

Chapter 227

1975 REPLACEMENT PART

City Planning and Zoning

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CITY PLANNING COMMISSION

227.010 Definitions for ORS 227.010 to 227.180. As used in ORS 227.030 to 227.310, "council" means a representative legislative body.
[Amended by 1975 c.767 s.1]

227.020 Authority to create planning commission. (1) A city may create a planning commission for the city and provide for its organization and operations.

(2) This section shall be liberally construed and shall include the authority to create a joint planning commission and to utilize an intergovernmental agency for planning as authorized by ORS 190.003 to 190.110.

[Amended by 1973 c.739 s.1; 1975 c.767 s.2]

227.030 Membership. (1) Not more than two members of a city planning commission may be city officers, who shall serve as ex officio nonvoting members.

(2) A member of such a commission may be removed by the appointing authority, after hearing, for misconduct or nonperformance of duty.

(3) Any vacancy in such a commission shall be filled by the appointing authority for the unexpired term of the predecessor in the office.

(4) No more than two voting members of the commission may engage principally in the buying, selling or developing of real estate for profit as individuals, or be members of any partnership, or officers or employes of any corporation, that engages principally in the buying, selling or developing of real estate for profit. No more than two members shall be engaged in the same kind of occupation, business, trade or profession.

[Amended by 1969 c.430 s.1; 1973 c.739 s.2; 1975 c.767 s.3]

227.035 Planning commission member conflict of interest activities. A member of a planning commission shall not participate in any commission proceeding or action in which any of the following has a direct or substantial financial interest: The member or his spouse, brother, sister, child, parent, father-in-law, mother-in-law, any business in which he is then serving or has served within the previous two years, or any business with which he is negotiating for or has an arrangement or understanding concerning prospective partnership or employ-

ment. Any actual or potential interest shall be disclosed at the meeting of the commission where the action is being taken.
[1973 c.739 s.5]

227.040[Repealed by 1973 c.739 s.13]

227.050 [Amended by 1969 c.430 s.2; repealed by 1975 c.767 s.16]

227.060[Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.16]

227.070 [Amended by 1969 c.430 s.3; 1973 c.739 s.3; repealed by 1975 c.767 s.16]

227.080[Repealed by 1973 c.739 s.13]

227.090 Powers and duties of commission. Except as otherwise provided by the city council, a city planning commission may:

(1) Recommend and make suggestions to the council and to other public authorities concerning the laying out, widening, extending and locating of public thoroughfares, parking of vehicles, relief of traffic congestion, betterment of housing and sanitation conditions, and establishment of districts for limiting the use, height, area, bulk and other characteristics of buildings and structures related to land development.

(2) Recommend to the council and other public authorities plans for regulating the future growth, development and beautification of the city in respect to its public and private buildings and works, streets, parks, grounds and vacant lots, and plans consistent with future growth and development of the city in order to secure to the city and its inhabitants sanitation, proper service of public utilities, including appropriate public incentives for overall energy conservation and harbor, shipping and transportation facilities.

(3) Recommend to the council and other public authorities plans for promotion, development and regulation of industrial and economic needs of the community in respect to industrial pursuits.

(4) Advertise the industrial advantages and opportunities of the city and availability of real estate within the city for industrial settlement.

(5) Encourage industrial settlement within the city.

(6) Make economic surveys of present and potential industrial needs of the city.

(7) Study needs of local industries with a view to strengthening and developing them and stabilizing employment conditions.

(8) Do and perform all other acts and things necessary or proper to carry out the provisions of ORS 227.010 to 227.180.

(9) Study and propose such measures as are advisable for promotion of the public interest, health, morals, safety, comfort, convenience and welfare of the city and of the area within six miles thereof.

[Amended by 1975 c.153 s.3; 1975 c.767 s.4]

227.095 Definitions for ORS 227.100 and 227.110. As used in ORS 227.100 and 227.110, "subdivision" and "plat" have the meanings given those terms in ORS 92.010.

[1955 c.756 s.28]

227.100 Submission of plats for subdivisions and plans for street alterations and public buildings to commission; report. All subdivision plats located within the city limits, and all plans or plats for vacating or laying out, widening, extending, parking and locating streets or plans for public buildings shall first be submitted to the commission by the city engineer or other proper municipal officer, and a report thereon from the commission secured in writing before approval is given by the proper municipal official.

[Amended by 1955 c.756 s.26]

227.110 City approval required prior to recording of subdivision plats and plats or deeds dedicating land to public use within six miles of city. (1) All subdivision plats and all plats or deeds dedicating land to public use in that portion of a county within six miles outside the limits of any city shall first be submitted to the city planning commission or, if no such commission exists, to the city engineer of the city and approved by the commission or engineer before they shall be recorded.

(2) It shall be unlawful to receive or record such plan, plat or replat or deed in any public office unless the same bears thereon the approval, by indorsement, of such commission or city engineer. However, the indorsement of the commission or city engineer of the city with boundaries nearest the land such document affects shall satisfy the requirements of this section in case the boundaries of more than one city are within six miles of the property so mapped or described. If the governing bodies of such cities mutually agree upon a boundary line establishing the limits of the jurisdiction of the cities other than the line equidistant between the cities and file the agreement with the recording officer of the county containing such boundary line, the boundary line mutually agreed upon shall become the limit of the jurisdiction of each city until

superseded by a new agreement between the cities or until one of the cities files with such recording officer a written notification stating that the agreement shall no longer apply.

[Amended by 1955 c.756 s.27]

227.120 Procedure and approval for renaming streets. Within six miles of the limits of any city, the commission, if there is one, or if no such commission legally exists, then the city engineer, shall recommend to the city council the renaming of any existing street, highway or road, other than a county road or state highway, if in the judgment of the commission, or if no such commission legally exists, then in the judgment of the city engineer, such renaming is in the best interest of the city and the six mile area. Upon receiving such recommendation the council shall afford persons particularly interested, and the general public, an opportunity to be heard, at a time and place to be specified in a notice of hearing published in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality and the six mile area not less than once within the week prior to the week within which the hearing is to be held. After such opportunity for hearing has been afforded, the city council by ordinance shall rename the street or highway in accordance with the recommendation or by resolution shall reject the recommendation. A certified copy of each such ordinance shall be filed for record with the county clerk or recorder, and a like copy shall be filed with the county assessor and county surveyor. The county surveyor shall enter the new names of such streets and roads in red ink on any filed plat and tracing thereof which may be affected, together with appropriate notations concerning the same.

227.130 [Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.16]

227.140 [Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.16]

227.150[Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.16]

PLANNING AND ZONING HEARINGS AND REVIEW

227.160 Definitions for ORS 227.160 to 227.180. As used in ORS 227.160 to 227.180:

(1) "Hearings officer" means a planning and zoning hearings officer appointed or designated by a city council under ORS 227.165.

(2) "Permit" means discretionary approv-

al of a proposed development of land, under ORS 227.215 or city legislation or regulation. [1973 c.739 s.6; 1975 c.767 s.5]

227.165 Planning and zoning hearings officers; duties and powers. A city may appoint one or more planning and zoning hearings officers, to serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority. Such an officer shall conduct hearings on applications for such classes of permits and zone changes as the council designates. [1973 c.739 s.7; 1975 c.767 s.6]

227.170 Hearing procedure. The city council shall prescribe one or more procedures for the conduct of hearings on permits and zone changes. [1973 c.739 s.8; 1975 c.767 s.7]

227.175 Application for permits; hearing requirements; criteria for approving permits. (1) When required or authorized by a city, an owner of land may apply in writing to the hearings officer, or such other person as the city council designates, for a permit or zone change, upon such forms and in such a manner as the city council prescribes.

(2) The hearings officer shall hold at least one public hearing on the application and within 60 days after receiving it deny or approve it. However, at the option of either the city or the applicant, the proceeding on the application may be extended for a reasonable period of time, as determined by the hearings officer.

(3) The application shall not be approved unless the proposed development of land would be in compliance with the comprehensive plan for the city. The approval may include such conditions as are authorized by ORS 227.215 or any city legislation.

(4) Hearings under this section may be held only after notice to the applicant and other interested persons. [1973 c.739 ss.9,10; 1975 c.767 s.8]

227.180 Review of action on permit application. (1) A party aggrieved by the action of a hearings officer may appeal the action to the planning commission or council of the city, or both, however the council prescribes. The appellate authority on its own motion may review the action. The procedure for such an appeal or review shall be prescribed by the council, but shall include a hearing at least for argument. Upon appeal or review the appellate authority shall consider the record of the hearings officer's

action. That record need not set forth evidence verbatim.

(2) A party aggrieved by the final determination in a proceeding for a discretionary permit or zone change may have the determination reviewed under ORS 34.010 to 34.100. [1973 c.739 ss.11,12; 1975 c.767 s.9]

DEVELOPMENT ORDINANCES

227.210[Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.16]

227.215 "Development" defined; regulation of development. (1) As used in this section, "development" means a building or mining operation, making a material change in the use or appearance of a structure or land, dividing land into two or more parcels, including partitions and subdivisions as provided in ORS 92.010 to 92.285, and creating or terminating a right of access.

(2) A city may plan and otherwise encourage and regulate the development of land. A city may adopt an ordinance requiring that whatever land development is undertaken in the city comply with the requirements of the ordinance and be undertaken only in compliance with the terms of a development permit.

(3) A development ordinance may provide for:

(a) Development for which a permit is granted as of right on compliance with the terms of the ordinance;

(b) Development for which a permit is granted discretionarily in accordance with criteria prescribed in the development ordinance;

(c) Development which need not be under a development permit but shall comply with the ordinance; and

(d) Development which is exempt from the ordinance.

(4) The ordinance may divide the city into districts and apply to all or part of the city.

[1975 c.767 s.11 (enacted in lieu of 227.220 to 227.270)]

227.220[Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.10 (227.215 enacted in lieu of 227.220)]

227.230 [Amended by 1971 c.739 s.2; 1975 c.153 s.4; repealed by 1975 c.767 s.10 (227.215 enacted in lieu of 227.230)]

227.240[Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.10 (227.215 enacted in lieu of 227.240)]

227.250[Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.10 (227.215 enacted in lieu of 227.250)]

227.260[Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.10 (227.215 enacted in lieu of 227.260)]

227.270(Repealed by 1975 c.767 s.10 (227.215 enacted in lieu of 227.270))

227.280 Enforcement of development legislation. The council may provide for enforcement of any legislation established under ORS 227.210 to 227.270.
[Amended by 1975 c.767 s.14]

227.285[1959 c.601 s.1; repealed by 1969 c.460 s.2 (227.286 enacted in lieu of 227.285)]

227.286 City ordinances applicable to public property. City ordinances regulating the location, construction, maintenance, repair, alteration, use and occupancy of land and buildings and other structures shall apply to publicly owned property, except as the ordinances prescribe to the contrary.
[1969 c.460 s.3 (enacted in lieu of 227.285); 1975 c.767 s.12]

227.290 Building setback lines established by city council. The council or other governing body of any incorporated city, under an exercise of its police powers, may establish or alter building setback lines on private property adjacent to any alley, street, avenue, boulevard, highway or other public way in such city. It may make it unlawful and provide a penalty for erecting after said establishment any building or structure closer to the street line than such setback line, except as may be expressly provided by ordinance. The council or body shall pass and put into effect such ordinances as may be needed for the purpose of providing for a notice to and hearing of persons owning property affected before establishing any such setback line. Such setback lines may be

established without requiring a cutting off or removal of buildings existing at the time. The powers given in this section shall be so exercised as to preserve constitutional rights.

227.300 Use of eminent domain power to establish setback lines. The council or other governing body of any incorporated city, under an exercise of the power of eminent domain, may establish or alter building setback lines on private property adjacent to any alley, street, avenue, boulevard, highway, or other public way in such city in cases where the establishment of such setback lines is for street widening purposes, and in cases where the establishment of such setback lines affects buildings or structures existing at the time. The council or other governing body of the city shall pass and put into effect such ordinances as may be needed for the purpose of providing for a notice to and hearing of persons whose property is affected by such establishment. In case of the exercise of the power of eminent domain, provision shall be made for ascertaining and paying just compensation for any damages caused as the result of establishing such setback lines.

227.310 Zoning regulations inapplicable to area outside city remain inapplicable when area included within city until applied. City zoning regulations originally inapplicable to any area not within a city shall, upon inclusion of the area in the city, continue so inapplicable until applied by the city.
[1957 c.67 s.1; 1975 c.767 s.13]

CERTIFICATE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

Pursuant to ORS 173.170, I, Thomas G. Clifford, Legislative Counsel, do hereby certify that I have compared each section printed in this chapter with the original section in the enrolled bill, and that the sections in this chapter are correct copies of the enrolled sections, with the exception of the changes in form permitted by ORS 173.160 and other changes specifically authorized by law.
Done at Salem, Oregon,
October 1, 1975.

Thomas G. Clifford
Legislative Counsel

CHAPTERS 228 TO 235

[Reserved for expansion]