuation of the same shipment or movement, and if no change of ownership has occurred or is involved, and if such movement constitutes a normal ranch operation of the owner of such livestock, such owner is entitled to a refund of the brand inspection fees paid by him in connection with such movement. In order to obtain the refund the owner shall make claim for it to the director within 90 days from the inception of such movement, on a form of affidavit to be provided by the department. Upon receipt of such affidavit and claim, the director shall make the refund to which the claimant is entitled. Payment shall be made from the Brand Inspection Account.

(2) If livestock described in subsection (2) of ORS 604.310 is returned to a place within the state within eight months from date of origin of movement from this state or if cattle

transported from a place within this state to a recognized livestock show, fair or exhibit outside this state are thereafter directly returned from such show, fair or exhibit to a place within this state, the owner or person in lawful possession may apply to the department for a refund of one-half of the fee for such brand inspection. Application for such refund shall be made to the department, on forms supplied by the department, within 90 days after the return of such livestock to the state. It shall be accompanied by certificates of brand inspection issued upon removal of such livestock from this state and certificates of brand inspection, if any, issued by any other state, authorizing the return of the livestock to this state. In addition, the applicant for refund shall attach his affidavit declaring that the animals described in the Oregon brand certificate, as to which a refund is requested, were moved to such other state and returned to Oregon on respective dates stated, and are the identical animals described in the brand certificate issued by such other state. Upon proof so established the director shall make the refund to which the claimant is entitled, making payment from the Brand Inspection Account.

[Amended by 1961 c 267 §6; 1977 c 175 §8; 1977 c 214 §9]

604.420 Collecting fees in stockyards under federal jurisdiction. The department shall apply to the United States Secretary of Agriculture for authorization to charge and collect fees in stockyards subject to the jurisdiction of such secretary, for the inspection of brands and other identifying characteristics of livestock. The department shall also register as the market agency of the state for such purpose and do all other things necessary or advisable, in conformance with 7 U.S.C.A. §217a for the protection of livestock and the prevention of livestock theft.

[Amended by 1957 c 287 §6]

604.425 Reciprocal agreements with other states; authority with respect to livestock entering Oregon. The director shall have authority to enter into reciprocal agreements with other states in the prevention of livestock theft. When the laws of such states require an official brand certificate for interstate shipment of livestock, livestock from such states that enter Oregon without official brand certificates may be declared estrays and handled in the same manner as Oregon estrays. The director or his authorized agent shall have authority to hold animals or hold proceeds from the sale of said estrays and transmit proceeds to the proper state authority of the state of origin. Notwithstanding all other laws to the contrary and where not in conflict with the law or regulations of the Federal Government, for the protection of livestock and the livestock industry of this state and the prevention of livestock theft, livestock entering Oregon may be subjected to brand inspection and animals without proper brand inspection certificates may be treated as estrays.

[1957 c 287 §12]

604.430 Issuance and disposition of certificate forms. (1) The department shall issue brand inspection certificate forms and memorandum brand inspection certificate forms, and provide for the disposition thereof, as may be required for compliance with the provisions of ORS 604.012 and 604.310 to 604.550 and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

(2) The department shall provide transportation certificate forms, the use of which is authorized under the provisions of ORS 604.310. Such forms may be sold by the department at cost and the proceeds used to reimburse the department for expenses incurred in connection therewith.

[1953 c 358 §13, 1963 c 66 §1]

604.440 Establishment of brand inspection system for intrastate cattle movements; scope of system. (1) In order to carry out the intent and purposes of this chapter to reduce theft of cattle and the possibilities of conflicting claims of ownership thereof, the department is authorized to establish, maintain and enforce a system of brand inspection at such times and such places as an intrastate, regional movement of cattle takes place within this state. The department is also authorized to establish, maintain and enforce a system of brand inspection at such times and such places as a change of ownership takes place. Such system may include:

(a) That such brand inspection may be in addition to or may be in lieu of other brand inspections required or allowed by ORS chapter 604, and the circumstances or conditions under which the alternative shall be allowed.

(b) The times and places such brand inspection shall take place in relation to the time of movement or location change or change of ownership.

(c) The establishment of a brand inspection fee as provided for in subsection (1) of ORS 604.390, and the person responsible for payment of the fee.

(d) The type of certificate, as defined in ORS 604.032, to be issued upon such brand inspection, and the persons responsible for the retention or presentation of the certificate.

(e) Establishment of geographic, regional or political areas within the state in which such brand inspection would be required. Said areas shall not be more than 12.

(f) The circumstances and conditions under which any exemption from or modification of the requirements of such a system may be allowed, particularly as these exemptions or modifications may be determined feasible in relation to the movement or sale of minimum numbers of livestock.

(2) The system authorized by this section shall be established only after public hearings and in accordance with the provisions of ORS 183.310 to 183.500.

(3) In establishing a system authorized by this section, the department shall take into consideration the following:

(a) The customs, practices and theft or ownership problems of the cattle industry in this state, geographic, regional or political areas therein and in other states.

(b) The desirability as determined by a majority of persons so affected within any geographic, regional or political area when such brand inspection is required.

(c) The laws and regulations of the United States and of other states.

(d) The volume of cattle movement or location within this state, or within geographic, or regional, or political areas therein.

(e) The economic feasibility in carrying out any such system.
[1973 c.190 §2]

604.450 [1973 c.190 §3; repealed by 1977 c.214 §10]

604.460 Transactions in violation of brand inspection system prohibited. No person shall purchase, sell, move, change location, transport or handle cattle in violation of ORS 604.440 to 604.460 or regulations thereunder.
[1973 c.190 §6]

Note: 604.460 was enacted into law by the Legislative Assembly but was not added to or made a part of ORS chapter 604 or any series therein by legislative action. See the Preface to Oregon Revised Statutes for further explanation.

PERSONS ADMINISTERING BRANDING LAWS; JURISDICTION OF COURTS

604.510 [Repealed by 1977 c 214 §10]

604.520 [Amended by 1957 c.287 §7; 1967 c.208 §6, repealed by 1977 c.214 §10]

604.530 [Repealed by 1957 c 287 §8 (604.531 enacted in lieu of 604.530)]

604.531 Appointment, qualifications and compensation of brand inspectors. (1) The department shall appoint brand inspectors to carry out and enforce the provisions of law listed in ORS 604.540.

(2) In making appointments under subsection (1) of this section, the department may appoint as brand inspectors persons in the unclassified service of state merit system who possess the necessary experience, knowledge and qualifications and pay them on any reasonable and fair basis. However, at any time the average monthly compensation received by such a person during a six-month period equals or exceeds the minimum wage or starting step of the pay range or schedule established for brand inspectors by the Public Employe Relations Board, then the person and the position are subject to classified merit system. If such person in the opinion of the department has satisfactorily carried out his duties as a brand inspector. he shall be given regular merit system status and shall be entitled to be hired by the department upon successfully passing a noncompetitive examination for this classification.

(3) In making appointments under subsection (1) of this section, the department may appoint as brand inspectors persons subject to classified merit system. At any time in any area where the work load decreases or other facts or conditions require only the part-time services of a person in a classified position, the department may declare the position to be unclassified.

(4) The department may require brand inspectors, as principal, to execute a bond payable to the state, with a surety company authorized to do business within the state as surety, conditioned that such brand inspector shall faithfully perform his duties prescribed by law.
[1957 c 287 §9 (enacted in lieu of 604.530); 1961 c.267 §7]

604.535 Appointment of employes of other governmental agencies as brand inspectors. (1) "Agency," as used in this section, means state, county or city government.

(2) The department, by written agreement with an agency or its employe, may appoint as a brand inspector a person employed by an agency, including but not limited to peace officers, police officers, sheriffs, town marshals and their deputies.

(3) Whenever any employe of an agency, with the approval of the department, is engaged in carrying out and enforcing any of the provisions of this chapter, or regulations promulgated thereunder, as authorized by this section:

(a) The duties, responsibilities and authority provided by this chapter are in addition to and not in lieu of the duties, responsibilities and authority already held by the employing agency or the employe thereof. The provisions of this chapter shall be considered in pari materia with the law under which such agency or its employe is authorized to act in its official capacity.

(b) The employe shall carry out and enforce the provisions of this chapter under the direction and control of his agency.

(c) The employe shall have the power and authority of a brand inspector and the same power and authority as employes of the department engaged in a similar capacity or type of work.

(d) The employe shall comply with the provisions of this chapter and the instructions or regulations promulgated by the department.

(4) The agency or its employe may be reimbursed by the department for the services performed by the employe, on any basis that is fair and reasonable. The agency or its employe is authorized to receive such payment. If payment is made to the agency, it is hereby authorized to expend the money in carrying out and enforcing the provisions of this chapter or the provisions of a law, ordinance or order under which it otherwise acts in its official capacity.

(5) Notwithstanding other laws to the contrary, the department without hearing may revoke the appointment of a brand inspector appointed pursuant to the provisions of this section.

(6) Any agency or its employes, with the approval of the department, are authorized to and are responsible for the collection of brand inspection fees. Such fees shall be promptly paid to the department.

[1959 c.396 §7]

604.540 General powers and duties of brand inspectors and police officers. (1) In carrying out ORS 133.460, 133.465, 142.070, 164.045, 164.055, 164.095, 164.245, 167.850, and ORS chapters 596, 599, 600, 601, 603, 604, 605, 607 and 619, all brand inspectors have the powers of peace officers to make arrests, stop the movement of livestock, parts or hides, impound the proceeds from the sale thereof, serve and execute warrants of arrest, warrants of search and seizure and take such other steps, including the use of emergency vehicles and other equipment, as may be deemed necessary or proper in accomplishing the enforcement of such sections.

(2) All brand inspectors and police officers shall note and investigate the movement of livestock, parts or hides for the purpose of preventing theft thereof.

[Amended by 1957 c 287 §11; 1971 c.743 §400; 1973 c 295 §2; 1975 c.304 §7]

604.542 Livestock police officers, powers and duties. Livestock police officers of the department who in addition to other duties may supervise brand inspectors, shall be furnished identification badges, uniforms, emergency vehicles and other equipment they must use in their duties. They shall enforce and carry out the provisions of this chapter, the statutes named therein, laws relating to animals and livestock, or other laws under the jurisdiction of the department at the times and in the manner and method as shall be approved by the director.

[1967 c.129 §10]

604.545 Department's powers regarding use and recording of brands; review of decision. (1) Before a terminated brand provided for in subsection (4) of ORS 604.160 is recorded in the name of a new owner, the department may investigate all matters relating to the brand, including but not limited to the time and date of death of the owner, the names and locations of persons entitled to the deceased person's personal property, the reason for failure to file affidavits as required by ORS 604.160, the past and present use of the brand, as well as the ownership and number of animals on which the brand appears.

(2) If it appears that an affidavit can be filed within a time to be established by the department in the manner provided for in ORS 604.160 or there are other reasonable facts as to why the brand should be recorded in the name of some person or persons who were entitled to the deceased person's personal property or the brand should be vested in a

person designated by them as authorized by ORS 604.160, the department in its discretion may authorize and shall record the brand in the name of such person rather than in the name of a new applicant or person.

(3) The decision of the department as to the recording and use of any brand shall be final unless an appeal is taken to the Circuit Court of Marion County, Oregon, within 60 days after the date of a recording of such brand. The decision of the department shall not be changed or set aside unless there is conclusive proof to the court sitting without a jury that the decision of the department is unreasonable, capricious or arbitrary.
[1959 c.396 §5]

604.550 Jurisdiction of courts. Justice courts, district courts and circuit courts have concurrent jurisdiction of violations of ORS 604.070 and 604.310 to 604.430.

FEEDLOTS

604.610 "Licensed feedlot" defined. As used in ORS 604.620 to 604.670, "licensed feedlot" means a beef cattle feedlot, licensed by the department, that has more than 500 head of cattle being fed for slaughter at one time during a calendar year.
[1975 c.162 §2]

604.620 License; privileges; application; fee; expiration. (1) No person shall be entitled to utilize the brand inspection and inventory procedures prescribed in ORS 604.630 to 604.650 and 604.670 without first obtaining and maintaining a license as a licensed feedlot.

(2) An application for a license or renewal thereof shall be made to the department on forms prescribed by the department, and shall be accompanied by the annual license fee of $100. The license is personal and nontransferable. A new license is required at any time there is a change in ownership, legal entity or establishment location. All such licenses shall expire on January 1, next succeeding the date of issuance.

(3) In accordance with the provisions of ORS chapter 183, the department may suspend, revoke or refuse to issue or renew a license to any applicant or licensee whose establishment construction or methods of operation do not comply with the requirements established by the department.
[1975 c.162 §3]

604.630 Inventory; record; audit. At the time a license is issued, the department and the licensee shall jointly make and record a physical inventory of all cattle in the feedlot of the licensee. Thereafter, such inventory record shall be maintained by the licensee and shall be subject to review or audit by the department at any time during the normal business hours of the licensee at least once a month for the purpose of reconciling the same with the records of the department.
[1975 c.162 §5]

604.640 Inspection of cattle; addition to inventory; fee. All cattle received at the licensed feedlot shall be consigned to special holding pens and held therein until inspected and released to the general feedlot area by the department's brand inspector. The department's inspector shall review and verify all documents of title, transportation certificates, brand inspection certificates, memorandum brand inspection certificates, or record of transfer relating to such cattle, and if such documents are in order shall add such cattle to the department's inventory records of the licensee. The department shall not charge for such inspections unless a transportation certificate is subject to review and verification. In this event, the department shall charge the brand inspection fee established under ORS 604.390.
[1975 c 162 §6]

604.650 Inventory upon removal; fee; prohibited acts. (1) All cattle, including salvage animals, dead animals, other sale animals and fed cattle being sent to slaughter, removed from the licensed feedlot shall be inventoried by the department's brand inspector and the number thereof deducted from the department's inventory records of the licensee. The department shall thereafter issue its brand inspection certificate, or other appropriate document evidencing brand inspection, listing thereon only the number and general description of the cattle removed from the licensed feedlot. The department shall charge the brand inspection fee established under ORS 604.390 for such inventory and inspection.

(2) Upon completion of the inventory and inspection of the cattle being removed from the licensed feedlot, no person shall add, remove or substitute for any animal in the lot of cattle subjected to such inventory and inspection.
[1975 c 162 §7]

604.660 Separation of cattle at slaughterhouse. Cattle delivered from a licensed feedlot directly to a slaughterhouse licensed under the provisions of ORS 603.025 shall be kept separate and apart from cattle at such slaughterhouse that are required to be brand inspected prior to slaughter.
[1975 c.162 §8]

604.670 Rules by department. The department, under the provisions of ORS chapter 183 may promulgate such rules as are necessary to administer and enforce the provisions of ORS 604.610 to 604.670, including but not limited to:

(1) The time and manner of maintaining inventory records; and

(2) Controls and minimum standards of construction and methods of operation by licensees.
[1975 c.162 §4]

PENALTIES

604.990 [Subsection (6) of 1963 Replacement Part enacted as 1961 c.267 §10; subsection (7) of 1963 Replacement Part enacted as 1961 c.462 §7 and amended by 1963 c.87 §4; repealed by 1967 c.129 §19]

604.992 Penalties. Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter is a misdemeanor.
[1967 c 129 §18]

CERTIFICATE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

Pursuant to ORS 173.170, I, Thomas G. Clifford, Legislative Counsel, do hereby certify that I have compared each section printed in this chapter with the original section in the enrolled bill, and that the sections in this chapter are correct copies of the enrolled sections, with the exception of the changes in form permitted by ORS 173.160 and other changes specifically authorized by law

Done at Salem, Oregon,
October 1, 1977.

Thomas G. Clifford
Legislative Counsel