

Chapter 58

Uniform Stock Transfer Act

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CROSS REFERENCES

Bank or trust company stock transfers, 706.690,
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Utility stock transfers, 757.160, 757.350

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Transfers after shareholder's death, 57.535
Transfers not binding upon savings and loan associations unless entered on its books, 722.360

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Payment of inheritance taxes before valid transfer,
118.310 to 118.340

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Manner of levying attachment, 29.170
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58.010 Modes of transfer governed by this chapter notwithstanding provisions of articles or bylaws. Title to a certificate and to the shares represented thereby can be transferred only:

(a) By delivery of the certificate indorsed either in blank or to a specified person by the person appearing by the certificate to be the owner of the share represented thereby, or

(b) By delivery of the certificate and a separate document containing a written assignment of the certificate or a power of attorney to sell, assign, or transfer the same or the shares represented thereby, signed by the person appearing by the certificate to be the owner of the shares represented thereby. Such assignment or power of attorney may be either in blank or to a specified person.

The provisions of this section shall be applicable, although the charter or articles of incorporation or code of regulations or bylaws of the corporation issuing the certificate and the certificate itself provide that the shares represented thereby shall be transferable only on the books of the corporation or shall be registered by a registrar or transferred by a transfer agent.

58.020 Powers of fiduciary or person lacking legal capacity not enlarged by this chapter. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as enlarging the powers of an infant or other person lacking full legal capacity, or of a trustee, executor or administrator, or other fiduciary, to make a valid indorsement, assignment or power of attorney.

58.030 Recognition by corporation of rights and liabilities of registered owner. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as forbidding a corporation:

(a) To recognize the exclusive right of a person registered on its books as the owner of shares to receive dividends, and to vote as such owner, or

(b) To hold liable for calls and assessments a person registered on its books as the owner of shares.

58.040 Successive transfers; rights of purchaser without notice of prior transfer. The title of a transferee of a certificate under a power of attorney or assignment not written upon the certificate, and the title of any person claiming under such transferee, shall cease and determine if, at any time prior to the surrender of the cer-

tificate to the corporation issuing it, another person, for value in good faith, and without notice of the prior transfer, shall purchase and obtain delivery of such certificate with the indorsement of the person appearing by the certificate to be the owner thereof, or shall purchase and obtain delivery of such certificate and the written assignment or power of attorney of such person, though contained in a separate document.

58.050 Delivery of certificate transfers title; exceptions. The delivery of a certificate to transfer title, in accordance with the provisions of ORS 58.010, is effectual, except as provided in ORS 58.070, though made by one having no right of possession and having no authority from the owner of the certificate or from the person purporting to transfer the title.

58.060 Indorsement, when effective, exceptions. The indorsement of a certificate by the person appearing by the certificate to be the owner of the shares represented thereby is effectual, except as provided in ORS 58.070, though the indorser or transferor:

(a) Was induced by fraud, duress or mistake, to make the indorsement or delivery; or

(b) Has revoked the delivery of the certificate, or the authority given by the indorsement or delivery of the certificate; or

(c) Has died or become legally incapacitated after the indorsement, whether before or after the delivery of the certificate; or

(d) Has received no consideration.

58.070 Reclaiming certificate and rescinding transfer. If the indorsement or delivery of a certificate:

(a) Was procured by fraud or duress, or

(b) Was made under such mistake as to make the indorsement or delivery inequitable; or

If the delivery of a certificate was made:

(c) Without authority from the owner, or

(d) After the owner's death or legal incapacity, the possession of the certificate may be reclaimed and the transfer thereof rescinded, unless:

(1) The certificate has been transferred to a purchaser for value in good faith without notice of any facts making the transfer wrongful, or

(2) The injured person has elected to

waive the injury, or has been guilty of laches in endeavoring to enforce his rights.

Any court of appropriate jurisdiction may enforce specifically such right to reclaim the possession of the certificate or to rescind the transfer thereof, and, pending litigation, may enjoin the further transfer of the certificate or impound it.

58.080 Subsequent transfer after rescission of transfer; rights of innocent purchaser. Although the transfer of a certificate or of shares represented thereby has been rescinded or set aside, nevertheless, if the transferee has possession of the certificate or of a new certificate representing part or the whole of the same shares of stock, a subsequent transfer of such certificate by the transferee, mediately or immediately, to a purchaser for value in good faith, without notice of any facts making the transfer wrongful, shall give such purchaser an indefeasible right to the certificate and the shares represented thereby.

58.090 Delivery of certificate without indorsement; obligation to indorse and enforcement of completion of transfer. The delivery of a certificate by the person appearing by the certificate to be the owner thereof without the indorsement requisite for the transfer of the certificate and the shares represented thereby, but with intent to transfer such certificate or shares shall impose an obligation, in the absence of an agreement to the contrary, upon the person so delivering, to complete the transfer by making the necessary indorsement. The transfer shall take effect as of the time when the indorsement is actually made. This obligation may be specifically enforced.

58.100 Effect of attempted transfer of title without delivery of certificate. An attempted transfer of title to a certificate or to the shares represented thereby without delivery of the certificate shall have the effect of a promise to transfer and the obligation, if any, imposed by such promise shall be determined by the law governing the formation and performance of contracts.

58.110 Warranties accompanying transfer of certificate. A person who for value transfers a certificate, including one who assigns for value a claim secured by a certificate, unless a contrary intention appears, warrants:

(a) That the certificate is genuine;

(b) That he has a legal right to transfer it; and

(c) That he has no knowledge of any fact which would impair the validity of the certificate.

In the case of an assignment of a claim secured by a certificate, the liability of the assignor upon such warranty shall not exceed the amount of the claim.

58.120 Creditor, holding certificate for security, not deemed to make warranties. A mortgagee, pledgee, or other holder for security of a certificate who in good faith demands or receives payment of the debt for which such certificate is security, whether from a party to a draft drawn for such debt, or from any other person, shall not by so doing be deemed to represent or to warrant the genuineness of such certificate, or the value of the shares represented thereby.

58.130 Attachment of or levy on shares; issuance of new certificate. No attachment or levy upon shares of stock for which a certificate is outstanding shall be valid until such certificate be actually seized by the officer making the attachment or levy, or be surrendered to the corporation which issued it, or its transfer by the holder be enjoined. Except where a certificate is lost or destroyed, such corporation shall not be compelled to issue a new certificate for the stock until the old certificate is surrendered to it.

58.140 Creditor's remedies to reach certificates of debtor. A creditor whose debtor is the owner of a certificate shall be entitled to such aid from courts of appropriate jurisdiction, by injunction and otherwise, in attaching such certificate or in satisfying the claim by means thereof as is allowed at law or in equity, in regard to property which can not readily be attached or levied upon by ordinary legal process.

58.150 Statement in certificate essential to establish lien of corporation or to restrict transfer. There shall be no lien in favor of a corporation upon the shares represented by a certificate issued by such corporation and there shall be no restriction upon the transfer of shares so represented by virtue of any bylaw of such corporation, or otherwise, unless the right of the corporation to such lien or the restriction is stated upon the certificate.

58.160 Alteration of certificate; effect on title. The alteration of a certificate, whether fraudulent or not and by whomsoever made, shall not deprive the owner of his title to the certificate and the shares originally represented thereby, and the transfer of such a certificate shall convey to the transferee a good title to such certificate and to the shares originally represented thereby.

58.170 Replacement of lost or destroyed certificate. Where a certificate has been lost or destroyed, a court of competent jurisdiction may order the issue of a new certificate therefor on service of process upon the corporation and on reasonable notice by publication, and in any other way which the court may direct, to all persons interested, and upon satisfactory proof of such loss or destruction and upon the giving of a bond with sufficient surety to be approved by the court to protect the corporation or any person injured by the issue of the new certificate from any liability or expense, which it or they may incur by reason of the original certificate remaining outstanding. The court also, in its discretion, may order the payment of the corporation's reasonable costs and counsel fees.

The issue of a new certificate under an order of the court, as provided in this section, shall not relieve the corporation from liability in damages to a person to whom the original certificate has been or shall be transferred for value without notice of the proceedings or of the issuance of the new certificate.

58.180 Certain rules of law and equity to govern cases not provided for by this chapter. In any case not provided for by this chapter, the rules of law and equity, including the law merchant, and in particular the rules relating to the law of principal and agent, executors, administrators and trustees, and to the effect of fraud, misrepresentation, duress or coercion, mistake, bankruptcy, or other invalidating cause, shall govern.

58.190 Interpretation to effectuate uniformity. This chapter shall be so interpreted and construed as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it.

58.200 Indorsement defined. A certificate is indorsed when an assignment or a

power of attorney to sell, assign or transfer the certificate or the shares represented thereby is written on the certificate and signed by the person appearing by the certificate to be the owner of the shares represented thereby, or when the signature of such person is written without more upon the back of the certificate. In any of such cases a certificate is indorsed though it has not been delivered.

58.210 Definition of "person appearing by the certificate to be the owner thereof." The person to whom a certificate was originally issued is the person appearing by the certificate to be the owner thereof, and of the shares represented thereby, until and unless he indorses the certificate to another specified person, and thereupon such other specified person is the person appearing by the certificate to be the owner thereof until and unless he also indorses the certificate to another specified person. Subsequent special indorsements may be made with like effect.

58.220 Definitions. (1) In this chapter, unless the context or subject matter otherwise requires:

"Certificate" means a certificate of stock in a corporation organized under the laws of this state or of another state whose laws are consistent with this chapter.

"Delivery" means voluntary transfer of possession from one person to another.

"Person" includes a corporation or partnership or two or more persons having a joint or common interest.

To "purchase" includes to take as mortgagee or as pledgee.

"Purchaser" includes mortgagee and pledgee.

"Shares" means a share or shares of stock in a corporation organized under the laws of this state or of another state whose laws are consistent with this chapter.

"State" includes state, territory, district and insular possession of the United States.

"Transfer" means transfer of legal title.

"Title" means legal title and does not include a merely equitable or beneficial ownership or interest.

"Value" is any consideration sufficient to support a simple contract. An antecedent or preexisting obligation, whether for money or not, constitutes value where a certificate is taken either in satisfaction thereof or as security therefor.

(2) A thing is done "in good faith" within the meaning of this chapter, when it is in fact done honestly, whether it be done negligently or not.

58.230 Applicability of chapter to certificates issued prior to June 12, 1935. The provisions of this chapter apply only to certificates issued after the taking effect of this chapter.

58.240 Chapter cited as Uniform Stock Transfer Act. This chapter may be cited as the "Uniform Stock Transfer Act."

58.250 Chapter not to affect provisions of ORS 57.535. This chapter shall not be construed to repeal or affect ORS 57.535, which section shall remain in full force and effect.