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JURISDICTION

14.010 Jurisdiction of natural person. No natural person is subject to the jurisdiction of a court of this state, unless he appear in the court, or be found within the state, or be a resident thereof, or have property therein; and in the last case only to the extent of such property at the time the jurisdiction attached. This section does not limit the power of the courts of this state to declare a marriage void, or a dissolution thereof, when the defendant is a nonresident of the state, in the cases provided for in ORS chapter 107.

14.020 Jurisdiction over corporation. No corporation is subject to the jurisdiction of a court of this state, unless it appears in the court, or has been created by or under the laws of this state, or has an agency established therein for the transaction of some portion of its business, or has an agency established therein for the purpose of soliciting some portion of its business to be transacted in this state or elsewhere, or has property in this state; and in the last case only to the extent of such property at the time the jurisdiction attached.

14.030 Jurisdiction as affected by place where cause of action or suit arises. When the court has jurisdiction of the parties, it may exercise it in respect to any cause of action or suit wherever arising, except for the specific recovery of real property situated without this state, or for an injury thereto.

VENUE

14.040 Actions and suits that are to be brought where subject is situated. Actions and suits for the following causes shall be commenced and tried in the county in which the subject of the action or suit, or some part thereof, is situated:

(1) Actions for the recovery of real property, or an estate or interest therein, or for injuries to real property;

(2) Actions for the recovery of any personal property distrained for any cause.

(3) Suits for the partition of real property;

(4) Suits for the foreclosure of a lien or mortgage upon real property;

(5) Suits for the determination of an adverse claim, estate, or interest in real

property, or the specific performance of an agreement in relation thereto.

14.050 Actions that are to be brought where cause arose. Actions for the following causes shall be commenced and tried in the county where the cause, or some part thereof, arose:

(1) For the recovery of a penalty or forfeiture imposed by statute, except that when it is imposed for an offense committed on a lake, river or other stream of water, situated in two or more counties, the action may be commenced and tried in any county bordering on such lake, river or stream, and opposite the place where the offense was committed;

(2) Against a public officer or person specially appointed to execute his duties for an act done by him in virture of his office; or against a person who, by his command, or in his aid, shall do anything touching the duties of such officer.

14.060 Venue of suits against state departments and officials. Any suit against any department, official, officer, commissioner, commission or board of the state, as such, or in virtue of such status, other than a suit for the causes enumerated in ORS 14.040, may be brought in the county wherein the cause of suit, or some part thereof, arose.

14.070 Dissolution of marriages; venue. Any suit for the dissolution of the marriage contract shall be commenced and tried in a county in this state in which one of the parties to the suit resides.

14.080 Actions and suits that are to be brought where defendant resides or is found, or where plaintiff designates. All other actions or suits shall be commenced and tried in the county in which the defendants, or one of them, reside or may be found at the commencement of the action or suit, except that an action founded on an alleged tort may be commenced either in the county where the cause of action arose or in the county where the defendants, or one of them, reside or may be found at the commencement of the action. If none of the defendants reside in this state the action or suit may be tried in any county which plaintiff may designate in his complaint.

14.090 and 14.100 [Reserved for expansion]

CHANGE OF VENUE

14.110 When place of trial may be changed. (1) The court or judge thereof may change the place of trial, on the motion of either party to an action or suit, when it appears from the affidavit of such party that the motion is not made for the purpose of delay and, either:

(a) That the action or suit has not been commenced in the proper county; or,

(b) That the judge is a party to, or directly interested in the event of the action or suit, or connected by consanguinity or affinity within the third degree, with the adverse party or those for whom he prosecutes or defends; or,

(c) That the convenience of witnesses and the parties would be promoted by such change; or,

(d) In an action, that the judge or the inhabitants of the county are so prejudiced against the party making the motion that he can not expect an impartial trial before said judge or in said county, as the case may be.

(2) When the moving party in an action is a nonresident of the county, the affidavit above required may be made by any one on his behalf.

14.120 Time of motion: to what county changed; number of changes. The motion for a change of the place of trial can not be made or allowed in any action, until after the cause is at issue on a question of fact only. If the motion is allowed, the change shall be made to the county where the action ought to have been commenced, if it is for the cause mentioned in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of ORS 14.110, and in other cases to the most convenient county where the cause alleged does not exist. Neither party shall be entitled to more than one change of the place of trial, except for causes not in existence when the first change was allowed.

14.130 Transmission of transcript of proceedings and original papers. When the place of trial has been changed, the clerk • shall forthwith transmit to the clerk of the proper court, a transcript of the proceedings in such cause, with all the original papers filed therein, having first made out and filed in his own office, authenticated copies of all such original papers.

14.140 Applicant to pay costs. The cost of a change of venue shall be paid by the applicant, and not taxed as a part of the costs of the case; and the clerk may require payment of such costs before the transcript and papers are transmitted.

14.150 When court may vacate order. If the transcript and papers are not transmitted to the clerk of the proper court within the time prescribed in the order allowing the change, and the delay is caused by the act or omission of the party procuring the change, the adverse party, on motion to the court or judge thereof, may have the order vacated, and thereafter no other change of the place of trial shall be allowed to such party.

14.160 When change of place of trial deemed complete. Upon the filing of the transcript and papers with the clerk of the court to which the cause is transferred, the change of venue shall be deemed complete, and thereafter the action shall proceed as though it had been commenced in that court.

14.170 Repayment to county of compensation of jury and bailiffs. Whenever the place of trial of any action is changed for any of the causes set forth in paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of subsection (1) of ORS 14.110, the compensation paid the jury and bailiffs in such action shall be repaid to the county wherein the action is tried by the county wherein the action was commenced.

14.180 to 14.200 [Reserved for expansion]

DISQUALIFICATION OF JUDGE

14.210 Disqualification of judicial officers for cause; application of section; waiver. (1) A judicial officer shall not act as such in a court of which he is a member in any of the following cases:

(a) When he is a party to or directly interested in the action, suit or proceeding;

(b) When he was not present and sitting as a member of the court at the hearing of a matter submitted for its decision;

(c) When he is related to any party, or to the attorney for any party, or to the partner or office associate of any such attorney, by consanguinity or affinity within the third degree;

(d) When he has been attorney in the action, suit or proceeding for any party.

(2) This section does not apply to an application to change the place of trial, or the regulation of the order of business in court. In the cases specified in paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1), the disqualification may be waived by the parties, and, except in the Supreme Court, shall be deemed to be waived, unless an application for a change of the place of trial is made as provided by statute.

14.220 Disqualification by application for change of judge; transfer of cause or calling judge; making up issues. (1) No judge of a circuit court, including such judge when sitting in a department of probate or of domestic relations or a judge hearing or trying probate or domestic relations matters or proceedings in counties in which such matters or proceedings are heard or tried by the circuit court or a judge therof, shall sit to hear or try any suit, action, matter or proceeding when an application in writing requesting a change of judge shall have been filed as provided in ORS 14.230 or 14.240.

(2) In such case the presiding judge shall transfer forthwith the cause, matter or proceeding to another department of the same court, or call in a judge from another department of the same court. If the order is not entered within five days after filing of the application, or if there is only one judge in the court in which the cause, matter or proceeding is pending, the county clerk shall without order and as a matter of course notify forthwith the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and he shall send a judge to try it; or, if the convenience of witnesses or the ends of justice will not be interfered with and the action or suit is of such a character that a change of venue may be ordered, the Chief Justice may send the case for trial to the most convenient court; provided, that the issues in the cause may, upon the written stipulation of the attorneys in the cause agreeing thereto, be made up in the district of the judge to whom the cause has been assigned.

14.230 Time for application; limit of two changes of judge. Any party to or any attorney appearing in any cause, matter or proceeding in a circuit court, including matters or proceedings in a department of probate or of domestic relations in those counties where probate or domestic relations matters or proceedings are heard or tried by the circuit court or a judge thereof, may file an application in writing requesting the change of judge at any time prior to final determination of such cause, matter or proceeding in uncontested cases, and in contested cases within 10 days after answer or objection has been filed or within 10 days after the assignment, appointment and qualification or election and assumption of office of another judge to preside over such cause. matter or proceeding; provided, that in judicial districts having a population of 100,000 or more, the application for change of judge shall be made at the time and in the manner prescribed in ORS 14.240. No party or attorney shall be permitted to make more than two such applications in any cause, matter or proceeding under ORS 14.220, 14.230 and 14.240.

14.240 Applications in counties with presiding judge. In any county where there is a presiding judge who hears motions and demurrers and assigns cases to the other departments of the circuit court for trial, the motion for change of judges to hear the motions and demurrers or to try the case may be made at any time, either before or after the assignment of the case for trial, and either before a hearing upon a motion or demurrer or the commencement of trial of the cause.

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