

# Chapter 169

## 1975 REPLACEMENT PART

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## **DEFINITIONS**

**169.005 Definitions.** As used in ORS 169.005 to 169.680, unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Local correctional facility" means a jail or prison for the reception and confinement of inmates that is provided, maintained and operated by a county or city.

(2) "Lockup" means a facility for the temporary detention of arrested persons or inmates.

[1973 c.740 s.1]

## **LOCAL CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES**

**169.010 Authority to erect local correctional facilities.** The county court or board of county commissioners in each county of this state may, whenever it deems proper, erect a county local correctional facility for the reception and confinement of prisoners and criminals.

[Amended by 1963 c.236 s.1; 1973 c.740 s.8]

**169.020 Letting of construction contract for local correctional facilities.** Whenever the county court or board of county commissioners decides to erect a local correctional facility as authorized by ORS 169.010, it may either receive sealed proposals for the performance of the whole or any part of the work, or for furnishing materials, or may sell the same at public auction to the lowest bidder. Before the court or board enters into any such contract, it shall give notice by advertisement published in some newspaper of general circulation in the county for at least three weeks in succession, or by putting up advertisements in five public places within the county, three weeks before the time for letting the contract. The advertisements shall state the day that the court or board will attend at the court house in the county for the purpose of receiving proposals or selling at public auction, and entering into such contract. The contractor shall enter into bond, payable to the State of Oregon for the use of the county, with such securities and in such sum as the court shall approve, conditioned for the faithful performance of the contract agreeably to the stipulations thereof.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.9]

**169.030 Construction, maintenance and use of local correctional facilities by county and city; renting suitable structure.** Every county and city in this state shall provide, keep and maintain within or without the county or city, as the case may be, a local correctional facility for the reception and confinement of prisoners committed thereto. The local correctional facility shall be constructed of fireproof materials and should have fire exits in sufficient number and suitably located for the removal of prisoners. Any county, or incorporated city may rent or lease any structure answering the requirements of this section, either in connection with or separately from any other county or city building. Any county and any incorporated city may, by agreement, provide, maintain, and use for their separate requirements, such a local correctional facility as is required by this section.

[Amended by 1963 c.236 s.2; 1973 c.740 s.10]

**169.040 Inspection of local correctional facilities.** (1) The county court or board of county commissioners of each county is inspector of the local correctional facilities of the county therein. The court or board shall visit them at least once in each regular term, and shall examine fully into the local correctional facility, health, cleanliness, and discipline. If it appears to the court or board that any provisions of law have been violated or neglected, it shall forthwith give notice of the violation or neglect to the district attorney of the district.

(2) The county health officer or his representative is authorized to conduct health and sanitation inspections of local correctional facilities on a semiannual basis. If the county health officer determines that the facility is in an insanitary condition or unfit for habitation for health reasons, the officer is authorized to notify the appropriate local governmental agency in writing of the required health and sanitation conditions or practices necessary to insure the health and sanitation of the facility. If the local governmental agency does not comply with the required health and sanitation conditions or practices within an appropriate length of time, the county health officer may recommend the suspension of the operation of the local correctional facility to the county board of health. If after a hearing the county board of health finds that the local correctional facility is in an insanitary or unhealthful condition, it may suspend the

operation of the facility until such time as it complies with the recommended health and sanitation conditions and practices.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.11]

**169.050 Contracts for boarding of prisoners.** The county court or board of county commissioners of each county in this state, not having more than 300,000 inhabitants, shall advertise for bids for boarding of prisoners confined in the county local correctional facilities of the county, and may award the contract for boarding them to the lowest responsible bidder. If any responsible bidder, other than the sheriff, receives the contract from the county for the boarding of prisoners, such bidder shall receive compensation for boarding such prisoners rather than the sheriff, and the sheriff shall afford to such bidder all facilities for carrying out the county's contract for boarding prisoners.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.12]

**169.060 Advertising for boarding contract; bond required.** The advertisements mentioned in ORS 169.050 shall be published for at least four weeks in one or more newspapers published in the county, prior to the opening of such bids. The court or board shall determine the time for letting a boarding contract, and may require a bond from the person receiving the contract, in such sum and with such sureties and conditions as it deems necessary to secure the contract fulfillment.

**169.070 Coordination of state services by Corrections Division; inspections to determine compliance with standards.** The Corrections Division shall provide and coordinate state services to local governments with respect to local correctional facilities. The Administrator of the Corrections Division shall designate staff to provide technical assistance to local governmental agencies in the planning and operation of local correctional facilities and advice on provisions of state law applicable to these facilities. The staff may inspect local correctional facilities to insure compliance with the standards established in ORS 169.075.

[1973 c.740 s.2]

**169.075 Standards for local correctional facilities.** Each local correctional facility shall:

(1) Maintain 24-hour supervision when persons are confined; such supervision may include the use of electronic monitoring equipment when approved by the Corrections

Division and the governing body of the area in which the facility is located.

(2) Make a personal inspection of each person confined at least each hour.

(3) Have a female supervisor present when a female prisoner requires a search or at any time during confinement that a female prisoner's cell needs to be entered.

(4) Prohibit firearms from the security area of the facility except in times of emergency as determined by the administrator of the local correctional facility.

(5) Serve three meals a day to the prisoners at reasonable intervals and within the local correctional facility.

(6) Not administer any physical punishment to any prisoner at any time.

(7) Forward, without examination or censorship, each prisoner's written communications with the Governor, jail administrator, Attorney General, judge or his own attorney.

(8) Provide rules and regulations of the facility governing correspondence, visiting privileges and disciplinary rules and regulations governing his behavior to each prisoner.

(9) Keep the facility safe and secure in accordance with Uniform Building Code of the International Conference of Builders.

(10) Formulate and publish plans to meet emergencies involving escape, riots, assaults, fires, rebellions and other types of emergencies; and policies and regulations for the operation of the facility.

[1973 c.740 s.3]

**169.080 Effect of failure to comply with local correctional facility standards.**

If the condition or treatment of prisoners in the local correctional facility is not in accordance with the standards established in ORS 169.075, the staff of the Corrections Division may notify in writing the appropriate local governmental agency of the standards which are not being met and specific recommendations for the agency to comply with the standards. If corrective measures are not taken by the local governmental agency to insure compliance with all standards within a reasonable length of time jointly agreed upon by the agency and the Corrections Division, the division may request the Attorney General to initiate appropriate legal action to insure compliance with the standards.

[1973 c. 740 s.4]

**169.085 Submission of construction or renovation plans to Corrections**

**Division; recommendations by Corrections Division.** All plans of new construction or major renovation of local correctional facilities shall be submitted to the Corrections Division for review and advisory recommendations to assist local governmental agencies to provide a safe and secure facility. The recommendations of the Corrections Division shall be advisory and not binding upon the local governmental agency with the exception of those standards established in ORS 169.075. The Corrections Division must notify the respective local governmental agency 45 days after submission of the plans of its recommendations on the proposed construction or major renovation of the local correctional facility.  
[1973 c.740 s.5]

**169.090 Manual of guidelines for local correctional facility operation.** The Administrator of the Corrections Division shall publish and distribute a manual of recommended guidelines for the operation of local correctional facilities and lockups as developed by a jail standards committee appointed by the administrator. This manual shall be revised when appropriate with consultation and advice of the Oregon Sheriffs Association, the Oregon Association of Chiefs of Police, Association of Oregon Counties, the League of Oregon Cities and other appropriate groups and agencies and will be redistributed upon the approval of the Director of the Department of Human Resources and the Governor.  
[1973 c.740 s.6]

## TREATMENT OF PRISONERS

**169.110 Time credit for good behavior.** Each prisoner convicted of any offense against the laws of this state, who is confined, in execution of the judgment or sentence upon any such conviction, including confinement imposed as a condition of probation pursuant to ORS 137.540, in any county local correctional facility in this state for a definite term, whose record of conduct shows that he has faithfully observed all the rules of the facility, shall be entitled, in the discretion of the sheriff or other officer having custody of such prisoner, to a deduction from the term of his sentence to be estimated as follows, commencing on the first day of his arrival at the facility to serve his sentence:

(1) Upon a sentence of not less than 10 nor more than 30 days, one day for each 10 days.

(2) Upon a sentence of more than 30 days but not more than 90 days, three days for each month.

(3) Upon a sentence of more than 90 days but not more than six months, four days for each month.

(4) Upon a sentence of more than six months but not more than nine months, five days for each month.

(5) Upon a sentence of more than nine months, six days for each month.  
[Amended by 1965 c.346 s.3; 1971 c.196 s.1; 1973 c.740 s.13]

**169.115 Temporary leave.** (1) Any inmate serving a sentence in a county jail may be eligible for temporary leave for a period not to exceed 10 days for the purpose of visiting a seriously ill relative, attending the funeral of a relative, or obtaining medical services not otherwise available.

(2) All requests for temporary leave must be presented to the sheriff for examination. Exemptions shall be restricted to those inmates who are considered a possible threat to society, or those who pose a risk of not returning at the termination of such leave.

(3) Upon determining that circumstances are suitable for an inmate to be granted temporary leave, the sheriff may grant leave to the inmate and fix the duration and conditions of the leave.

(4) In adopting rules governing temporary leave, the sheriff shall consult with the Corrections Division in an effort to establish state-wide uniform rules governing temporary leave for county jail inmates.  
[1973 c.499 s.1]

**169.120 Credit for work.** In addition to the allowances provided for in ORS 169.110, all prisoners in a county local correctional facility who are engaged in any work either inside or outside the facility are entitled to an allowance of credits in time and compensation for such work. The allowances shall not be inconsistent with ORS 169.170 to 169.210. The credits provided by this section shall not be in excess of 10 days for each calendar month and shall be set by the county court, board of county commissioners or local correctional facility supervisor. However, in the case of a sentence of not less than 10 nor more than 30 days the credits provided by this section are one day of credit for each 10 days of sentence.  
[Amended by 1967 c.284 s.1; 1971 c.196 s.2; 1973 c.740 s.14]

**169.130**[Amended by 1959 c.533 s.1; repealed by 1971 c.743 s.432]

**169.140 Furnishing prisoners food and clothing.** The keeper of each local correctional facility shall furnish and keep clean the necessary bedding and clothing for all prisoners in his custody, and shall supply them with wholesome food, fuel and necessary medical aid.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.15]

**169.150 Payment of expenses of keeping prisoners.** The charges and expenses for safekeeping and maintaining all persons duly committed to the local correctional facility of the county for trial, sentenced to imprisonment in the county local correctional facility, or committed for the nonpayment of any fine or for any contempt, shall, unless otherwise provided by law, be paid out of the treasury of the county. The account of the keeper shall be first allowed by the county court or board of county commissioners of the county from which the prisoner was committed.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.16]

**169.160**[Repealed by 1971 c.743 s.432]

**169.170 Assignment of county prisoners to public works.** All convicts sentenced by any court or legal authority, whether in default of the payment of a fine, or committed for a definite number of days to serve sentence in a county local correctional facility, during the period of such sentence, for the purposes of ORS 169.120 and 169.170 to 169.210, are under the exclusive and absolute control of the county court or board of county commissioners of the county in which the crime was committed for which the convict was sentenced. The court or board has full power to place such convicts under the control of any road supervisor or other person appointed to take charge of them, and to cause them to work upon the public roads of the county, or such other work of a public nature as said court or board may direct. All such convicts shall be delivered to the supervisor or other person appointed to take charge of them, upon the written request of the court or board. The sheriff shall obtain a receipt from the person to whom such convicts are delivered for each of the convicts, and thereupon the sheriff's liability ceases. The county court may at any time return any convict, taken under the provisions of this section, to the sheriff, who shall thereupon take charge of the convict. The court or board is authorized and directed to provide rules and regulations in regard to the employment of said

convicts not inconsistent with ORS 169.170 to 169.210.

[Amended by 1959 c.530 s.7; 1973 c.740 s.17]

**169.180 Assignment of city prisoners to public works.** All convicts sentenced by any court or legal authority in any city, whether in default of the payment of a fine or committed for a definite number of days to serve sentence in any local correctional facility, during the period of the sentence shall, with the consent of the proper city authorities and for the purposes of ORS 169.120 and 169.170 to 169.210, be under the absolute and exclusive control of the county court or board of county commissioners of the county in which said city is located. Such city convicts shall be delivered to the county court by any officer having custody thereof in the same manner as county prisoners, and may be returned to the officer from whom they are received in the same manner, and shall be subject to the same rules and regulations as provided in ORS 169.170 for county prisoners.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.18]

**169.190 Transfer of prisoners to another county for public work.** Any county court or board of county commissioners may transfer to the county court or board of county commissioners of any other county any of the convicts committed to its control, under ORS 169.170 or 169.180. The court or board to which such convicts are so transferred has the same power and authority respecting such convicts as if they had been sentenced to serve in that county. The transfer of convicts from one county to another shall be made upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon by the county courts or boards concerned in the transfer.

**169.200**[Repealed by 1973 c.740 s.28]

**169.210 Contracts for private employment of prisoners; agencies having power to work prisoners.** (1) Except for work release programs, no county or city shall enter into any agreement or contract with any private person, firm or corporation for the employment of any convict.

(2) If any board or tribunal is created which has charge and management of the public roads of the county, such board or tribunal shall have the same power and authority as is conferred upon the county court or board of county commissioners by ORS 169.120 and 169.170 to 169.210.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.19]

**169.220 Care of county prisoners.** All persons lawfully confined in a county local correctional facility, or as prisoners engaged in work under the custody and jurisdiction of a county, shall be fed and maintained at actual cost to the county. All persons confined in a county local correctional facility shall be given three meals per day. An accurate account of each meal furnished to others than inmates of local correctional facilities, together with the names of the recipients thereof, whether facility employes or otherwise, shall be kept and reported by the sheriff each month to the county court or board of county commissioners. The county court or board of county commissioners shall furnish the sheriff with adequate equipment and supplies for carrying out the provisions of this section. The sheriff has authority to employ such assistance therefor as may be necessary. All supplies and equipment needed to feed and maintain such persons as provided in this section shall be purchased by the county court or board of county commissioners upon requisitions duly verified and presented by the sheriff to the county court or board of county commissioners. All supplies so purchased shall be paid for by warrant drawn upon the general fund of the county, upon presentation of vouchers containing itemized statements of all supplies so furnished, duly verified by the sheriff and by the person selling the same, each of whom shall certify that the supplies were actually furnished and received in the quantities represented and were of good quality, and that the price charged therefor was reasonable and just.

[Amended by 1957 c.698 s.1; 1973 c.740 s.20]

### SHERIFF'S DUTIES AND LIABILITIES

169.310 [Repealed by 1957 c.698 s.2]

**169.320 Sheriff's control over prisoners.** Except as otherwise provided in ORS 169.170 to 169.210, each county sheriff shall have custody and control of all persons legally committed or confined in the county local correctional facility of his county during the period of such commitment or confinement; and under the direction of the county court or board of county commissioners of his county, he shall work such prisoners in the county local correctional facility as are held to labor under existing law. The work shall be at such places and such time and in such manner as the court or board may direct. The sheriff may retain and put

to work such number of such prisoners as may be required to perform necessary services in and about the facility and in the care thereof.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.21]

**169.330 Civil liability of sheriff for release of prisoner.** When a prisoner has been committed to the county local correctional facility to be held until he has paid a sum of money to a private party, or a fine or penalty to the state, and is permitted to depart the facility without legal order or process, the private party or the state may recover in a civil action against the sheriff, the damages sustained by reason of the prisoner's departure.

[Amended by 1961 c.649 s.8; 1973 c.740 s.22]

**169.340 Liability of sheriff for escape of defendant in a civil action.** (1) A sheriff who suffers the escape of a prisoner, arrested or in a local correctional facility, without the consent or connivance of the party on whose behalf the arrest or imprisonment was made, is liable to an action by such party, as follows:

(a) When the arrest is upon an order of arrest in a civil action, suit or proceeding; when the presence of the defendant at the return of the summons is necessary to enable the plaintiff to proceed therein, and the defendant does not appear at the time and place specified in the summons.

(b) When the arrest or imprisonment is upon an order of arrest in any other civil action, suit or proceeding, or upon a surrender in exoneration of the sheriff or of bail, and the defendant is not found upon an execution against his person issued to the proper county on a judgment or decree in such action, suit, or proceeding.

(c) When the arrest is on an execution or commitment to enforce the payment of money, and the party interested is not recaptured or surrendered into custody at the expiration of the time limited for the service thereof, or legally discharged therefrom.

(d) When a person is imprisoned on an execution or commitment to enforce the payment of money, and he escapes after the time limited for the service, and is not recaptured or surrendered before an action is commenced for the escape.

(2) The measure of damages in an action brought under subsection (1) of this section, is as follows:

(a) For the escape mentioned in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of this section, the actual damages sustained.

(b) In any other case, the amount expressed in the execution or commitment.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.23]

**169.350 Sheriff's liability for failing to serve papers.** When a sheriff or his officer, upon whom is served a paper in a judicial proceeding directed to a prisoner in his custody, fails to forthwith deliver it to the prisoner, with a note thereon of the time of its service, the sheriff is liable to the prisoner for all damages occasioned thereby, and if he wilfully fails to so act, such sheriff or officer is guilty of a misdemeanor.

**169.360 Appointment of keeper of local correctional facility by sheriff.** The sheriff may appoint a keeper of the county local correctional facility, to be denominated the jailer, for whose acts as such he is responsible. The appointment shall be in writing, and the sheriff shall file a certified copy thereof in the office of the county clerk.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.24]

**169.370**[Repealed by 1961 c.22 s.1]

**169.380 Report of Clackamas and Multnomah County sheriffs respecting prisoners.** The sheriffs of Clackamas County and Multnomah County shall, on the first day of each month, make a duly verified report to the county auditor of the number of prisoners confined in the county local correctional facility for the preceding month, and the number of days each of the prisoners was so confined.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.25]

**169.510**[Repealed by 1963 c.547 s.11]

**169.520**[Amended by 1959 c.687 s.4; repealed by 1963 c.547 s.11]

## FEDERAL PRISONERS

**169.530 Sheriff's duty to receive federal prisoners.** The sheriff shall receive and keep in the county local correctional facility every prisoner who is committed thereto under civil or criminal process issued by a court of the United States, until he is discharged according to the laws thereof, as if he had been committed under process issued by the authority of this state. He shall receive all sums payable by the United States for the use of the facility, and remit such sums to the county treasurer not later than the first day of the month succeeding their receipt. A sheriff or jailer to whose custody such prisoner is committed is an-

swerable for his safekeeping in the courts of the United States, according to the laws thereof.

[Amended by 1973 c.740 s.26]

**169.540 Liability for expenses of keeping federal prisoners.** The United States shall pay for the support and keeping of prisoners committed by virtue of legal process issued by or under its authority, the same charges and allowance provided for the support or keeping of prisoners committed under the laws of this state.

## REGIONAL FACILITIES

**169.610 Policy.** It is the policy of the Legislative Assembly to encourage better rehabilitative care to misdemeanants by encouraging the establishment of regional correctional facilities that can effectively provide a program that not only includes better custodial facilities than can be provided by cities or counties individually, but also that can provide work release, educational and other types of leave, and parole supervision by the Corrections Division.

[1971 c.636 s.1]

**169.620 "Regional correctional facility" defined.** As used in ORS 169.610 to 169.680, "regional correctional facility" means a correctional facility used primarily to house misdemeanor prisoners, prisoners convicted of violation of municipal ordinances and persons having pre-trial or post-trial status.

[1971 c.636 s.2]

**169.630 Joint operation of facilities; operation by Corrections Division.** (1) Two or more counties or, two or more cities, or any combination of them, may by agreement entered into pursuant to ORS chapter 190, operate a regional correctional facility.

(2) Pursuant to agreement with two or more counties or two or more cities, or a combination of them, the Corrections Division may operate a regional correctional facility.

[1971 c.636 s.3]

**169.640 Status of facility for custody of misdemeanants and violators.** (1) For purposes of sentencing and custody of a misdemeanor, a regional correctional facility shall be considered a county local correctional facility.

(2) For purposes of sentencing or custody of a person for violating a city ordinance,

the regional correctional facility shall be considered a city local correctional facility.  
[1971 c.636 s.4; 1973 c.740 s.27]

**169.650 Status of facility operated by Corrections Division.** A regional correctional facility operated under agreement by the Corrections Division is not a state institution but it may be located in the same buildings as are used for a branch facility authorized by ORS 421.805.  
[1971 c.636 s.7]

**169.660 Status of persons confined in facility operated by Corrections Division.** Persons confined in a regional correctional facility operated by the Corrections Division shall be considered to be in the custody of the division and shall be subject to such rules and regulations as the division may prescribe.  
[1971 c.636 s.5]

**169.670 Transfer of persons to facility operated by Corrections Division; costs; return; exception.** Whenever the governing body of a county or city transfers a misdemeanor or violator or a person with pre-trial or post-trial status to a regional correctional facility operated by the Corrections Division, the county or city shall pay the cost of transportation to and from the facility and other expenses incidental thereto, including the expenses of law enforcement officers accompanying him. The Corrections Division shall cause at the expense of the county or city, each misdemeanor, violator or person with pre-trial or post-trial status transferred to its custody under ORS 169.660 to be returned upon request of the governing body of the county or city. However, such return is not required when the release is pursuant to work release or parole where other arrangements have been made for his placement.  
[1971 c.636 s.6]

**169.680 Reimbursement by state for expenses incurred by city or county in operating facility.** (1) Subject to the availability of funds therefor, expenditures incurred by a county or city for a regional correctional facility, whether operated by the county, city or under agreement with the Corrections Division, may be subject to reimbursement by the state in accordance with the provisions of this section and the regulations of the Corrections Division.

(2) Upon the approval of a county or city plan for a regional correctional facility,

whether to be operated directly or by agreement with the Corrections Division, the Corrections Division may enter into a matching fund relationship with the county or city to finance the regional correctional facility. In all cases the matching formula shall be no greater than 50 percent state funds to 50 percent local funds.

(3) Subject to appropriation therefor, there may be paid to each county or city on account of expenditures subject to reimbursement, 50 percent of the net amount expended from county or city funds. Any moneys received by the county or city except state grants or federal funds, shall be considered a portion of the county or city's contribution for the purpose of determining the net amount of funds expended.

(4) When certified by the Administrator of the Corrections Division, claims for state reimbursement shall be paid in the same manner as other claims against the state are paid.  
[1971 c.636 s.8]

## HALFWAY HOUSES

**169.690 Citizen advisory committee review of proposals to establish halfway houses or correctional facilities; written report required of agency rejecting views of advisory committee; committee members to serve without compensation.**

(1) Before the Corrections Division or any city, county or other public agency establishes any halfway house, work release center or any other domiciliary facility for persons released from any penal or correctional institution but still in the custody of the city, county or other public agency, the city, county or other public agency must designate a citizens advisory committee in the proposed affected geographic area. If there is an established citizens advisory group in the affected geographic area, it shall be designated the committee. If there is none, the local government body having jurisdiction over the affected area shall appoint a committee.

(2) The agency responsible for establishing the house, center or facility shall appoint to the citizens advisory committee persons resident of the affected geographic area and shall invite the participation of officers of local governments having jurisdiction over the area.

(3) For each proposed house, center or other facility, the agency responsible for establishing the house, center or facility

shall inform fully the citizens advisory committee of the following:

(a) The proposed location, estimated population size and use;

(b) The numbers and qualifications of resident professional staff;

(c) The proposed rules of conduct and discipline to be imposed on residents; and

(d) Such other relevant information as the agency responsible for establishing the house, center or facility considers appropriate or which the advisory committee requests.

(4) The citizens advisory committee shall advise the agency responsible for establishing the house, center or facility as to the suitability of the proposed house, center or

other facility and may suggest changes in the proposal submitted under subsection (3) of this section. The advice shall be in writing and must represent the view of the majority of the committee.

(5) If the agency responsible for establishing the house, center or facility rejects any of the advice of the citizens advisory committee, it must submit its reasons in writing to the committee.

(6) No person serving on a committee established under this section should be entitled to receive any compensation or reimbursement for service on such committee.

[1975 c.367 s.1]

#### CERTIFICATE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

Pursuant to ORS 173.170, I, Thomas G. Clifford, Legislative Counsel, do hereby certify that I have compared each section printed in this chapter with the original section in the enrolled bill, and that the sections in this chapter are correct copies of the enrolled sections, with the exception of the changes in form permitted by ORS 173.160 and other changes specifically authorized by law.  
Done at Salem, Oregon,  
October 1, 1975.

Thomas G. Clifford  
Legislative Counsel

#### CHAPTER 170

[Reserved for expansion]